



Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Narrabri Coal Mine

13 February 2020

Project No: 0523817



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Signature Page

13 February 2020

Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Narrabri Coal Mine

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Independent Audit Certification Form

Independent Audit Certification Form					
Development Name	Narrabri Mine				
Development Consent No.	PA 08_0144 (Mod 6, December 2016)				
Description of Development	Narrabri Mine is an underground mine				
Development Address	10 Kurragong Creek Road, Baan Baa				
Operator	Narrabri Coal operations Pty Ltd				
Operator Address	10 Kurragong Creek Road, Baan Baa				
Independent Audit					
Title of Audit	Narrabri Coal Mine Independent Environmental Audit 2019				

I certify that I have undertaken the independent audit and prepared the contents of the attached independent audit report and to the best of my knowledge:

- The audit has been undertaken in accordance with relevant approval condition(s) and in accordance with the auditing standard AS/NZS ISO 19011:2014 and Post Approval Guidelines – Independent Audits
- The findings of the audit are reported truthfully, accurately and completely;
- I have exercised due diligence and professional judgement in conducting the audit;
- I have acted professionally, in an unbiased manner and did not allow undue influence to limit or over-ride objectivity in conducting the audit;
- I am not related to any owner or operator of the development as an employer, business partner, employee, sharing a common employer, having a contractual arrangement outside the audit, spouse, partner, sibling, parent, or child;
- I do not have any pecuniary interest in the audited development, including where there is a reasonable likelihood or expectation of financial gain or loss to me or to a person to whom I am closely related (i.e. immediate family);
- Neither I nor my employer have provided consultancy services for the audited development that were subject to this audit except as otherwise declared to the lead regulator prior to the audit; and
- I have not accepted, nor intend to accept any inducement, commission, gift or any other benefit (apart from fair payment) from any owner or operator of the development, their employees or any interested party. I have not knowingly allowed, nor intend to allow my colleagues to do so.

Note.

- a) The Independent Audit is an 'environmental audit' for the purposes of section 122B(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. Section 122E provides that a person must not include false or misleading information (or provide information for inclusion in) an audit report produced to the Minister in connection with an environmental audit if the person knows that the information is false or misleading in a material respect. The maximum penalty is, in the case of a corporation, \$1 million and for an individual, \$250,000.
- b) The Crimes Act 1900 contains other offences relating to false and misleading information: section 192G (Intention to defraud by false or misleading statement—maximum penalty 5 years imprisonment); sections 307A, 307B and 307C (False or misleading applications/information/documents—maximum penalty 2 years imprisonment or \$22,000, or both).

Signature	J. Makay
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Environmental Resources Management Australia Pty Ltd (ERM) was commissioned to perform an Independent Environmental Audit (IEA) of the Narrabri Coal Mine ('NCM') on behalf of Whitehaven Coal Limited ('WCL'). The mine is located approximately 17 km south east of Narrabri, New South Wales (NSW). The primary purpose of the audit was to satisfy the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (DPIE) Ministers' Conditions of Approval (CoA) Project Approval number PA 08_0144, which requires completion of an independent audit every three years from the date of the approval. The audit period assessed in this IEA is 1 December 2016 through 4 December 2019 (the date the site visit was completed as part of the audit).

The audit included a review of:

- DPIE, Ministers Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 (Modification 6) including Statements of Commitments;
- Mining Lease 1609;
- Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12789; and
- Implementation of Management Plans developed as part of the Ministers Conditions of Approval.

Whitehaven Coal has established the control systems generally required for the stage of development i.e. operational. All staff interviewed demonstrated an understanding of requirements and a commitment to the application of the requisite management systems and plans.

A qualitative risk assessment was also completed on the findings, consistent with AS/NZS 4360:2004 Risk management and HB 436:2004 Risk Management Guidelines Companion to AS/NZS 4360:2004 and as described in the Department of Planning & Environment publication "Independent Audit Guidelines" issued October 2015. The number of non-conformances with the statutory conditions and implementation of the management plans is summarised in *Table E1* below.

Table E.1 Summary of Audit Findings

Review	Non-compliances (NC)	Administrative non-compliance (ANC)	Observations (Obs	Observations (Obs
Statutory Instruments	6	5	-	-
Implementation of Plans	-	-	-	6

An action table addressing all findings of the audit has been developed by Whitehaven Coal and will be issued separately to this report.

1. INTRODUCTION

Environmental Resources Management Australia Pty Ltd (ERM) was commissioned to perform an Independent Environmental Audit (IEA) of the Narrabri Coal Mine (NCM), on behalf of Whitehaven Coal Limited (herein referred to as 'WCL'). The mine is located approximately 17 km south east of Narrabri, New South Wales (NSW). The primary purpose of the audit was to satisfy the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (DPIE)¹ Ministers' Conditions of Approval (CoA) Project Approval number PA 08_0144 (Modification 6), which requires completion of an independent audit every three years from the date of the approval. The audit period assessed in this IEA is 1 December 2016 through to 4 December 2019 (the date the site visit was completed as part of the audit). The audit must:

- (a) be conducted by suitably qualified, experienced and independent team of experts whose appointment has been endorsed by the Secretary;
- (b) include consultation with the relevant agencies;
- (c) assess the environmental performance of the project and assess whether it is complying with the relevant requirements of this approval and any relevant mining lease or EPL (including any strategy, plan or program required under these approvals);
- (d) review the adequacy of strategies, plans or programs required under these approvals; and, if appropriate; and
- (e) recommend measures or actions to improve the environmental performance of the project, and/or any strategy, plan or program required under these approvals.

The Proponent shall submit a copy of the audit report to the Secretary, together with its response to any recommendations contained in the audit report.

1.1 Overview of Operations and Approvals

The Narrabri Coal Mine is an underground coal mine which was originally approved by the Minister for Planning under Project Approval PA 02_0144 on 26 July 2010 to Narrabri Coal Operations Pty Ltd (NCO). PA 08_0144 MOD 6 was approved in December 2016 with an expiry date of 26 July 2031.

The Narrabri Coal Mine lies within the mining lease (ML) 1609. The Narrabri Mine is a joint venture between Narrabri Coal Pty Ltd (a company 100% owned by Whitehaven Coal Limited) (70%), Upper Horn Investments (Australia) Pty Ltd (7.5%), EDF Trading Australia Pty Limited (7.5%), J-Power Australia Pty Ltd (7.5%) and Daewoo International Narrabri Investment Pty Ltd & Kores Narrabri Pty Limited (7.5%). Narrabri Coal Operations Pty Ltd (NCO) (a wholly owned subsidiary of Whitehaven) manages the Narrabri Mine on behalf of the Narrabri Mine Joint Venture (NMJV).

The site holds Environmental Protection Licence (EPL) 12957, which was last varied on 3 December 2019.

1.1.1 Description of primary processes undertaken during the audit period

Current activities at the site include the following:

- Construction and Demolition;
- Exploration;
- Land Preparation;
- Mining Operations;
- Coal Processing and Transport;
- Maintenance Activities:

¹ Formerly the Department of Planning and Environment (DP&E).

- Waste Management;
- Water Management;
- Subsidence Management; and
- Rehabilitation.

1.1.1.1 Construction and demolition

The following construction activities were conducted during the audit period:

- Installation and completion of the second ventilation shaft;
- Installation of a new power line and substation (close to the second ventilation shaft) to replace the mains power delivery (originally via the mine access drifts);
- Development of the south-eastern long wall panels commenced.

No demolition was completed during the audit period.

1.1.1.2 Exploration

Exploration drilling was conducted during the audit period as required under the Mining Lease 1609 and Exploration Licence 6243 for coal quality, geotechnical and/or hydrogeological evaluation purposes. A detailed review of compliance with Exploration Licence 6243 conditions of approval is outside the scope of the Audit.

1.1.1.3 Land preparation

During the audit period, clearing of vegetation was conducted to facilitate surface drilling, gas drainage infrastructure and other operational works. Prior to the commencement of any clearing activities, flora and fauna pre-clearing surveys are conducted in accordance with the Landscape Management Plan. Once cleared, soil stripping and stockpiling is conducted in the cleared areas in order to facilitate gas draining infrastructure works.

1.1.1.4 Mining operations

NCO operations during the reporting period consisted of Stage 2 underground longwall mining using a longwall mining unit and continuous miners, support by shuttle cars and feeder breakers, to support ongoing development of underground roadways, ventilation overcast and belt chambers. The longwall unit has extracted LW101 to LW108 with the Stage 2 approval allowing for development and mining of LW panels 1 to 20.

Surface features include the Reject Emplacement Area (REA), access tracks, ventilation shaft and goaf gas drainage sites and associated power and water infrastructure including a Water Conditioning Plant. A longwall assembly site and mining supplies storage area is located north of the box-cut Pit Top Area.

1.1.1.5 Coal processing and transport

ROM coal is stockpiled at the surface for coal handling preparation. The coal conveyor and stacking system includes a washing circuit for larger sized coal (>16mm) and by-pass system for smaller sized coal (<16mm). Product coal is stockpiled before being loaded to rail for transport to Newcastle Port. Coarse reject material is transferred to the on-site Reject Emplacement Area.

It is noted that at the time of the audit no coal processing was being undertaken, due to a scheduled move of the longwall mining unit from LW108 to LW109.

1.1.1.6 Maintenance activities

Maintenance of plant and equipment occurs within the maintenance workshop which is utilised and managed by NCO maintenance staff. Adjacent to the workshop is a concrete washbay which is connected to an in-ground oil water separator pit. Bulk diesel storage is provided in the form of two 68,000 L self-bunded aboveground storage tanks. Drainage lines from the refuelling bay sump is connected to the washbay. Sludge waste from the washbay and refuelling bay is pumped from the oil water separator pits by a third party waste contractor on a routine basis.

1.1.1.7 Waste management

Production wastes generated at the site include mined rock (coarse reject), drill cuttings from exploration and other surface drilling activities, brine generated by the Water Conditioning Plant.

Non-production wastes generated include; general domestic waste from onsite buildings, hydrocarbons and oils generated from the maintenance workshop, wash down pad and fuel storage area, and treated sanitary wastewater. General wastes are disposed of on a routine basis by a waste contractor. The site recycles cardboards/paper and steel. Waste oil is collected by a third party waste contractor for offsite treatment and recycling. Sanitary wastewater is disposed via a self-irrigating eco-cycle septic system, which has been approved by Narrabri Shire Council.

Waste segregation was noted to be good during the audit.

1.1.1.8 Water management

Water management at NCM is undertaken in accordance with the approved Water Management Plan. Surface water is managed in a closed loop of ponds located within the rail loop, comprising a series of water storage dams used to collect, store and dispose of pumped out mine water and dirty water runoff, sediment basins, and clean / dirty surface water drains.

Licenced surface water discharge points include sediment dam 2 (SD2), sediment dam 4 (SD4), sediment dam 7 (SD7), Namoi River NR1 and Ventilation Shaft (SD8). At the time of the site tour, SD2, SD4 and SD7 did not contain any water and the Environmental Superintendent advised that no discharge offsite had occurred during the audit period.

A Water Conditioning Plant treats dewatered groundwater from the mine to a sufficient water quality for re-use in mining operations.

The dams are subject to weekly, monthly and quarterly inspections by a trained NCO employee. Annual and 5 yearly inspections are undertaken by a Dam Engineer in accordance with the Dams Safety Act.

All water used at the mine is currently sourced from licensed entitlements. NCO holds a number of water licences for water take from sources including the Namoi River, Upper Namoi Zone 5 Namoi Valley Groundwater Source, and 'Aquifer interference' from the Gunnedah-Oxley Basin MDB Groundwater Source. Pumped volumes are metered, and reported to Water NSW, and recorded in Annual Reviews.

1.1.1.9 Subsidence management

The impacts of subsidence are managed through multiple management plans as well as subsidence prediction and monitoring of subsidence effects.

1.1.1.10 Rehabilitation

Progressive rehabilitation activities have occurred during the audit period and generally comprise filling in sumps associated with drilling activities, re-spreading topsoil/subsoil over drilling/access tracks and weed management.

1.2 Audit Objectives

The primary objectives of the audit included:

- assess the environmental performance of the project and assess whether it is complying with the requirements in the CoA and any relevant EPL or Mining Lease and Water Access Licences (including any assessment, plan or program required under these approvals);
- review the adequacy of any approved strategy, plan, or program required under the abovementioned consents/approvals; and
- recommend appropriate measures or actions to improve the environmental performance of the project, and/or any assessment, plan or program required under the abovementioned approvals.

1.3 Audit Scope

The scope of works in order to complete the Audit includes the following:

- the audit to be carried out in accordance with DP&E's Guidelines for Independent Audits and AS/NZS ISO 19011:2014: Guidelines for auditing management systems;
- review of compliance against the documentation identified in CoA (as it relates to the current activities at the Narrabri Mine) which included;
 - document review of compliance against the CoA, statement of commitments, and any other relevant consents/approvals;
 - a site inspection to assess compliance against field implementation of the active CoA;
 - review of supporting plans developed as part of the CoA and assessment of their adequacy towards effective environmental performance;
- review of monitoring results and trends with comparison of monitoring results against regulatory limits and CoA limits (where applicable);
- confirmation if any additional monitoring required for identified trends;
- community complaints with review completed for any trends and identifying the source of an established trend;
- review of any regulatory actions including any letters, penalty notices and prosecutions;
- review of previous Independent Environment Report audit report to verify close-out of actions;
- consultation with the relevant agencies such as Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (DPIE) (various divisions: planning and post approvals, compliance, water, resources, biodiversity and conservation), Environment Protection Authority (EPA), Narrabri Shire Council (NSC) and Narrabri Coal Mine Community Consultative Committee (CCC);
- draft report with results of compliance assessment to be issued for comment to Whitehaven Coal;
 and
- final report issued for submission to the DPIE.

The audit covers the period 1 December 2016 to 4 December 2019 and is limited to assessing the activities completed during the audit period.

1.4 Audit Criteria

The audit covered the following specifications and standards, with a particular focus on activities associated with the current stages of operation. The documents relevant to this audit included:

- Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 (Modification 6) including Statements of Commitments;
- Mining Lease 1609;

- EPL 12789; and
- implementation of approved Management Plans:
 - Noise Management Plan (Sch4, C4.4) dated 1 June 2018
 - Air Quality Management Plan (Sch4, C4.7A) dated 26 May 2015
 - Water Management Plan (Sch4, 4.13) dated 6 March 2013
 - Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan (Sch4, C4.23) dated 24 June 2019
 - Energy Saving Action Plan (Sch3, C4.30) dated 11 August 2014
 - Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan (Sch4, C4.32) dated 7 June 2012
 - Waste Management Plan (Sch4, C4.33) dated 26 May 2015
 - Landscape Management Plan (Sch5, C5.3) dated 6 April 2017
 - Rehabilitation Management Plan (Sch5, C5.4) dated 6 April 2017
 - Mine Closure Plan (Sch5, C5.5) dated September 2016
 - Environmental Management Strategy (Sch6, C6.1) dated 26 May 2015

1.5 Limitations of this Report

This disclaimer, together with any limitations specified in the report, applies to this report and its use.

This report was prepared in accordance with the contracted scope of services for the specific purpose stated and subject to the applicable cost, time and other constraints. In preparing this report, ERM relied on:

- a) client/third party information which was not verified by ERM except to the extent required by the scope of services, and ERM do not accept responsibility for omissions or inaccuracies in the client/third party information; and
- b) information taken at or under the particular times and conditions specified, and ERM do not accept responsibility for any subsequent changes.

This report has been prepared solely for use by, and is confidential to, the client and ERM accepts no responsibility for its use by other persons. This report is subject to copyright protection and the copyright owner reserves its rights. This report does not constitute legal or financial advice.

2. AUDIT METHODOLOGY

2.1 Methodology and Process

The audit comprised a site inspection during the dates 2 to 4 December 2019, interviews with key personnel, and review of records and other related documentation.

The audit process included the following primary components:

- development of a Terms of Reference developed which included:
 - audit scope and objectives;
 - date and location of audit;
 - members of audit team;
 - list of people to be audited;
 - list of reference documents and audit criteria;
- a project inception meeting was held on 15 November 2019 to confirm details of the Terms of Reference, site inspection logistics and request for documentation required prior to the site inspection component of the audit;
- an opening meeting was held on 2 December 2019 at site to confirm the audit objectives and scope for the site inspection. Attendees included:
 - Heather McKay (ERM Lead Auditor);
 - Peter Gleadhill (ERM Support Auditor);
 - Brent Baker (Site Environment Superintendent);
 - Lynden Cini (Group Superintendent Environment);
- Site inspections were undertaken between 2 and 4 December 2019;
- A debrief / closeout meeting was held at the site on 4 December 2019 to discuss initial findings and recommendations. Attendees were:
 - Heather McKay (ERM Lead Auditor);
 - Peter Gleadhill (ERM Support Auditor);
 - Brent Baker (Site Environment Superintendent);
 - Lynden Cini (Group Superintendent Environment); and
 - Garry Pearson (NCO Contractor).
- Preparation of the draft audit report (this report).

2.2 Agency and Community Consultation

ERM consulted with the agencies and stakeholders as required including Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (DPIE) (including its various departments such as Compliance, Post approvals, Resources Regulator and Biodiversity and Conservation Division), CCC, New South Wales Environment Protection Authority (NSW EPA), as well as Narrabri Council. Emails were issued on 7 November 2019, with a follow up email submitted on 30 November 2019 to those that had not yet replied. Responses are outlined in *Table 2.1*.

Table 2.1 Agency and Stakeholder Consultation Summary

Agency/Stakeholder	Method	Consultation summary	Response	Location Addressed in Report
Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (DPIE) – Compliance	Email on 7 November 2019.	Provision of Audit Terms of Reference, introduction to team, outline date of audit and provide opportunity to comment.	Response received outlining standard IEA requirements including compliance with the MOP and rehabilitation practices.	Review of compliance with the MOP and rehabilitation management plans listed in the CoA and Mining Lease were conducted as part of the audit.
Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (DPIE) – Resource Regulator	Email on 7 November 2019.	Provision of Audit Terms of Reference, introduction to team, outline date of audit and provide opportunity to comment.	Response received outlining the following areas of interest: Status of 2016 IEA actions Noise ;management Monitoring programs; Air quality and noise impacts; and Complaints management.	Review of compliance with the relevant provisions listed in the CoA and EPL were conducted as part of the audit.
Natural Resource Access Regulator (Water)	Email on 7 November 2019 and 28 November 2019.	Provision of Audit Terms of Reference, introduction to team, outline date of audit and provide opportunity to comment.	No response received.	N/A
New South Wales Environment Protection Authority (NSW EPA)	Email on 7 November 2019 and 28 November 2019.	Provision of Audit Terms of Reference, introduction to team, outline date of audit and provide opportunity to comment.	Response received on 29 November outlining the following areas of interest: Waste management; Dust; and Noise.	Review of compliance with waste management, dust and noise provisions listed in the CoA and EPL were conducted as part of the audit.

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Agency/Stakeholder	Method	Consultation summary	Response	Location Addressed in Report
Narrabri Shire Council	Email on 7 November 2019	Provision of Audit Terms of Reference, introduction to team, outline date of audit and provide opportunity to comment.	Response received on 13 November 2019 outlining the following areas of interest: Sensitive receptors omitted from management development. Impacts to omitted land owner on David Road, Turrawan.	The Council's request is addressed to the extent possible within the scope of the IEA.
Community Consultation Committee (CCC)	Email on 7 November 2019 and 28 November 2019	Provision of Audit Terms of Reference, introduction to team, outline date of audit and provide opportunity to comment.	No response received.	N/A

In each case, an email was sent to representatives of each agency requesting feedback on those issues considered most relevant by their Department at the time of the audit. The consultation outlining the terms of reference was provided prior to the site inspection to obtain feedback and draw attention to any key issues, within the agreed scope of the audit. The Departmental correspondence is provided in *Appendix B*.

Responses received required the audit to focus on compliance against CoA as well as environmental monitoring relating to noise, dust and waste management practices. These areas are captured in the audit findings.

2.3 Classification of Audit Findings

Findings resulting from an assessment of audit evidence were divided into six categories as follows:

- **Compliant (C)**: the intent and all elements of the audit criteria requirements have been complied with within the scope of the audit.
- Not Verified (NV): insufficient verifiable evidence to demonstrate that the intent and all elements of the audit criteria have been complied with within the scope of the audit.
- Non-compliant (NC): Failure to meet the audit requirements, failure to achieve the field performance outcomes identified in documentation, or ineffective environmental management of the activity.
- Administrative Non-compliance (ANC): technical conformance with audit requirements that would not impact on performance and is considered minor in nature (e.g. report submitted but not on the due date, failed monitor or late monitoring session). This would not apply to performance-related aspects (e.g. exceedance of a noise limit) or where a requirement had not been met at all (e.g. noise management plan not prepared and submitted for approval). Only to be applied where the non-compliance does not result in any risk of environmental harm (e.g. submitting a report to government later than required under approval conditions).
- Observation (O): Observations are recorded where the audit identified issues of concern which do not strictly relate to the scope of the audit or assessment of compliance.
- Not Triggered (NT) A regulatory approval requirement has an activation or timing trigger that
 had not been met at the time of the audit inspection, and therefore a determination of compliance
 could not be made.
- Note: A statement or fact, where no assessment of compliance is required.

A qualitative risk assessment was also completed on the findings, consistent with AS/NZS 4360:2004 Risk management and HB 436:2004 Risk Management Guidelines Companion to AS/NZS 4360:2004 and as described in the DPIE publication "Independent Audit Guidelines" issued October 2015.

The overall level of risk was estimated by combining the likelihood of harm occurring with the estimated level of harm associated with each finding. Risk levels have been assigned as follows:

- High: Non-compliance with potential for significant environmental consequences, regardless of the likelihood of occurrence;
- Medium: Non-compliance with:
 - potential for serious environmental consequences, but is unlikely to occur; or
 - potential for moderate environmental consequences, but is likely to occur;
- Low: Non-compliance with:
 - potential for moderate environmental consequences, but is unlikely to occur; or
 - potential for low environmental consequences, but is likely to occur.

3. AUDIT FINDINGS

3.1 Previous Audit Follow Up

The last audit was conducted by ERM for the period 1 October 2013 to 30 November 2016. A summary of the 2016 audit findings and their status is summarised below in *Table 3.1*.

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Table 3.1 Summary of 2016 Audit Findings

Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
Minister's	Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 (Mod 5)				
Sch.2, C1	The Proponent shall implement all reasonable and feasible measures to prevent and/or minimise any material harm to the environment that may result from the construction, operation or rehabilitation of the project.	NCO has exceeded noise criteria on two occasions during the audit period, and has received a Penalty Notice for disturbance of Aboriginal Cultural artefacts. The latter is considered to be of higher level of significance and hence subsequent risk classification than the noise exceedances.	NC	Refer below.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.
Sch.2, C2	The Proponent shall carry out the project generally in accordance with the: (a) EA; and (b) conditions of this approval.	As above	NC	Refer below.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.
Sch.4, C 1	The Proponent shall ensure that the noise generated by the project does not exceed the levels set out in Table 1. Table 1: Impact assessment criteria dB(A) Day Evening Night Cation Laeg(15 minute) Laeg(15 minute) All privately-owned 35 35 35 45 residences	Noise exceedances were recorded during the last three EPL reporting periods and were notified as required by the Noise Management Plan. Refer comments and recommendation for EPL L3.1 in relation to exceedance on noise criteria.	NC	The mine will continue to implement the NMP. Improvement opportunities will be reported in the relevant AR.	Noise exceedances reported during the previous reporting period have been resolved. A new non-compliance has been raised during this audit as noise exceedances were recorded at different properties during the audit period.
Sch.4, C4	The Proponent shall revise the Noise Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with noise management (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Noise Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This Plan shall: (a) be prepared in consultation with EPA by a suitably qualified expert whose appointment has been approved by the Secretary; (b) be submitted to the Secretary for approval by 30 June 2011; (c) include a Noise Monitoring Program incorporating: • real-time noise and temperature inversion monitoring; and • attended noise monitoring to monitor the performance of the project; (d) include reactive noise control measures to manage noise impacts for sensitive receivers; and	Initial submission of the Noise Management Plan was verified by the previous IEA. The current revision of the Noise Management Plan and its implementation generally meet the requirements of this condition. However, a number of exceedances of noise criteria have occurred over the audit period as reported against EPL condition L3.1. In one instance meteorological conditions were not determined as required by the NMP (refer EPL L3.5) Refer also Sch. 4 Condition 1 above. The above noise exceedances and not determining meteorological conditions can be attributed to not adequately implementing the NMP.	NC	The mine will continue the negotiations for purchase the Merriman property and/or the implementation of the NMP.	Merriman property has been acquired. Deemed as compliant during this audit, noting that negotiations for purchase of additional properties and implementation of NMP are still underway.

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Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
	 (e) include a protocol to establish whether the project is complying with the noise impact assessment criteria in Table 1. 				
Sch.4, C21	Within 2 years of commissioning the water conditioning plant, and every 5 years thereafter, unless otherwise directed by the Secretary, the Proponent shall engage suitably qualified experts approved by the Secretary to review brine management and beneficial use options for raffinate, brine and minewater produced by the project. The Proponent shall implement all reasonable and feasible recommendations of these reviews, to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	The brine management review was not commissioned or completed within 2 years of commissioning the water conditioning plant. The auditor was advised that the brine management report is in Draft status.	ANC	The mine submitted the report to DP&E 24 July 2017.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.
Sch.4, C22	The Proponent shall not destroy damage or deface any known Aboriginal objects (as defined in the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974</i>) without the written approval of the Secretary.	NCO received a Penalty Notice for an incident involving the disturbance of an Aboriginal heritage site, identified on 14 October 2014. NCO undertook further training of personnel in Cultural Awareness and the requirements of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan in response to incidents.	NC	The mine has reviewed the ACHMP, which includes additional induction material, and it is currently with OEH for review. The mine will submit the revised ACHMP to DP&E for approval and continue to implement the existing ACHMP.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.
Sch.4, C23	The Proponent shall revise the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with Aboriginal cultural heritage management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: (a) be submitted the Secretary by 30 June 2011; (b) be prepared in consultation with the OEH, the Narrabri Local Aboriginal Land Council and the Narrabri Goomeroi Aboriginal Corporation; (c) include a protocol for the ongoing consultation and involvement of Aboriginal communities in the conservation and management of Aboriginal heritage on site; and (d) describe the measures that would be implemented to protect Aboriginal sites on the mine site, (in particular all known Aboriginal sites on lands overlying Longwalls 1-3 and sites 10b, 38, 39 and 106-112), or any new Aboriginal objects or skeletal remains that are identified during the project	Preparation and submission of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan verified in previous IEA. NCO received a Penalty Notice for an incident involving the disturbance of an Aboriginal heritage site, identified on 14 October 2014. NCO also reported an unauthorised access to an identified Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Site (Sites 38-40) on 4 June 2015. The incident was investigated with behavioural factors identified as the event cause. Controls required by the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan were reported to be in place at the time of the incident. The above incidents can be attributed in part to not adequately implementing the ACHMP.	NC	The mine has reviewed the ACHMP, which includes additional induction material, and it is currently with OEH for review. The mine will submit the revised ACHMP to DP&E for approval and continue to implement the existing ACHMP.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.

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Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
Sch.4, C25	The Proponent shall maintain the Mine Access Road Intersection with PA 4-26-1 WHC_PLN_NAR_Greylands Road Management Plan v2 and the Kamilaroi Highway in consultation with NSC and to the satisfaction of RMS.	No evidence of requisite consultation. Intersection requires maintenance work, on basis of ongoing assessment.	ANC	Joint inspection with NSC/RMS held onsite on 8 May 2017. Annual joint inspections to be completed moving forward.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.
Sch.4, C29	The Proponent shall ensure that: (a) no outdoor lights shine above the horizontal; and (b) all external lighting associated with the project complies with Australian Standard AS4282 (INT) 1995 – Control of Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.	The auditors viewed site lighting from the surface operational areas on the evening of Tuesday 6 December 2016 at approximately 9pm from surrounding vantage points near the site boundary. No outdoor lighting was observed to obviously shine above the horizontal. The 2014-2015 Annual Review states that all lighting is designed in accordance with AS4282 (INT) 1995. The scope of this IEA did not include a detailed audit of lighting installations against AS4282 (INT) 1995. However, based on the above observations the Lead Auditor is satisfied that NCO is generally complying with the intent of this condition.	0	The mine will continue to monitor lighting plant positioning.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.
		NCO did receive two complaints during the audit period (12/01/2014 and 19/5/2015) in relation to light emanating from the mine. These were attributed to the placement of mobile lighting towers and upon receiving complaints they were acted upon immediately. The auditor does not consider this constitutes non-compliance with this condition as they represent isolated instances that appear were responded to appropriately.			
Sch.4, C31	The Proponent shall implement all reasonable and feasible measures to minimise the greenhouse gas emissions from the underground mining operations to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Gas continues to be extracted and vented to air. Mostly carbon dioxide and smaller amounts of methane. The auditor was advised that it was not considered feasible to install Ventilation Air Methane VAM oxidising units due to the gas make-up from the mine. No specific evidence was provided in relation assessment of the final feasibility of VAM	ANC	As noted in the revised GHGMP, currently with OEH for review, the concentrations required for VAM cannot be <0.2% methane. Current levels in the ventilation air stream are 0.028% methane. Additionally, the latest Emissions Reduction Fund reverse auction price for tCO ₂ e would mean a payback period of >40 years.	Deemed as compliant during this audit, noting the revised GHGMP has not yet been approved.
Sch.4 C32	Prior to carrying out longwall coal mining operations, the Proponent shall submit a Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan for the approval of the Secretary. This plan must: (a) be prepared in consultation with OEH; (b) identify options for minimising greenhouse gas emissions from underground mining	oxidising units. Submission of plan verified in previous IEA. A level 3 Energy Audit was proposed to be undertaken following Stage 2 Commencement. The DP&E approval of the GHG MP stipulated its expectation that the Level Energy Audit be completed by the end of June 2013.	0	ESAP approved 11 August 2014. No further actions required.	Deemed as compliant during this audit.

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ssessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
operations, with a particular focus on capturing and/or using these emissions; (c) investigate the feasibility of implementing each option; (d) propose the measures that would be implemented in the short to medium term on site; and (e) include a research program to inform the continuous improvement of the greenhouse gas minimisation measures on site.	The auditor has reviewed the Energy Saving Action Plan (Rev 4, Final), dated 11 August 2014, which adequately addresses the requirements of this condition. The Level 3 audit was commissioned prior to the stipulated date of completion however finalisation of this report does not appear to meet the stipulated timeframe.			
xcept as may be expressly provided in any other ondition of this licence, the licensee must comply ith section 120 of the Protection of the nvironment Operations Act 1997.	Monitoring of surface water discharges off- site indicated that no material environmental harm has occurred (i.e. all discharges are within EPL limits). Similarly, groundwater monitoring has not identified any significant on-site or off-site trends which would indicate material environmental harm has been caused by the mine. An opportunity for improvement relating to wastewater management surrounding the workshop was identified while on-site, whereby oily water is discharging to ground and then to on-site drainage ditches. However, as noted above, there was no evidence that any associated contamination has migrated off-site. In addition, some isolated instances of inappropriate segregation of Dangerous Goods were observed in the Hot Works area on the mine. Finally, there is an opportunity to formalise the management of the Bioremediation Cell to minimise the potential for contaminated run-off reporting to the site's water management system. It is noted however that any overflow would report to storage SB3, and as such remain contained within the mine's water management system.	0	The mine monitors waste water from the workshop and acts accordingly with the drain to the oil-water separator serviced regulator. The dangerous goods instances have been forwarded on to the relevant personnel and if the bio-remediation cell were to overflow it would be contained in the mine water management system as noted by the auditor. Surface and ground water monitoring will continue at the mine to monitor for contaminants.	Addressed and deemed to be Compliant during this audit period.
oise generated at the premises must not exceed ne noise limits in the table.	event at Bow Hills (R1) (3 dB(A) exceedance);		Merriman property has been purchased and the owners of the Oakleigh property have triggered an Independent Review of noise impact. The mine will continue the negotiations for purchase of Oakleigh pending the results of the noise review and/or implementation of the NMP.	The Oakleigh property was purchased during the audit period which has closed out the previous audit finding. A new Non-compliance has been raised during this audit due to recorded noise exceedances at a different property.
		the mine's water management system. generated at the premises must not exceed is a limits in the table. Three instances of exceedances of the criteria in the Table in condition L3.1 have occurred on: September 2014 quarterly monitoring event at Bow Hills (R1) (3 dB(A) exceedance); June 2015 quarterly monitoring event at	the mine's water management system. Three instances of exceedances of the criteria in the Table in condition L3.1 have occurred on: September 2014 quarterly monitoring event at Bow Hills (R1) (3 dB(A) exceedance);	the mine's water management system. generated at the premises must not exceed ise limits in the table. Three instances of exceedances of the criteria in the Table in condition L3.1 have occurred on: September 2014 quarterly monitoring event at Bow Hills (R1) (3 dB(A) exceedance); June 2015 quarterly monitoring event at

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Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
		and Oakleigh (R4) 5 dB(A) exceedance; and • September 2016 quarterly monitoring event at Oakleigh (R4) 8 dB(A) exceedance. Since these exceedances, a private agreement has been entered into with Bow Hills; and Merriman and Oakleigh have entered into negotiations to be purchased. If the acquisition of these sites is successful, no further noise issues are anticipated. NCO is continuing to implement noise mitigation measures to reduce noise impact to the surrounding environment e.g. noise mitigation on dozer tracks.			
L3.5	The noise limits set out in the Noise Limits table apply under all meteorological conditions except for the following: (a) Wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or (b) Stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or (c) Stability category G temperature inversion conditions. For the purposes of this condition: (a) Data recorded by the meteorological station identified as EPA Identification Point(s) W1 must be used to determine meteorological conditions; and (b) Temperature inversion conditions (stability category) are to be determined by the sigma-theta method referred to in Part E4 of Appendix E to the NSW Industrial Noise Policy.	Regarding the exceptions (parts a to c) and the monitoring criteria regarding the weather station W1 (parts a) to b)), this information is noted. Upon notifying EPA during the 2015-2016 reporting period of Noise exceedance it was noted the inversion conditions were not determined at the time. Meteorological conditions must be determined by the onsite weather station. NCO has implemented a Trigger Action Response Plans (TARP) including an automated alarm system, the criteria of which are set to the requisite meteorological conditions. NCO has installed meteorological equipment to track temperature inversion conditions. Monitoring reports reviewed reference the relevant conditions.	NC	No further action required.	Addressed and deemed to be Compliant during this audit.
O4.1	The licensee must maintain, and implement as necessary, a current Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP) for the premises. The PIRMP must document systems and procedures to deal with all types of incidents (e.g. spills, explosions, fire) that may occur at the premises or that may be associated with activities that occur at the premises and which are likely to cause harm to the environment.	Review of the PIRMP for the site indicates that it covers all legislative requirements and considers the major pollution risks across the facility. The PIRMP was tested within a 12 month AR period but not within 12 months of the previous test. Requirements for timing of test have been clarified and test will be conducted within 12 months of previous test.	ANC	No further action required.	Deemed to be Compliant during this audit.

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Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
M1.3	The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence: (a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken; (b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected; (c) the point at which the sample was taken; and (d) the name of the person who collected the sample.	Monitoring records are retained in excel spreadsheets with supporting lab reports linked to each line item. NCO's records management system requires retention of records for four years, however, management reported that in practice, records are retained indefinitely. All of the records required by M1.3 are maintained either in the lab reports; or excel spreadsheet. The name of person who collected the sample and time of sample collection is not recorded in the spreadsheet for all data (e.g. wet weather monitoring). These are however recorded on field monitoring sheets.	0	The excel spreadsheets used to track the results have been updated to include the samplers name and time the sample was taken.	Addressed and deemed to be Compliant during this audit. Note an administrative non-compliance has been raised against this condition as the name of the sampler has not been provided on noise monitoring reports prepared by SLR.
M2.2	Air Monitoring Requirements POINT 3 Pollutant Units of measure Frequency Sampling Method Particulates - grams per square metre per Deposited Matter month Once a month (min. of 4 AM-19 weeks)	A review of monitoring data indicates that the sampling frequency and methodology aligns with the requirements in M2.2. The 2013-2014 EPL Annual Return reported that one of twelve required samples (in January 2014) for monitoring location ND3 was not analysed due to the dust gauge bottle being broken in transit to the laboratory. This was self-reported as a noncompliance with this condition.	ANC	No further action is required.	Deemed to be Compliant during this audit.
M2.5	For the purposes of the table(s) above Special Frequency 2 means the collection of samples quarterly (in the event of flow during the quarter) at a time when there is flow and as soon as practicable after each wet weather discharge from points 11, 12, 13 or 18 commences and in any case not more than 12 hours after each discharge commences.	Typically data was available within 12 hours of a discharge point overflowing. In March 2014 overflows from SD4 and SD5 occurred on 28 th March 2014. However, monitoring was only undertaken at points 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21 and 22 during the previous three days. It is noted that all water quality sampling results were below the relevant discharge criteria. This represented an isolated contractor management incident and is not considered to be a systemic issue.	NC	The mine will continue to sample the nominated locations within the nominated timeframes. It should also be noted that the results from the samples from the dams did not exceed the relevant criteria.	Deemed to be Compliant during this audit.

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Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	2016 Audit Classification	NCO Response/Action	2019 Status
R4.1	A noise compliance assessment report must be submitted to the EPA within thirty (30) days of the completion of the quarterly noise monitoring. The assessment must be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced acoustical consultant and include: a) an assessment of compliance with noise limits detailed in the limit conditions of this licence; and b) an outline of any management actions taken within the monitoring period to address any exceedances of the limits detailed in the limit conditions of this licence.	Records (correspondence between NCO and the EPA) of quarterly submission of noise monitoring reports was reviewed between 2013 and the present day. The noise report for September 15 was received by the NCO on 16 September 2015 but was not provided to the EPA until 11 November 2015.	ANC	The mine will submit future reports within specified timeframes.	Deemed to be Compliant during this audit.
E1.2	Noise impacts where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground must be addressed by: a) documenting noise complaints received to identify any higher level of impacts or wind patterns; where levels of noise complaints indicated a higher level of impact then actions to quantify and ameliorate any enhanced impacts where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground should be developed and implemented.	NCO had not at the time of the audit incorporated a mechanism in their management systems to trigger this condition in the event that these meteorological conditions are triggered.	NC	A review of historical complaints will be undertaken and should winds > 3m/s be a factor the mine will update processes to include a trigger for wind speeds.	Deemed to be non-compliant during this audit as wind speeds were not consistently assessed at the time of the complaint, therefore not allowing for compliance with this condition to be determined.
Mining Le	ase 1609				
2	The proponent shall implement all practicable measures to prevent and/or minimise any harm to the environment that may result from the construction, operation or rehabilitation of the development.	NCO received a Penalty Notice for an incident involving the disturbance of an Aboriginal heritage site, identified on 14 October 2014.	NC	The mine has reviewed the ACHMP, which includes additional induction material, and it is currently with OEH for review. The mine will submit the revised ACHMP to DP&E for approval and continue to implement the existing ACHMP.	Addressed and deemed to be compliant during this audit.

3.2 Complaints Summary

Complaints registers for the auditing period were available online and/or for review. Complaints over the reporting period include:

- A total of two complaints were recorded during 2016 (for the period 1 December to 31 December). Both complaints raised were in relation to dust.
- A total of 12 complaints were recorded during 2017. Of these, six were related to dust, three were related to noise, two were related to lights and one related to dust, noise, lights and waste management.
- A total of six complaints were recorded during 2018. Of these, four related to noise, one related to dust and one related to noise, odour, property values and Offset Area consultation.
- A total of 57 complaints were recorded during 2019 (up until 27 November 2019). Of these, 49 were related to noise, three in relation to odour, two in relation to dust, one in relation to odour and noise, one in relation to air quality and one listed as not specified. The majority of complaints are from a single complainant.

The detailed summaries as prepared by NCO are provided on the Whitehaven Coal website.

3.3 Incident Summary

A review of the incidents was undertaken through a review the NCO incident management system, as well as the notified exceedances. Below outlines the incidents recorded during the audit period:

- A total of five noise exceedances recorded during quarterly monitoring during the audit period;
- Warning letter issued by DPIE in December 2018 for failure to implement the Noise management Plan;
- Alleged disturbance of an Aboriginal cultural heritage artefact in November 2017 and subsequently provided evidence to DPIE. No further action was taken;
- EPA issued a Penalty Notice on 5 January 2019 related to coal dust coming off the pit top working area; and
- EPA issued a Show Cause letter dated 17 October 2019 related to the disposal of Oxy 6000 rescuer units at Narrabri landfill between 2 April and 18 April 2019.

3.4 Environmental Monitoring Performance

3.4.1 Noise

Quarterly acoustic monitoring was undertaken in 2017 to 2019 by qualified third party contractors, Global Acoustics and SLR. The following noise exceedances were recorded during the audit period:

- 27 June 2017: Point N5, Night LAeq (15 minute) of 37 dB and Night LA1 (1 minute) of 46 dB.
- 29 June 2017: Point N6, Night LAeq (15 minute) of 38 dB.
- 07 September 2017: Point N6, Night LAeq (15 minute) of 36 dB.
- June 2019: Point N6, Day LAeq (15 minute) of 42 dB and Point N9, Day LAeq (15 minute) of 43 (Note: both recorded during non-compliant weather conditions of wind speed > 3 m/s and as such do not represent a non-compliance with the Project Approval or EPL).
- 04 September 2019: Point N9, Day LAeq (15 minute) of 39 dB.

As part of the Noise Management Plan, following any noise exceedance or noise complaint, NCO will investigate options to address noise related impacts.

As a result of the exceedances in 2019, NCO engaged SLR to investigate the source/s of the noise exceedances. Following investigations by SLR dated 1 August 2019, exceedances in noise monitoring results were considered likely attributable to the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan. Subsequently a Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study conducted by Spectrum Acoustics dated 19 November 2019 which assessed noise control options based on technical information for the fans and noise measurements taken in 2014 and 2019. Based on outcomes of the Study, ERM understands that NCO is investigating a number of noise attenuation measures including the installation of a 14 m high acoustic barrier at the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan, which is expected to reduce noise levels at the receiver point 5 km north of the fans to less than the exceedance criteria limits under Condition 43.1. NCO is progressing the validation of noise modelling assumptions to inform the engineering designs, cost and project management aspects required for construction of the noise abatement installation.

3.4.2 Air quality

Monthly dust deposition was conducted by ALS during the audit period. The following exceedance of assessment criteria were reported for the audit period:

- 2018 PM₁₀, 24 hr average exceeded on 2 occasions November and December 2018; and
- 2019 a total of five exceedances for PM₁₀ noted (February and October 2019 for ND9, September and February, October 2019 for ND10).

All exceedances were investigated and found to be associated with regional events including dust storms and bushfires.

Auditors sighted the weather station onsite which provides the site's meteorological data. Meteorological data from the onsite weather station was provided for the audit period.

3.4.3 Blasting

No blasting was undertaken during the audit period.

3.4.4 Water management

3.4.4.1 Surface water

Surface water management comprising a series of water storage dams used to collect, store and dispose of pumped out mine water and dirty water run-off, sediment basins, and clean / dirty surface water drains were in place and established as per the Water Management Plan (dated 2013). The dams are subject to weekly, monthly and quarterly inspections by a trained NCO employee. Annual and 5 – yearly inspections are undertaken by a Dam Engineer in accordance with the Dams Safety Act.

Licenced surface water discharge points onsite included sediment dam 2 (SD2), sediment dam 4 (SD4), sediment dam 7 (SD7), Namoi River NR1 and Ventilation Shaft (SD1). At the time of the site tour, SD2, SD4 and SD7 did not contain any water and the Environmental Superintendent advised that no discharge offsite had occurred during the audit period.

No significant issues were observed or identified with regards to erosion or sediment run off during the site inspection,

3.4.4.2 Groundwater

Groundwater monitoring locations are stipulated within Table 8 of the approved WMP (dated March 2013). Neither the CoA nor EPL stipulates the frequency of groundwater monitoring to be undertaken. Rather, the EPL notes that groundwater monitoring should be undertaken in accordance with the approved WMP. Under the WMP, depending on their location, piezometers and groundwater bores are required to be monitored on a monthly, quarterly, or annual basis. Groundwater monitoring data provided showed that monitoring is typically completed within the WMP timeframes.

3.5 Management Plan Adequacy

The Management Plans for the site were reviewed and the adequacy in meeting the relevant approval requirements was assessed in view of current operations at the site. It was noted that a number of management plans have been updated since the original approvals issued under the Project Approval and where Secretary approval has been received the revised management plan has been implemented at the site. The Air Quality Management Plan, Water Management Plan, Waste Management Plan, Energy Efficiency Action Plan and Greenhouse Gas Management Plan have been revised and submitted to the Secretary at various times between 2016 and 2019, however NCO are currently awaiting formal approval for these revisions.

In general, Management Plans were considered to be appropriate for the site's operations at the time of the site visit. The findings of the Management Plan review are outlined in *Table 3.2* and *Appendix A*.

3.6 Environmental Protection Licence

The site operates under Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12789 issued to Narrabri Coal Operations Pty Ltd. The EPL has been varied three times during the audit period as follows:

- 19 January 2017;
- 18 June 2019; and
- 3 December 2019.

For the avoidance of doubt, given the audit period ended on 6 December 2019, the auditor has not considered compliance with the EPL variation dated 3 December 2019. Details of changes to EPL conditions are covered in the EPL Audit Tables presented in *Appendix A*.

The site submitted Annual Returns to the EPA, as required for the audit period. The following non-compliances were noted:

2017:

■ EPL L3.1 - Exceedance of quarterly noise monitoring at the 'Newhaven' (Point N6) residence to the north of the mine site recorded during monitoring undertaken between 26 and 29 June 2017. NCO noted that access to the Newhaven residence was not permitted at the time of monitoring and the reported level was a calculation based on the noise level recorded at the mine's boundary with the Newhaven property, which may not represent actual noise levels at the receiver. The mine conducted further attended monitoring during August 2017 with no issues identified.

2018:

■ EPL L3.1 – Exceedance of quarterly noise monitoring at the 'Ardmona' (Point N3 – noting this monitoring point is not listed on the EPL) residence to the east of the mine site between 12 and 15 March 2018. The Annual Return states that a conveyor continuum and dozer track noise were audible from the NAR CHPP area. The mine conducted further attended monitoring during June 2018 with no issues identified.

Findings identified against the site's EPL are outlined in Table 3.2 and Appendix A.

3.7 Mining Lease

Narrabri Coal Mine lies within the mining lease (ML) 1609 issued to Narrabri Coal Pty Ltd, last amended on 1 July 2014.

One administrative non-conformance was noted in relation to the completion of additional investigations of the Reject Emplacement Area (REA) by 28 November 2018 as required under the MOP. The Mining Lease conditions and the summary of audit findings are provided in *Table 3.2* and *Appendix A*.

3.8 Compliance with Regulatory Instruments

A compliance check of the CoA, EPL and ML conditions as well as management plan review has been completed and is provided in Appendix A. Non-compliances and observations for each component are summarised in *Table 3.2*.

As discussed in Section 2.3, a qualitative risk assessment was also completed on the findings as follows:

- non-compliance assessed as 'high' have been colour coded red;
- non-compliance assessed as 'moderate' have been colour coded orange;
- non-compliance assessed as 'low' have been colour coded yellow; and
- administrative non-compliance have been colour coded blue.

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Table 3.2 Summary of 2019 Audit Findings

Assessment Requirement	Comment	Audit Classification	Response/Action				
Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144							
 (a) be prepared by a team of suitably qualified and experienced persons whose appointment has been endorsed by the Secretary; (b) be approved by the Secretary before the Proponent carries out any of the second workings covered by the plan; (c) include detailed plans of the proposed first and second workings and any associated surface development; (d) include detailed performance indicators for each of the performance measures in Tables 1 and 2; (e) provide revised predictions of the potential subsidence effects, subsidence impacts 	During the auditor inspection significant surface cracking due to mine subsidence was observed that appears to lie outside of the subsidence predictions provided for LW107 to LW110. The Land Management Plan requires permanent cracks greater than 50 mm to be remediated by ripping or filling and cracks greater than 330 mm to be investigated and the subsidence predictions updated. There are many cracks that exceed 50mm (around 50% of all cracks records provided to the auditor) and most of these have no documented treatment. There are eight cracks out of the 73 provided to the auditor that exceed 330 mm in width. None of these cracks are shown to have been investigated or treated.	NC NC	NCO should review the subsidence monitoring progradeliverables of the Land Management Plan LW107 – LW110 and the TARP.				

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Item No		Ass	sessment Require	ement		Comment	Audit Classification	Response/Action
			quired to duplicate ound coal extraction		otherwise address			
4.1	The Proponent shall ensure that the noise generated by the project does not exceed the levels set out in Table 1.				not exceed the	The following exceedances of EPL noise limits were recorded during the audit period:	NC	Continue to investigate all appropriate noise attenuation measures.
	Table 1: Impact assessment criteria dB(A)					27 June 2017: Point N5, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 37 dB and		
	Location Day Evening Night					 Night – LA1 (1 minute) of 46 dB. 29 June 2017: Point N6, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 38 dB. 		
		LAeq(15 minute)	LAeq(15 minute)	LAeq(15 minute)	LAeq(1 minute)			
	All privately owned	35	35	35	45	 07 September 2017: Point N6, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 36 dB. June 2019: Point N6, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 42 dB and Point 		
		andary, or at the most where the dwelling is constrated that direct ay accept alternative SW Industrial Noise Policy shall corological conditions round level; or eeds greater than 2 used for determining teorological weather by the Secretary. One from the project can be demonstrated the EPA may accept of the NSW Industrial trant owner/s of these	 June 2019: Point N6, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 42 dB and Point N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 43 (Note: both recorded during non-compliant weather conditions of wind speed > 3 m/s and as such do not represent a non-compliance with the Project Approval). 04 September 2019: Point N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 39 dB. For the exceedance recorded in September 2019, subsequent investigations by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) dated 1 August 2019, exceedances in noise monitoring results were likely attributable to the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan. Subsequently a Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study conducted by Spectrum Acoustics dated 19 November 2019 assessed noise control options based on technical information for the fans and noise measurements taken in 2014 and 2019. Based on outcomes of the Study, ERM understands that NCO is investigating a number of noise attenuation measures including the installation of a 14 m high acoustic barrier at the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan which is expected to reduce noise levels at the receiver point 5 km north of the fans to less than criteria under Condition 4.1. NCO is progressing the validation of noise modelling assumptions to inform the engineering designs, cost and project management aspects required for construction of the noise abatement installation. 					
4.4	all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with noise management (Stages		approved by the Secretary on 11 December 2011. A revised plan was	was and feasible bes	Continue to monitor SPL's and implement all reasonable and feasible best practice noise mitigation measures to reduce noise generated by the project.			
	appointm b) be submi c) include a • real-time • attended d) include r receivers e) include a	nent has been apprinted to the Secreta Noise Monitoring noise and temperation noise monitoring treactive noise const; and	roved by the Secre ary for approval by Program incorpora ature inversion monitor the performance to measures to ask whether the program is a whether the program is a second to the seco	etary; 30 June 2011; ating: initoring; and formance of the pro manage noise in	oject; npacts for sensitive with the noise impact	The mine reported Sound Power levels (SPLs) which exceeded those identified in the NMP in the 2018 Annual Review. DPIE requested additional information in October 2018 which the mine provided. DPIE issued a Warning Letter in December 2018. Real time noise, weather and inversion monitoring is undertaken at two locations to the north and south of the site. Data is recorded in the Sentinex repository. There is no TARP for fan noise, however an alarm is set on the monitors to record when the fan noise frequency is reached.		

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Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	Audit Classification	Response/Action
		No complaints have been received related to dozer noise within the last 12 month period. The NMP contains a TARP for dozer noise. The Level 2 trigger response includes limiting operations to critical dozing only and limit the reversing speed.		
4.7A	The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must:	The AQMP (Rev2) was approved by DPIE on 26 May 2015. Consultation undertaken with EPA in December 2014.	Obs C	NCO should confirm with DPIE if the revised AQMP is to be approved.
	 (a) be prepared in consultation with the EPA, and be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 December 2015, unless otherwise agreed with the Secretary; (b) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure compliance with relevant air quality criteria and operating conditions of this approval; (c) describe the proposed air quality management system; and (d) include an air quality monitoring program that: adequately supports the proactive and reactive air quality management system; evaluates and reports on: the effectiveness of the air quality management system; and compliance with the air quality operating conditions; and defines what constitutes an air quality incident, and includes a protocol for identifying and 	The AQMP was further reviewed in 2016 and (Rev 3) submitted to DPIE. Comments were received and the plan resubmitted. Approval has not yet been received from DPIE and the 2015 version remains in effect. The approved AQMP meets the requirements of this condition.		
4.9A	notifying the Department and relevant stakeholders of any air quality incidents. Within 2 years of the commencement of longwall coal extraction, and every 5 years thereafter, the Proponent shall undertake a transient calibration of the groundwater model presented in the EA, in consultation with DPI Water, and to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This re-calibration of the groundwater model must include forward impact predictions of brine re-injection to the mine's goaf at the conclusion of mining operations.	Comments on the groundwater model were received from DPI Water in September 2015 and incorporated into 2016 report. The updated report was submitted to DPIE on 28 September 2016, no approval has been received. The groundwater model is currently being recalibrated by AGE as part of the Stage 3 assessment.	Obs C	NCO should confirm with DPIE if the groundwater model is to be approved.
4.30	The Proponent shall revise the Energy Savings Action Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with energy management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Energy Savings Action Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be prepared in consultation with OEH; b) be prepared in accordance with the <i>Guidelines for Energy Savings Action Plans</i> (DEUS, 2005), or its latest version; c) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; and d) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of measures to reduce energy use on site.	The effective Energy Action Plan was approved by DPIE in May 2015. The Action Plan details the development of monthly reports on energy usage which are reviewed at the monthly meeting as the means to review effectiveness of the actions. The plan was revised and resubmitted in June 2017 however formal approval has not been received.	Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2017 revision is to be approved.
4.32	Prior to carrying out longwall coal mining operations, the Proponent shall submit a Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan for the approval of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be prepared in consultation with OEH; b) identify options for minimising greenhouse gas emissions from underground mining operations, with a particular focus on capturing and/or using these emissions; c) investigate the feasibility of implementing each option;	Approval of the GHG minimisation plan occurred prior to the audit period. The GHG minimisation plan meets the requirements of the condition including implementation of a research program for methods of reuse of coal mine gas.	Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2017 revision is to be approved.

Narrabri Coal Mine

Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	Audit Classification	Response/Action
	site; and	The GHG plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on in June 2017 however formal approval has not been received and the 2012 version remains in effect.		
4.33	all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste	The Waste Management Plan was approved by DPIE on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect.	Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2019 revision is to be approved.
	a, so submitted to the observation, i.e. approved prior to observations,	The updated version of the Plan includes updated effluent irrigation		
	b) identify the various waste streams of the project;	limits in accordance with guidelines.		
	 describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project; 			
	d) ensure irrigation of treated wastewater is undertaken in accordance with Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (DEC, 2004), or its latest version; and			
	e) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of these measures.			
6.1	to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with environmental management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Environmental Management Strategy to the satisfaction of the	The current EMS was approved by DPIE on 26 May 2015. The EMS meets the requirements of the condition. The EMS was revised and resubmitted to the Department on 31 May 2019.	Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2019 is to be approved.
Statemer	nt of Commitments			
5.2		There is currently surface cracking of the order of 2 m length within the drainage line along the Pine Creek Tributary 2 between LW107 and LW108 that has not been treated. The area has been drought affected and repair by natural processes has not been possible.	Obs	NCO should consider reviewing the trigger for active treatment where natural processes are not possible.
6.4		Extraction volumes are recorded on a monthly basis. NCO reported that it is impractical to do weekly readings.	ANC	NCO should consider options to enable weekly readings.

Narrabri Coal Mine

Item No		Asse	essment Requirem	nent		Comment	Audit Classification	Response/Action		
17.2	 Mining Operations Plan Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan Energy Savings Action Plan Waste Management Plan Water Management Plan Landscape Management Plan Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan Gas Drainage & Outburst Management Plan Major Hazard Management Plan Salinity Contamination Contingency Plan Extraction Management Plan Erosion & Sediment Control Plan Noise Monitoring Program 		Mining Operations Plan Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan Energy Savings Action Plan Waste Management Plan Water Management Plan Landscape Management Plan Creenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan Major Hazard Management Plan Salinity Contamination Contingency Plan Extraction Management Plan Erosion & Sediment Control Plan implemented and have been verified through the CoA. A standalone Major Hazard Management Plan has not been developed but in accordance with NSW Resources Regulator Code of Practice for Safety Management Systems (SMS) in Mines major and principal hazards are addressed in the site SMS. Water quality incidents are addressed in the Water Management Plan and the Pollution Incident Response Management plan (PIRMP), including response and notification, however these do not specifically make reference to saline contamination or specific response			NCO should review the WMP and TARP to confirm that actions for water quality incidents adequately address saline contamination and meet the intent of the origina commitment, or request a modification to the approval in relation to saline contamination.				
Environn	nental Protection Li	cence 12789								
L3.1	Noise generated at the premises must not exceed the noise limits in the table below.		The following exceedances of EPL noise limits were recorded during the audit period:	NC	Continue to investigate all appropriate noise attenuation measures. (Refer CoA 4.1– duplicate NC).					
	Locality and location	Day - LAeq (15 minute)	Evening – LAeq (15 minute)	Night – LAeq (15 minute)	Night – LA1 (1 minute)	 27 June 2017: Point N5, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 37 dB and Night – LA1 (1 minute) of 46 dB. 29 June 2017: Point N6, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 38 dB. 				
	All privately 3 owned residences	35 39	35		35	35	June 2019: Point N6, Day - I N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) o compliant weather conditions do not represent a non-com	 07 September 2017: Point N6, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 36 dB. June 2019: Point N6, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 42 dB and Point N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 43 (Note: both recorded during non-compliant weather conditions of wind speed > 3 m/s and as such do not represent a non-compliance with the EPL.04 September 2019: Point N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 39 dB. 		
						For the exceedance recorded in September 2019, subsequent investigations by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) dated 1 August 2019, exceedances in noise monitoring results were likely attributable to the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan. Subsequently a Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study conducted by Spectrum Acoustics dated 19 November 2019 assessed noise control options based on technical information for the fans and noise measurements taken in 2014 and 2019. Based on outcomes of the Study, ERM understands that NCO is investigating a number of noise attenuation measures including the installation of a 14 m high acoustic barrier at around the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan which is expected to reduce noise levels at the receiver point 5 km north of the fans to less than the exceedance criteria limits under Condition 43.1. NCO is progressing the validation of noise modelling assumptions to inform the engineering designs, cost and project management aspects required for construction of the noise abatement installation.				
O1.1	Licenced activities must be carried out in a competent manner This includes: a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.					EPA issued a Penalty Notice to NCO following receipt of video footage on 5 January 2019 which showed 'large clouds of black coal dust coming off the pit top working area of the Narrabri Coal Miner. That video showed large volumes of coal dust being generated by the Tripper and by bulldozers operating on the coal stockpiles at the premises'. EPA subsequently were of the opinion that NCO contravened EPL Condition O1.1.	NC	Continue to comply with directions from the EPA in relation to these matters.		

Narrabri Coal Mine

Item No	Assessment Requirement	Comment	Audit Classification	Response/Action
		EPA issued a Show Cause letter to NCO dated 17 October 2019 which refers to an incident at Narrabri Landfill (located offsite) where the disposal of Oxy 6000 rescuer units that are part of breathing apparatus were disposed of as general solid waste by NOCPL between 2 April and 18 April 2019. Based on review of material safety data sheets (MSDS), EPA suspected that the canisters disposed of were hazardous waste and as such should have been disposed as such. NCO responded to the Show Cause on 25 October 2019 providing information on the clean-up activities undertaken to-date. Further meetings between NCO, EPA and Narrabri Shire Council have been held to try to agree a course of action. No further direction from EPA had been received at the time of the audit.		
R1.5	The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA via eConnect EPA or by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').	The reporting period under the EPL is 20 February to 19 February each year, given this, the Annual Return for the 2018-19 reporting period was required to be submitted to EPA on 21 April 2019. NOCPL submitted the Annual Return was submitted on the 7 May 2019. NOCPL received an Official Caution letter from the EPA dated 24 October 2019.	ANC	No action required, the Annual Return has been submitted to EPA.
E2	Noise impacts where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground must be addressed by: a) documenting noise complaints received to identify any higher level of impacts or wind patterns; where levels of noise complaints indicated a higher level of impact then actions to quantify and ameliorate any enhanced impacts where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground should be developed and implemented.	NCO advised that wind speed is checked when complaints are received to determine whether actions are required are required to quantify and ameliorate any enhanced actions where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground. However, the complaints register reviewed did not make reference to wind speed data at the time of complaints. In addition, there is no process or procedure that requires the wind speed to be documented when a complaint is made nor for additional actions to be raised in accordance with this conditions.	NC	A process or procedure should be developed to ensure that wind speed is recorded on the complaints register at the time of the complaint and appropriate action taken.
Mining Li	icence 1624			
3a	Mining operations must not be carried out otherwise than in accordance with a Mining Operations Plan (MOP) which has been approved by the Director-General of the Department of Primary Industries.	The Annual Review 2018 refers to a non-compliance with this condition due to NCO being required under the MOP to complete additional testing of the Reject Emplacement Area (REA) by 28 November 2018. The Annual Review notes that additional testing had commenced but had not been completed within the specified timeframe. A Direction Notice issued by the Resources Regulator required the additional sampling to be completed by 31 July 2019. The report was prepared by ATC Williams and submitted to the Resources Regulator on 31 July 2019.	ANC	No action required, additional testing has been completed.

4. CONCLUSION

An audit of CoA, Mining Lease and Environmental Protection Licence conditions has been completed as well as a check against commitments made in the management plans developed as part of CoA conditions for the site.

Overall, compliance was generally achieved with the audit documents that were reviewed. The number of non-compliances with the statutory conditions and implementation of the management plans is summarised in *Table 4.1* below.

Table 4.1 Summary of Audit Findings

Review	Non-compliances (NC)	Administrative non- compliance (ANC)	Observations (Obs	Observations (Obs C)
Statutory Instruments	6	5	-	-
Implementation of Plans	-	-	-	6

An action response table has been developed by Whitehaven Coal addressing all audit findings and will be submitted separately to this report.

APPENDIX A CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION LICENCE AND MINING LEASE COMPLIANCE TABLES

ANNEX A CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL
Compliance with Ministers Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 MOD 6

Document details	
Document title	Annex A Conditions of Approval
Document subtitle	Compliance with Ministers Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 MOD 6
Project No.	0523817
Date	31 January 2020
Version	1.1
Author	Heather McKay, Peter Gleadhill, Gareth Swarbrick
Client Name	Whitehaven Coal Limited

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No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations
SCHE	DULE 2 – ADMINISTRATIVE CONDITIONS				
OBLIG	ATION TO MINIMISE HARM TO THE ENVIRONMENT				
2.1	The Proponent shall implement all practicable measures to prevent and/or minimise any harm to the environment that may result from the construction, operation, or rehabilitation of the project.	This audit	Review of management plans, implementation of plans and site inspection to confirm – refer tables of this audit.	Note	
Terms	of Approval				
2.2	The Proponent shall carry out the project generally in accordance with the: (a) EA; and (b) conditions of this approval. Note: The general layout of the project is shown in Figures 1 and 2 of Appendix 2.	This audit	Refer to Table A2 of this Audit		
2.3	If there is any inconsistency between the above documents, the most recent document shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency. However, the conditions of this approval shall prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.	Note	Noted	Note	
2.4	The Proponent shall comply with any reasonable and feasible requirements of the Secretary arising from the Department's assessment of: (a) any reports, plans, programs, strategies or correspondence that are submitted in accordance with the conditions of this approval; and (b) the implementation of any actions or measures contained in these reports, plans, programs, strategies or correspondence.	Note	NCO has complied with requirements of the Secretary as necessary during the audit period. Further details are provided in the below report.	С	
Limits	On Approval				
2.5	The Proponent may undertake mining operations on the site for 21 years from the date of this approval. Note: Under this Approval, the Proponent is required to rehabilitate the site and to perform additional undertakings to the satisfaction of the Secretary. Consequently, this approval will continue to apply in all other respects other than the right to conduct mining operations until the site has been rehabilitated to a satisfactory standard.	Note	Noted	Note	
2.6	The Proponent shall not extract more than 11 million tonnes of ROM coal from the site per calendar year.	Annual Reviews 2016, 2017, 2018 Material movements spreadsheet NCO Environment report November 2018	2016- 5.59MT 2017- 6.92MT 2018- 5.28MT 2019 (YTD) – 5.7Mt	С	
2.7	The Proponent shall transport all coal from the site by rail.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent Interview with Surface Operations Manager and review of CoalTrak records Material movement spreadsheet 2018- 2019	All coal is transported by rail.	С	
2.7A	The Proponent may undertake a one off transport of coal by road of an approximate 600 tonne bulk sample of coal in accordance with the procedures, vehicle traffic route and transport operating hours as specified in the modification application 08_0144 MOD 2 and accompanying letter dated 12 December 2011 from Whitehaven Coal Mining Limited.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	NT	
2.8	The Proponent shall not transport any coal reject from the site.	Review of CoalTrak records	All reject is placed on the REA.	С	

		Interview with Environmental Superintendent			
lannir	ng Agreements				
2.9	Within 6 months of this approval, the Proponent shall enter into planning agreements with Narrabri Shire Council (NSC), Gunnedah Shire Council (GSC) and the Minister in accordance with: (a) Division 6 of Part 4 of the EP&A Act; and (b) the terms of the Proponent's offers accepted at NSC's meeting of 16 February 2010, and GSC's meeting of 16 February 2010, which includes the matters set out in Appendix 4. If there is any dispute between the Proponent and either NSC or GSC during the formal drafting of the planning agreements, then any of the parties involved may refer the matter to the Secretary for resolution.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	NT	
Surren	der of Stage 1 Approval				
2.10	Within 12 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall surrender its previous project approval for the Narrabri Coal Mine to the satisfaction of the Secretary, in accordance with section 75YA of the EP&A Act. Prior to the surrender of the Stage 1 approval, if there is any inconsistency between the Stage 1 and Stage 2 approvals, the conditions of the Stage 2 approval shall prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	NT	
lanag	ement Plans/Monitoring Programs				
2.11	With the approval of the Secretary, the Proponent may submit any management plan or monitoring program required by this approval on a progressive basis. Note: The conditions of this approval require certain strategies, plans, and programs to be prepared for the project. They also require these documents to be reviewed and audited on a regular basis to ensure they remain effective. However, in some instances, it will not be necessary or practicable to prepare these documents for the whole project at any one time, particularly as these documents are intended to be dynamic and improved over time. Consequently, the documents may be prepared and implemented on a progressive basis, subject to the conditions of this approval. In doing this however, the Proponent will need to demonstrate that it has suitable documents in place to manage the existing operations of the project.	Note	Noted	Note	
.12	Stage 1 strategies, plans or programs continue to have effect until replaced by an equivalent approved strategy, plan or program prepared and approved under this approval.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent Review of updated Management Plans and correspondence with DPIE	It was noted that a number of management plans have been updated since the original approvals issued under the Project Approval and where Secretary approval has been received the revised management plan has been implemented at the site. The Air Quality Management Plan, Water Management Plan, Waste Management Plan, Energy Efficiency Action Plan and Greenhouse Gas Management Plan have been revised and submitted to the Secretary at various times between 2016 and 2019 however no formal approval has been received.	С	
Structu	ıral Adequacy			1	
2.13	The Proponent shall ensure that all new buildings and structures, and any alterations or additions to existing buildings and structures, are constructed in accordance with the relevant requirements of the BCA. Notes: Under Part 4A of the EP&A Act, the Proponent is required to obtain construction and occupation certificates for the proposed building works. Part 8 of the EP&A Regulation sets out the requirements for the certification of the project. 	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No new buildings or structures have been constructed during the audit period.	NT	
Demoli	ition			1	
.14	The Proponent shall ensure that all demolition work is carried out in accordance with Australian Standard AS 2601-2001: The Demolition of Structures, or its latest version.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No demolition has taken place during the audit period.	NT	

Compliance with Ministers Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 MOD 6

The Proponent shall ensure that all plant and equipment used on site is: Interview with Surface Operations Training and competencies of all employees and С (a) maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and Manager contractors are recorded in the 'Onsite' platform. This (b) operated in a proper and efficient manner. also included verification of competency (VOC) records for operation of plant and equipment. The level of Maintenance System Standard, Pulse competency, i.e. trained, assessed, authorised or Maintenance System and examples of appointed, is recorded for each individual. maintenance scheduled inspections Training and competency records on The Narrabri site inductions incudes site specific 'Onsite' platform operating standards and records are maintained in Introduction to Site Surface Fixed Plant Onsite. Form When new plant is introduced on site it goes through an introduction to site process to ensure it is compliant with statutory requirements and a maintenance strategy is developed which includes a daily pre-start. The coal conveyor is subject to daily walk around which is included in the maintenance schedule and recorded in Pulse.

SCHEDULE 3 - ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS - MINING AREA

SUBSIDENCE IMACT PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 5 of the revised Statement of

The Proponent shall ensure that mine subsidence does not cause any exceedances of the performance measures in Table 1.

Table 1: Subsidence Impact Performance Measures

Table 1. Subsidence impact i enormance measures					
Water Resources					
Great Artesian Basin	The Proponent shall ensure that, within 5 years of the date of this approval, any loss of water flow into the Great Artesian Basin aquifers (equal to the maximum predicted impact, or the measured impact of the project, whichever is the greater), is managed, licensed or offset (including the possibility of injection of raffinate) to the satisfaction of DPI Water.				
Biodiversity					
Flora and Fauna	The Proponent shall ensure that clearing and disturbance of vegetation above the mining area is minimised, to the satisfaction of the Secretary.				

Note: The Proponent may be required to define other performance measures and performance indicators in management plans required under this approval (see eg condition 3 below).

Sighted evidence includes

- **Annual Reviews**
- Water Access Licenses Aquifer Interference License
- Groundwater modelling Environmental monitoring
- reports Groundwater testing and
- monitoring
- Disturbance permits
- Pre-clearance surveys
- MOP requirements
- **Ecological Report reports** pre-clearance reports
- piezometers levels
- extensometer movements
- ecological reports that note changes to vegetation or geomorphology
- comparisons of mine water balance against model predictions (Annual reviews)
- ponding observations, survey measurements and multispectral imaging provided in Land Management plans and EcoLogical reports

Interview with Environmental Superintendent, Subsidence Engineer and Surveyor

Complies with current water access licenses based on mine outflow (pumping) records as reported in Annual Reviews 2016 to 2018

Complies

Performance Measures – Built Features

3.2	performance measures in Table Table 2: Subsidence Impact Perform Built Features All built features Public Safety Public Safety Notes: 1) The Proponent will be required.	•	Approved management plans including:	These documents are approved and undergo continual review. Subsidence monitoring data was provided to the auditor and uploaded to the Subsidence Portal. The Subsidence Portal is accessible by the miner and the regulator but does not appear to be accessible by the responsible subsidence engineer who is required to review the data, recalibrate models as necessary and update predictions.		Provide the responsible subsidence engineer with access to the subsidence portal.
	Management Plan (see condition 2) Requirements regarding safet actions being taken prior to or du 3) Compensation required under the Mine Subsidence Compensation	n 4 below). y or serviceability do not prevent preventative or mitigatory uring mining in order to achieve or maintain these outcome this condition includes any compensation payable under tion Act 1961 and/or the Mining Act 1992.				
3.3	interpretation, application or implied the settled by DRE. DRE may seek to			Whitehaven own the majority if not all of the land potentially impacted by subsidence and purchase additional land as mining progresses. Therefore, this clause is not expected to be invoked during mining.	NT	
Extrac	tion Plan		'			
3.4	settled by DRE. DRE may seek the advice of the MSB on the matter. Any decision by DRE shall be final and not subject to further dispute resolution under this approval. The Proponent shall prepare and implement Extraction Plans for any second workings to be mined to the satisfaction of the Secretary. Each Extraction Plan must: (a) be prepared by a team of suitably qualified and experienced persons whose appointment has been endorsed by the Secretary; (b) be approved by the Secretary before the Proponent carries out any of the second workings covered by the plan; (c) include detailed plans of the proposed first and second workings and any associated surface development; (d) include detailed performance indicators for each of the performance measures in Tables 1 and 2; (e) provide revised predictions of the potential subsidence effects, subsidence impacts and environmental consequences of the proposed second workings, incorporating any relevant information obtained since this approval; (f) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure compliance with the performance measures in Tables 1 and 2, and manage or remediate any impacts and/or environmental consequences:		Subsidence monitoring reports Ecological reports Water Management Plans monitoring & triggers contingency measures visible crack in the bed of the creek will be in-filled Water Management Plans model calibration to match measured groundwater levels and mine in/out flows Evidence of subsidence monitoring sighted by the auditor includes: summary records are provided for each longwall subsidence predictions have been updated for each approval stage no evidence sighted of predictions being updated since all built features not owned by Whitehaven Coal lie outside of the 20 mm subsidence limit and are therefore not monitored Water Management Plan monitoring including piezometers	During the auditor inspection significant surface cracking due to mine subsidence was observed that appears to lie outside of the subsidence predictions provided for LW107 to LW110. The Land Management Plan requires permanent cracks greater than 50 mm to be remediated by ripping or filling and cracks greater than 330 mm to be investigated and the subsidence predictions updated. There are many cracks that exceed 50mm (around 50% of all cracks records provided to the auditor) and most of these have no documented treatment. There are eight cracks out of the 73 provided to the auditor that exceed 330 mm in width. None of these cracks are shown to have been investigated or treated.	NC	NCO should review the subsidence monitoring program deliverables of the Land Management Plan LW107 – LW110 and the TARP.

	 h) include a: Water Management Plan, which has been prepared in consultation with EPA and DPI Water, which provides for the management of the potential impacts and/or environmental consequences of the proposed second workings on surface water resources, groundwater resources and flooding, and which includes: surface and groundwater impact assessment criteria, including trigger levels for investigating any potentially adverse impacts on water resources or water quality; a program to monitor and report groundwater inflows to underground workings; and a program to manage and monitor impacts on groundwater bores on privately-owned land; Biodiversity Management Plan, which has been prepared in consultation with OEH and DRE, which provides for the management of the potential impacts and/or environmental consequences of the proposed second workings on flora and fauna; Land Management Plan, which has been prepared in consultation with any affected public authorities, to manage the potential impacts and/or environmental consequences of the proposed second workings on land in general; Heritage Management Plan, which has been prepared in consultation with OEH and relevant stakeholders for Aboriginal heritage, to manage the potential environmental consequences of the proposed second workings on heritage sites or values; and (i) include a program to collect sufficient baseline data for future Extraction Plans. Notes: Management plans prepared under condition 4(h) should address all potential impacts of proposed underground coal extraction on the relevant features. Other similar management plans required under this approval (e.g. under conditions 13 and 23 of schedule 4 or condition 3 of schedule 5) are not required to duplicate these plans or to otherwise address the impacts associated with underground coal extraction. 	groundwater inflows (Annual Reviews) groundwater table drawdown against predictions (Annual Groundwater Review) Land Management Plan monitoring: Vegetation changes (LiDAR) Iength of streambank erosion ecology (LiDAR) ponding observations and survey measurements multi-spectrum imaging observation records of surface cracking and sinkholes including location and depth Interview with Environmental Superintendent, Subsidence Engineer and Surveyor			
3.5	The Proponent shall ensure that the management plans required under condition 4(h) above include: (a) an assessment of the potential environmental consequences of the Extraction Plan, incorporating any relevant information that has been obtained since this approval; (b) a detailed description of the measures that would be implemented to remediate predicted impacts; and (c) a contingency plan that expressly provides for adaptive management.	Potential environmental consequences are being be monitored by: I and surveys annual LiDAR surveys piezometer monitoring water quality monitoring Contingencies include: Extraction Management Plan section (general statement) Water Management Plan section 5.4.7 Land Management Plan section 11 Interview with Environmental Superintendent, Subsidence Engineer and Surveyor	Whitehaven own the affected land and therefore have the ability to apply a range of contingency measures as required.	С	
First W	/orkings				
3.6	The Proponent may carry out first workings within the underground mining area, other than in accordance with an approved extraction plan, provided that DRE is satisfied that the first workings are designed to remain stable and non-subsiding in the long-term, except insofar as they may be impacted by approved second workings. Note: The intent of this condition is not to require an additional approval for first workings, but to ensure that first workings are built to geotechnical and engineering standards sufficient to	Subsidence predictions	Subsidence Predictions include separate consideration of the effect of first workings.	С	
	ensure long- term stability, with negligible resulting direct subsidence impacts.				
Payable	e of reasonable costs				T.
3.7	The Proponent shall pay all reasonable costs incurred by the Department to engage independent experts to review the adequacy of any aspect of an Extraction Plan.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent, Subsidence Engineer and Surveyor	No evidence this has been required in the reporting period.	С	

SCHEDULE 4 – SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS – SURFACE AREA AND GENERAL

NOISE

Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 10 of the revised Statement of Commitments

Impact Assessment Criteria

The Proponent shall ensure that the noise generated by the project does not exceed the 4.1 levels set out in Table 1.

Table 1: Impact assessment criteria dB(A)

. 42.0					
Location	Day	Evening Night		ght	
	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}	L _{Aeq(1 minute)}	
All privately owned residences	35	35	35	45	

Notes:

- To determine compliance with the LAeq(15 minute) limit, noise from the project is to be measured at the most affected point within the residential boundary, or at the most affected point within 30 metres of a dwelling (rural situations) where the dwelling is more than 30 metres from the boundary. Where it can be demonstrated that direct measurement of noise from the project is impractical, the EPA may accept alternative means of determining compliance (see Chapter 11 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy). The modification factors in Section 4 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy shall also be applied to the measured noise levels where applicable.
- These noise limits apply to applicable receivers under all meteorological conditions except for any one of the following:
- o wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or
- o stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or
- o stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- Except for wind speed at microphone height, the data to be used for determining meteorological conditions shall be that recorded by the meteorological weather station located in the vicinity of the site, or as otherwise agreed by the Secretary.
- To determine compliance with the LA1(1 minute) noise limits, noise from the project is to be measured at 1 metre from the dwelling facade. Where it can be demonstrated that direct measurement of noise from the project is impractical, the EPA may accept alternative means of determining compliance (see Chapter 11 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy).
- These limits do not apply if the Proponent has an agreement with the relevant owner/s of these residences to generate higher noise levels, and the Proponent has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

Annual reviews 2016, 2017, 2018

EPL monitoring reports - 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019

Quarterly attended noise monitoring reports - 2017, 2018, 2019

The following exceedances of EPL noise limits were recorded during the audit period:

- 27 June 2017: Point N5, Night LAeg (15 minute) of 37 dB and Night - LA1 (1 minute) of 46 dB.
- 29 June 2017: Point N6, Night LAeq (15 minute)
- 07 September 2017: Point N6, Night LAeq (15 minute) of 36 dB.
- June 2019: Point N6, Day LAeq (15 minute) of 42 dB and Point N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 43 (Note: both recorded during non-compliant weather conditions of wind speed > 3 m/s and as such do not represent a non-compliance with the Project Approval).
- 04 September 2019: Point N9, Day LAeq (15 minute) of 39 dB.

subsequent investigations by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) dated 1 August 2019, exceedances in noise monitoring results were likely attributable to the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan. Subsequently a Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study conducted by Spectrum Acoustics dated 19 November 2019 assessed noise control options based on technical information for the fans and noise measurements taken in 2014 and 2019. Based on outcomes of the Study, ERM understands that NCO is investigating a number of noise attenuation measures including the installation of a 14 m high acoustic barrier at the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan which is expected to reduce noise levels at the receiver point 5 km north of the fans to less than criteria under Condition 4.1. NCO is progressing the validation of noise modelling assumptions to inform the engineering designs, cost and project management aspects required for construction of the noise abatement

Continue to investigate all appropriate noise attenuation measures.

NC

For the exceedance recorded in September 2019, installation.

Noise Acquisition Criteria

If the noise generated by the project exceeds the criteria in Table 2 at any residence on 4.2 privately-owned land then the Proponent shall, upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the landowner, acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in conditions 5-7 of schedule 7.

Table 2: Noise acquisition criteria dB(A)

Location	Day	Evening	Night
	LAeq(15 minute)	LAeq(15 minute)	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}

Title transfer documents Interview with Environmental Superintendent

Oakleigh property was acquired during the audit period.

No other requests received.

С

Compliance with Ministers Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 MOD 6

All privately owned residences	40	40	40
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Note: Noise generated by the project is to be measured in accordance with the notes presented below Table 1. For this condition to apply, the exceedances of the criteria must be systemic.

Additional Noise Mitigation Measures

If the noise generated by the project is equal to or exceeds the criteria in Table 3 at any residence on privately-owned land, then the Proponent shall, upon receiving a written request from the landowner, implement reasonable and feasible noise mitigation measures (such as double-glazing, insulation, and/or air conditioning) at the residence in consultation with the landowner. If within 3 months of receiving this request from the landowner, the Proponent and the landowner cannot agree on the measures to be implemented, or there is a dispute about the implementation of these measures, then either party may refer the matter to the Secretary for resolution.

Table 3: Additional noise mitigation criteria

Location	Day	Evening	Night
	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}	L _{Aeq(15 minute)}
All privately owned residences	38	38	38

Note: Noise generated by the project is to be measured in accordance with the notes presented below Table 1.

For this condition to apply, the exceedances of the criteria must be systemic.

Noise Management Plan

- The Proponent shall revise the Noise Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with noise management (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Noise Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This Plan shall:
 - a) be prepared in consultation with EPA by a suitably qualified expert whose appointment has been approved by the Secretary;
 - b) be submitted to the Secretary for approval by 30 June 2011;
 - c) include a Noise Monitoring Program incorporating:
 - real-time noise and temperature inversion monitoring; and
 - attended noise monitoring
 - to monitor the performance of the project;
 - d) include reactive noise control measures to manage noise impacts for sensitive receivers; and
 - e) include a protocol to establish whether the project is complying with the noise impact assessment criteria in Table 1.

Noise Management Plan WHC_PLN_NAR_NOISE MANAGEMENT PLAN 1 June 2018

Interview with Environmental

Superintendent

Annual Review 2018

Sentinex repository

TARP Noise alarms and temperature inversion conditions 2017

The updated NMP for Stage 2, prepared by Spectrum Acoustics, was approved by the Secretary on 11 December 2011. A revised plan was subsequently approved on 5 June 2018.

The NMP meets the requirements of the condition.

No requests have been received during the audit

period.

The mine reported Sound Power Levels (SPLs) which exceeded those identified in the NMP in the 2018 Annual Review. DPIE requested additional information in October 2018 which the mine provided. DPIE issued a Warning Letter in December 2018.

Real time noise, weather and inversion monitoring is undertaken at two locations to the north and south of the site. Data is recorded in the Sentinex repository.

There is no TARP for fan noise, however an alarm is set on the monitors to record when the fan noise frequency is reached.

No complaints have been received related to dozer noise. The NMP contains a TARP for dozer noise. The Level 2 trigger response includes limiting operations to critical dozing only and limit the reversing speed.

NC

NT

Continue to monitor SPL's and implement all reasonable and feasible best practice noise mitigation measures to reduce noise generated by the project...

Continuous Improvement

- 4.5 The Proponent shall:
 - (a) implement all reasonable and feasible best practice noise mitigation measures;
 - (b) investigate ways to reduce the noise generated by the project, including off-site road and rail noise and maximum noise levels which may result in sleep disturbance; and
 - (c) report on these investigations and the implementation and effectiveness of these measures in the Annual Review, to the satisfaction of the Secretary.

Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study, Spectrum Acoustics, November 2019 Interview with Environmental superintendent Measures to reduce Nosie impacts are ongoing and have included:

- Maintaining equipment exhausts and conducting noise testing of plant;
- Investigating the purchase of additional gas drainage equipment; and

С

 Investigating options for reducing SPL's on the stockpile dozer fleet and gas drainage equipment.

A study was conducted by Spectrum Acoustics in October 2019 into the sound power levels of the main vent fans and noise control options. The study concluded that further noise reduction would require the use of noise barriers. The intention is to install a noise barrier at the main vent site. At the time of the audit the noise barrier design and noise modelling was completed and awaiting CAPEX approval.

AIR QUALITY

Impact Assessment Criteria

4.6 Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 11 of the revised Statement of Commitments.

The Proponent shall ensure that dust emissions generated by the project do not cause additional exceedances of the criteria listed in Tables 4 to 6 at any residence on privately-owned land.

Table 4: Long term impact assessment criteria for particulate matter

Pollutant	Averaging period	^d Criterion
Total suspended particulate (TSP) matter	Annual	^а 90 µg/m3
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM10)	Annual	^а 30 µg/m3

Table 5: Short term impact assessment criteria for particulate matter

Pollutant	Averaging period	^d Criterion
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM10)	24 hour	^а 50 µg/m3

Table 6: Long term impact assessment criteria for deposited dust

Pollutant	Averaging period	Maximum increase in deposited dust level	Maximum total deposited dust level
Deposited dust	Annual	^b 2g/m²/month	^a 4g/m ² /month

Notes to Tables 4-6

- a Total impact (i.e. incremental increase in concentrations due to the project plus background concentrations due to all other sources);
- b Incremental impact (i.e. incremental increase in concentrations due to the project on its own);
- c Deposited dust is to be assessed as insoluble solids as defined by Standards Australia, AS/NZS 3580.10.1:2003: Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Ambient Air - Determination of Particulate Matter - Deposited Matter - Gravimetric Method; and
- d Excludes extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning, dust storms, sea fog, fire incidents or any other activity agreed by the Secretary.

Annual Reviews 2016, 2017, 2018

Dust monitoring reports

Interview with Environmental Superintendent

OEH regional air quality reports

Evidence photos of storms and bushfire

The following exceedance of assessment criteria were reported for the audit period:

- 2018 dust annual average exceeded at 2 locations
- 2018 PM10 24 hr average exceeded on 2 occasions November and December 2018
- 2019 a total of five exceedances for PM10 noted (February and October 2019 for ND9, September and February, October 2019 for ND10).

All exceedances were investigated and found to be associated with regional events including dust storms and bushfires.

С

Operating Conditions

- 4 7 The Proponent shall:
 - (a) implement all reasonable and feasible measures to minimise the:
 - odour, fume and dust emissions of the project; and

Site observations

CoalTrak is used in real time by the operator. If the wind or noise TARP is triggered the operator records what action was taken in CoalTrak.

С

 release of greenhouse gas emissions from the project; (b) operate a comprehensive air quality management system that uses a combination of predictive meteorological forecasting and real-time air quality monitoring data to guide the day to day planning of operations and the implementation of both proactive and reactive air quality mitigation measures to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this approval; (c) minimise any visible air pollution; and (d) minimise the air quality impacts of the project during adverse meteorological conditions and extraordinary events (see note d to Tables 4-6 above). to the satisfaction of the Secretary. 	Triggered TARP for dust from Coal Stockpiles, September 2019 CoalTrak records Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Visual observations of dust are being made all the time and comments made in the shift notes in CoalTrak. A water cart on site at all times and in use if the water cannons are offline. Coal was not being brought to the surface at the time of audit. The audit team did not observe any dust from the stockpiles.		
ality Management Plan				
The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must: (a) be prepared in consultation with the EPA, and be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 December 2015, unless otherwise agreed with the Secretary; (b) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure compliance with relevant air quality criteria and operating conditions of this approval; (c) describe the proposed air quality management system; and (d) include an air quality monitoring program that: • adequately supports the proactive and reactive air quality management system; • evaluates and reports on: o the effectiveness of the air quality management system; and o compliance with the air quality operating conditions; and • defines what constitutes an air quality incident, and includes a protocol for identifying and notifying the Department and relevant stakeholders of any air quality incidents.	WHC_PLN_NAR_AIR QUALITY MONITORING PROGRAM Rev2 2015 Interview with Environmental Superintendent DPIE approval letter dated 26 May 2015	Rev2 of the AQMP was approved by DPIE on 26 May 2015. Consultation undertaken with EPA in December 2014. The AQMP was reviewed in 2016 and submitted to DPIE. Comments were received and the plan resubmitted. Approval has not yet been received from DPIE and the 2015 version remains in effect. The approved AQMP meets the requirements of this condition.	Obs C	NCO should confirm with DPIE if the revised AQMP is to be approved.
DROLOGICAL MONITORING				
For the life of the project, the Proponent shall ensure that there is a meteorological station in the vicinity of the site that:	Weather data	Weather data has been provided for the audit period.	С	
 (a) complies with the requirements in Approved Methods for Sampling of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC, 2007), or its latest version; and (b) is capable of real-time measurement of temperature lapse rate in accordance with the NSW Industrial Noise Policy, unless a suitable alternative is approved by the Secretary following consultation with the EPA. 	Site observations			
R MANAGEMENT				
nese conditions must be read in conjunction with Section 6 and 7 of the Statement of Commitments.				
dwater Model				
Within 2 years of the commencement of longwall coal extraction, and every 5 years thereafter, the Proponent shall undertake a transient calibration of the groundwater model presented in the EA, in consultation with DPI Water, and to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This re-calibration of the groundwater model must include forward impact predictions of brine re-injection to the mine's goaf at the conclusion of mining operations.	Narrabri Mine Groundwater Data Analysis and Model Recalibration, September 2016	Comments were received from DPI Water in September 2015 and incorporated into 2016 report. Updated report submitted to DPIE on 28 September 2016, no approval has been received. The groundwater model is currently being recalibrated by AGE as part of the Stage 3 assessment.	Obs C	NCO should confirm with DPIE if the groundwater model is to be approved.
Supply	I			1
бирріу				
	 (b) operate a comprehensive air quality management system that uses a combination of predictive meteorological forecasting and real-time air quality monitoring data to guide the day to day planning of operations and the implementation of both proactive and reactive air quality mitigation measures to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this approval; (c) minimise any visible air pollution; and (d) minimise the air quality impacts of the project during adverse meteorological conditions and extraordinary events (see note d to Tables 4-6 above). to the satisfaction of the Secretary. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must: (a) be prepared in consultation with the EPA, and be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 December 2015, unless otherwise agreed with the Secretary; (b) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure compliance with relevant air quality criteria and operating conditions of this approval; (c) describe the proposed air quality management system; and (d) include an air quality monitoring program that: adequately supports the proactive and reactive air quality management system; evaluates and reports on: the effectiveness of the air quality management system; and compliance with the air quality operating conditions; and defines what constitutes an air quality management system; and compliance with the air quality operating conditions; and Monitorial Proposed in the Proponent shall ensure that there is a meteorological station in the vicinity of the site that: (a) complies with the requirements in Approved Methods for Sampling of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC, 2007), or its latest version; and (b) is capable of real-time measurement of temperature lapse rate in accordance with t	(b) operate a comprehensive air quality management system that uses a combination of predictive meteorological forecasting and real-time air quality monitoring data to guide the day to day planning of operations and the implementation of both proactive and reactive air approval; (c) minimise any visible air pollution; and (d) minimise the air quality impacts of the project during adverse meteorological conditions and extraordinary events (see note d to Tables 4-6 above). The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must: (a) be prepared in consultation with the EPA, and be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 December 2015, unless otherwise agreed with the Secretary; (b) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure compliance with relevant air quality criteria and operating conditions of this approval; (c) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure compliance with relevant air quality criteria and operating conditions of this approval; (e) describe the prosposed air quality management system; and (d) include an air quality monitoring program that: • adequately supports the proactive and reactive air quality management system; • evaluates and reports on: • the effectiveness of the air quality management system; and • compliance with the air quality incident, and includes a protocol for identifying and notifying the Department and relevant stakeholders of any air quality incidents. **ROLOGICAL MONITORING** For the life of the project, the Proponent shall ensure that there is a meteorological station in the vicinity of the site that: (a) compliance with the requirements in Approved Methods for Sampling of Air Pollutants in New South Wales (DECC, 2007), or its latest version; and (b) is capable of real-time measurement of temperature lapse rat	(a) operate a comprehensive air quality management system that uses a combination of productive metocytological forecasting and real-time air quality monitoring data to guide the day to day planning of operations and the implementation of both proactive and reactive air quality minimise may visible air quality implement on the relevant conditions of this understanding of operations, and extraordinary events (see note of to Tables 4-6 above). Introview with Environmental Superintendent The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This program must. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the Portion of the Secretary of a providing of the project of the p	(a) operate a comprehensive air quality management system that uses a combination of edity to day planning of operators and the implementation of both projections and estandardinary exists air pollution; and estandardinary exists air pollution; and estandardinary events (see note do to Tables 4-6 above). (b) minimise any visible air pollution; and ((1) minimise and requisity imposed of the project during adverse meleorological conditions and estandardinary events (see note do to Tables 4-6 above). (b) discrimination of the Socretary. (a) the satisfaction of the Socretary. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Air Quality Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Socretary. This program must: (a) be prepared in consultation with the EPA, and so estandardinary events (see note of the society of the satisfaction of the Socretary). This program must: (b) discribe the measures that would be implemented on ensure compliance with relevant air quality management system; and collections of the air quality management system; and collections of the air quality management system; and confidence and relevant stakeholders of any air quality incidents. (c) describe the proposed of a quality management system; and compliance with the experiment and relevant stakeholders of any air quality incidents. (c) describe the proposed of a quality management system; and compliance with the air quality management system; and compliance with the proposed of the proposed of a quality management system; and compliance with the air quality management system; and compliance with the planning of the proposed of the proposed of a quality management system; and compliance with the planning of the proposed of the pro

4.9B	The Proponent shall provide a compensatory water supply to any landowner of privately-owned land whose water supply is adversely and directly impacted as a result of the project (other than an impact that is minor or negligible), in consultation with DPI Water, and to the satisfaction of the Secretary. The compensatory water supply measures must provide an alternative long-term supply of water that is equivalent to the loss attributable to the project. Equivalent water supply should be provided (at least on an interim basis) as soon as practicable from the loss being identified, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner. If the Proponent and the landowner cannot agree on the measures to be implemented, or there is a dispute about the implementation of these measures, then either party may refer the matter to the Secretary for resolution. If the Proponent is unable to provide an alternative long-term supply of water, then the Proponent shall provide alternative compensation to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Noted	No compensatory water supply has been required during the audit period.	NT
Discha	rges			
4.10	Except as may be expressly provided for by an EPL, the Proponent shall not discharge any waters from the disturbed areas of the site. However, raffinate from the water conditioning plant may be transferred to water users in accordance with an approved Water Management Plan (see below).	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	There has been no discharge from disturbed areas during the audit period.	NT
4.11	Any raffinate from the water conditioning plant discharged to the Namoi River must be discharged in accordance with the conditions of an EPL and meet the following criteria: (a) 50 percentile of all samples (volume based) are below 250 mg/l of Total Dissolved Solids; (b) 100 percentile of all samples (volume based) are below 350 mg/l of Total Dissolved Solids; and (c) pH values of all sampled water to be between 6.5 and 8.5.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	There has been no discharge of raffinate during the audit period	NT
4.12	Within 3 years of the date of this approval, or otherwise agreed by the Secretary, the Proponent must commission the water conditioning plant identified in the EA, to the satisfaction of the Secretary.		Outside audit period	NT
Water I	Management Plan			
4.13	Prior to 30 June 2011, the Proponent shall revise the Water Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with water management (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Water Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This revised plan must be produced in consultation with EPA and DPI Water by suitably qualified expert/s whose appointment/s have been approved by the Secretary and include a: a) Site Water Balance; b) Erosion and Sediment Control Plan; c) Surface Water Monitoring Plan; d) Raffinate Discharge and Transfer Control and Monitoring Plan; e) Groundwater Monitoring Program; and f) Surface and Groundwater Response Plan, setting out the procedures for: • investigating, and if necessary mitigating, any exceedances of the surface or groundwater assessment criteria (see conditions 16(b) and 18(c)); and • responding to any unforeseen impacts of the project. Note: The Raffinate Discharge and Transfer Control and Monitoring Plan does not need to be produced and approved until 3 months prior to the planned discharge or transfer of raffinate from the site.	Water Management Plan, Issue 4, March 2013 DPIE approval letter dated 5 April 2013 NRAR comments dated 3 September 2018 Interview with Environmental superintendent	2013 version approved 5 April 2013. Consultation with EPA and DPI Water from the original issue of the WMP is appended to the plan. The WMP was revised and resubmitted in 2017. Comments received from NRAR in comments back from NRAR in September 2018 to address groundwater conditions and the plan is currently under review. The WMP includes a TARP which details the surface water and groundwater response plan. Other plans required by this condition are included in the WMP and discussed below. No raffinate has been discharged or transferred from the site during the audit period.	C
Site Wa	The Cite Water Balance		Ţ	
4.14	The Site Water Balance must: (a) include details of:	Water Management Plan, Issue 4, March 2013 Draft Water Balance Model Report, WRM, May 2019	The WMP includes the Site Water Balance which includes the required details. The water balance has been reviewed internally by NCO engineers during the audit period on at least an annual basis. The Water balance model was reviewed by WRM and a draft issued in May 2019.	С

	 reporting procedures; (b) describe measures to minimise water use by the project; and (c) be reviewed and recalculated each year in the light of the most recent water monitoring data. 	NCO Water balance reviews 2017- 2019		
osior	n and Sediment Control			
.15	The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan must: (a) be consistent with the requirements of <i>Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction</i> manual (Landcom, 2004), or its latest version; (b) identify activities that could cause soil erosion and generate sediment; (c) describe measures to minimise soil erosion and the potential for transport of sediment to downstream waters; (d) describe the location, function, and capacity of erosion and sediment control structures; and (e) describe what measures would be implemented to monitor and maintain the structures over time.	Water Management Plan, Issue 4, March 2013	An E&SCP that meets the requirements is included in the WMP. The audit team observed deployment of erosion and sediment control equipment during the site inspection.	С
ırface	e Water Monitoring Program			
.16	The Surface Water Monitoring Plan must include: (a) detailed baseline data on surface water flows and quality in creeks and other water bodies that could be affected by the project; (b) surface water impact assessment criteria; (c) a program to monitor the impact of the project on surface water flows and quality; (d) procedures for reporting the results of this monitoring.	Water Management Plan, Issue 4, March 2013	A SWMP that meets the requirements is included in the WMP.	С
affina	te Discharge and Transfer Control and Monitoring Plan			
.17	 The Raffinate Discharge Control and Monitoring Plan must: (a) be approved by the Secretary prior to any raffinate discharge to the Namoi River; (b) include measures for the continuous monitoring and recording of volumes of water discharged to the Namoi River; (c) contain an ambient water quality monitoring program upstream and downstream of the discharge point; and (d) contain a water quality monitoring program for discharged waters. 	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No raffinate has been discharged during the audit period.	NT
round	dwater Management Plan			1
18	The Groundwater Monitoring Program must include: (a) further development of the regional and local groundwater model; (b) detailed baseline data to benchmark the natural variation in groundwater levels, yield and quality (including at any privately owned bores in the vicinity of the site); (c) groundwater impact assessment criteria; (d) a program to monitor the impact of the project on groundwater levels, yield and quality; (e) a program to monitor any impacts of the project on the Namoi River Alluvium; (f) a program to monitor (by the use of shallow piezometers/lysimeters), detect, and quantify any leakage/leachate from the site's evaporation/storage ponds, brine storage area or coal reject emplacement area; and (g) procedures for reporting the results of this monitoring.	Water Management Plan, Issue 4, March 2013 Annual Groundwater Review prepared by Groundwater Explorations Services, 2018 and 2019	A Groundwater Monitoring program that meets the requirements is included in the WMP. The results of the groundwater minoring program are reported annually in the Groundwater Review.	С
vapor	ration / Storage Ponds			
19	The Proponent shall ensure that the integrity of the low permeability layers lining the evaporation/storage ponds is maintained and achieves a permeability of less than 1x10 -14 m/s whenever these ponds are in use for the storage of saline waters and less than 1x10 -9 m/s when being used to store raffinate or captured surface waters.	Rail Loop Dams Operation and Maintenance Manual, Issue 4, July 2019 Sample of dam inspection reports Annual Groundwater Review prepared by Groundwater Explorations Services, 2018 and 2019	The dams are subject to weekly, monthly and quarterly inspections by a trained NCO employee. Annual and 5 –yearly are undertaken by a Dam Engineer in accordance with the Dams Safety Act. Groundwater monitoring is also around the dams to assess any leakage from the dams.	С

Brine S	Storage Ponds			I	
4.20	The Proponent shall ensure that the integrity of the low permeability layers lining the brine storage ponds is maintained and achieves a permeability of less than 1x10 -14 m/s whenever these storage ponds are in use.	Rail Loop Dams Operation and Maintenance Manual, Issue 4, July 2019 Sample of dam inspection reports	The dams are subject to weekly, monthly and quarterly inspections by a trained NCO employee. Annual and 5 –yearly are undertaken by a Dam Engineer in accordance with the Dams Safety Act. Groundwater monitoring is also around the dams to assess any leakage from the dams.	С	
		Annual Groundwater Review prepared by Groundwater Explorations Services, 2018 and 2019			
Review	of Brine Management and Beneficial Use of Water and Brine				
4.21	Within 2 years of commissioning the water conditioning plant, and every 5 years thereafter, unless otherwise directed by the Secretary, the Proponent shall engage suitably qualified experts approved by the Secretary to review brine management and beneficial use options for raffinate, brine and minewater produced by the project. The Proponent shall implement all reasonable and feasible recommendations of these reviews, to the satisfaction of the	Preliminary Assessment of Beneficial Use Options for Narrabri Coal, WRM, June 2018	NCO is currently utilising brine on the ROM and the product stockpiles sprays as recommended by the options study, with the remainder managed by store and evaporate.	С	
	Secretary.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Future options will be to investigate methods for brine superconcentration such as brine squeeze.		
HERITA	AGE	•			
	nese conditions should be read in conjunction with section 9 of the revised Statement of Commitments.				
	·				
	inal Cultural Heritage Management Plan The Drepopert shall not destroy demand or defect any known Aberiginal chicate (as defined)		During Nevember 2017 the mine was made aware of a		
4.22	The Proponent shall not destroy damage or deface any known Aboriginal objects (as defined in the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974</i>) without the written approval of the Secretary.	Annual Reviews 2016, 2017, 2018 WHC_PLN_NAR_Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan, Issue 4, June 2019 Interview with Environmental Superintendent	During November 2017 the mine was made aware of a complaint made through DPIE relating to Aboriginal Cultural Heritage with an allegation that the mine had disturbed a designated cultural heritage area. The mine provided all the requested information and was determined to have followed the ACHMP in consulting with the Registered Aboriginal Parties (RAPs) for all activities relating to the complaint. No further issues have been identified during the audit	С	
		Examples of disturbance permits	period. ERM observed identification of aboriginal heritage items in the field in accordance with the ACHMP. Review of a sample of disturbance permits confirmed that aboriginal cultural heritage identification is included in the assessment and that RAPs inspect the site as part of the pre-disturbance survey.		
4.23	The Proponent shall revise the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with Aboriginal cultural heritage management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: (a) be submitted the Secretary by 30 June 2011; (b) be prepared in consultation with the OEH, the Narrabri Local Aboriginal Land Council and the Narrabri Goomeroi Aboriginal Corporation; (c) include a protocol for the ongoing consultation and involvement of Aboriginal communities in the conservation and management of Aboriginal heritage on site; and (d) describe the measures that would be implemented to protect Aboriginal sites on the mine site, (in particular all known Aboriginal sites on lands overlying Longwalls 1-3 and sites 10b, 38, 39 and 106-112), or any new Aboriginal objects or skeletal remains that are identified during the project.	WHC_PLN_NAR_Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan, Issue 4, June 2019 DPIE Approval dated 3 October 2019	The ACHMP in effect was revised and approved by DPIE 3 October 2019. Consultation with appropriate stakeholders is included in the plan. The ACHMP addresses the requirements of the condition – Section 3 of the plan relates to condition (d).	С	
4.24	Prior to undertaking any activities involving surface disturbance or vegetation removal for the lands overlying Longwalls 8-26, the Proponent shall undertake a detailed Aboriginal cultural heritage survey in consultation with the local Aboriginal community and OEH, and to the	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	

Energy Saving Action Plan

	satisfaction of the Secretary. The Secretary may approve this survey being undertaken in several stages, as mining progresses.			
TRANS				
Note: Th	ese conditions should be read in conjunction with section 13 of the revised Statement of Commitments.			
Mine A	Access Road Intersection			
4.25	The Proponent shall maintain the Mine Access Road Intersection with Kurrajong Creek Road and the Kamilaroi Highway in consultation with NSC and to the satisfaction of RMS.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	None required during the audit period	NT
Greylar	nds and Scratch Roads			
4.26	Prior to using Greylands and Scratch Roads to construct mine-related infrastructure, the Proponent shall enter into an agreement with NSC to: a) construct watercourse crossings (either culverts or concrete causeways) on those sections of these roads that it uses in a manner that does not restrict fish passage, in consultation with NSW T&I (Fisheries) and to the satisfaction of NSC; and b) fund the maintenance of those sections of these roads that it uses to an all-weather unsealed road standard.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Greylands Road is under mine ownership. There is no mine related infrastructure on Scratch Road.	С
Gunne	dah Traffic Management Study			
4.27	The Proponent shall contribute, on an equitable basis with other coal project rail users, to the costs of an independent Traffic Management Study analysing the impacts of increased rail traffic on road safety and congestion due to increased closure of rail level crossings within Gunnedah, prepared to the satisfaction of GSC. Note: This study should examine funding mechanisms to implement any recommendations to improve road safety and reduce traffic congestion associated with rail level crossings and be completed by 30 June 2011.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A
VISUAL	IMPACT			
Note: T	hese conditions should be read in conjunction with section 14 of the Statement of Commitments.			
Visual A	Amenity			
4.28	The Proponent shall minimise the visual impacts of the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Site observations	Additional planting has been undertaken in 2019 on the south side of the mine site to reduce visual impacts along the Kimilaroi Highway.	С
Lightin	g Emissions			
4.29	The Proponent shall ensure that: a) no outdoor lights shine above the horizontal; and b) all external lighting associated with the project complies with Australian Standard AS4282 (INT) 1995 – Control of Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.	Complaints register EMM Consulting, Lighting Review Narrabri Mine, July 2019	One complaint (received 17/11/17) references lighting. Additional trees planted as screening in response to the complaint. EMM Consulting conducted a lighting review in July 2019. Fixed lighting designed and procured in accordance with Australian Standard (AS) 4282 – 1997: Control of	С
_,,,	V FEETOLENOV AND ODEENWOOD AND		Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting (AS4282);	
	Y EFFICIENCY AND GREENHOUSE GAS			
Note: T	hese conditions should be read in conjunction with section 11 of the revised Statement of Comm	itments.		

4.30	The Proponent shall revise the Energy Savings Action Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with energy management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Energy Savings Action Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be prepared in consultation with OEH; b) be prepared in accordance with the <i>Guidelines for Energy Savings Action Plans</i> (DEUS, 2005), or its latest version; c) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; and d) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of measures to reduce energy use on site.	Energy Savings Action Plan, Rev 4, August 2014. Correspondence with OEH dated June 2017 Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The effective Energy Action Plan was approved by DPIE in May 2015. The Action Plan details the development of monthly reports on energy usage which are reviewed at the monthly meeting as the means to review effectiveness of the actions. The plan was revised and resubmitted in June 2017 however formal approval has not been received.	Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2017 revision will be approved.
Gas D	Drainage Drainage				
4.31	The Proponent shall implement all reasonable and feasible measures to minimise the greenhouse gas emissions from the underground mining operations to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Narrabri Mine Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan Stage 2 Longwall Project, June 2012	Measures to minimise greenhouse gas emissions are detailed in the GHG Minimisation Plan as discussed below.	N/A	
4.32	Prior to carrying out longwall coal mining operations, the Proponent shall submit a Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan for the approval of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be prepared in consultation with OEH; b) identify options for minimising greenhouse gas emissions from underground mining	Narrabri Mine Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan Stage 2 Longwall Project, June 2012	Approval of the GHG minimisation plan occurred prior to the audit period.	Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2017 revision will be approved.
	operations, with a particular focus on capturing and/or using these emissions; c) investigate the feasibility of implementing each option; d) propose the measures that would be implemented in the short to medium term on site; and	GHG Minimisation revision 1, 2017	The GHG minimisation plan meets the requirements of the condition including implementation of a research program for methods of reuse of coal mine gas.		
	e) include a research program to inform the continuous improvement of the greenhouse gas minimisation measures on site.		The GHG plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on in June 2017 however formal approval has not been received and the 2012 version remains in effect.		
WAST					
WAST					
Waste	e Minimisation				
		WHC_PLN_NAR_Waste Management Plan Rev 2, May 2015	The Waste Management Plan was approved by DPIE on 26 May 2015.	Obs C	
Waste	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must:			Obs C	NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2019 revision will be approved.
Waste	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project;	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the	Obs C	with DPIE if the 2019 revision will
Waste	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect. The updated version of the Plan includes updated	Obs C	with DPIE if the 2019 revision will
Waste 4.33	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project; d) ensure irrigation of treated wastewater is undertaken in accordance with Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (DEC, 2004), or its latest version; and	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect. The updated version of the Plan includes updated	Obs C	with DPIE if the 2019 revision will
Waste 4.33	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project; d) ensure irrigation of treated wastewater is undertaken in accordance with Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (DEC, 2004), or its latest version; and e) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of these measures.	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental Superintendent	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect. The updated version of the Plan includes updated effluent irrigation limits in accordance with guidelines.	Obs C	with DPIE if the 2019 revision will
Waste 4.33 SCHI	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project; d) ensure irrigation of treated wastewater is undertaken in accordance with Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (DEC, 2004), or its latest version; and e) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of these measures.	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental Superintendent	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect. The updated version of the Plan includes updated effluent irrigation limits in accordance with guidelines.	Obs C	with DPIE if the 2019 revision will
Waste 4.33 SCHI Note: Reha	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project; d) ensure irrigation of treated wastewater is undertaken in accordance with Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (DEC, 2004), or its latest version; and e) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of these measures. EDULE 5 - REHABILITATION AND OFFSETS These conditions should be read in conjunction with sections 4, 8 and 12 of the revised Statement bilitation Objectives	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental Superintendent at of Commitments and condition 3(c) of sci	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect. The updated version of the Plan includes updated effluent irrigation limits in accordance with guidelines.		with DPIE if the 2019 revision will
Waste 4.33 SCHI	Note: These conditions should be read in conjunction with section 3 of the revised Statement of Commitments. The Proponent shall revise the Waste Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with waste management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Waste Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) identify the various waste streams of the project; c) describe what measures would be implemented to reuse, recycle, or minimise the waste generated by the project; d) ensure irrigation of treated wastewater is undertaken in accordance with Environmental Guidelines: Use of Effluent by Irrigation (DEC, 2004), or its latest version; and e) include a program to monitor the effectiveness of these measures.	Plan Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dates 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental Superintendent	on 26 May 2015. The Plan was revised and resubmitted to DPIE on 31 October 2019. Approval has not been received and the 2015 version remains in effect. The updated version of the Plan includes updated effluent irrigation limits in accordance with guidelines.	Obs C	with DPIE if the 2019 revision will

	Other land affected by the project	Restore ecosystem function, including maintaining or establishing self-sustaining native ecosystems: comprised of local native plant species; with a landform consistent with the surrounding environment		The rehabilitation plan progress, including and assessment of compliance with performance criteria is reported annually in the biodiversity monitoring reports.	
	Built features	Repair/restore to pre-mining condition or equivalent			
	Community	Minimise the adverse socio-economic effects associated with mine closure including the reduction in local and regional employment Ensure public safety			
		ay be required to define other rehabilitation objectives in trategy required under this schedule.			
Progre	ssive Rehabilitation				
5.2		g operations permit, the Proponent shall carry out rehabilitation s soon as reasonably practicable following the disturbance.	Extraction Plan Appendix F – Rehabilitation Plan Annual biodiversity monitoring reports prepared by Ecological, 2016, 2017 and 2018 Rehabilitation Map Ref. OOD_AC_Rehab Mining Operations Plan prepared by SLR Consulting dated October 2019 MOP approval by Resources Regulator	Progressive rehabilitation is undertaken as outlined in the Rehabilitation Plan and MOP. During the audit period areas 1-6 have been rehabilitated. For 2019 the total area rehabilitated was 77 hectares.	C
Landso	cape Management Plan The Proponent shall revencompass all propose	rise the Landscape Management Plan for the Stage 1 project to d mine activities and potential impacts associated with landscape	Landscape Management Plan April 2016	LMP was approved by DPIE on 6 April 2017 and DRE in March 2017.	С
	management for the site of the Landscape Manamust: (a) be submitted to the site (b) be prepared by suitathe Secretary; (c) be prepared in consideration (d) include a:	e (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version gement Plan to the satisfaction of the Secretary and DRE. This plan Secretary for approval by 30 June 2011; ably qualified expert/s whose appointment/s have been endorsed by alltation with DPI Water, OEH and NSC; and Management Plan; and	DPIE approval letter dated 26 April 2017 DRE approval letter dated March 2017	The Rehabilitation Management Plan and Mine Closure Plan are appended to the LMP as appendices A and B respectively.	
Rehab	ilitation Management	Plan			
5.4	The Rehabilitation Mana a) the rehabilitation b) a strategic de surrounding la c) a general desc to rehabilitate d) a detailed de predicted subs e) a detailed de environmental measures to b	agement Plan must include: on objectives for the site; scription of how the rehabilitation of the site would be integrated with and use; ription of the short and long term measures that would be implemented the site; scription of the measures that would be implemented to remediate idence impacts under individual Extraction Plans; scription of the measures that would be implemented to minimise impacts of mining operations and to rehabilitate the site, including the implemented for: mant vegetation and habitat on site; sects on fauna;	Narrabri Mine Rehabilitation Management Plan, 6 April 2017 Hunter Land Management works records for 9/8/19	The Rehabilitation Management Plan meets the requirements of the condition. The audit team confirmed implementation of aspects of the Plan including weed management. Works records for Hunter Land Management confirm the weed treatment product applied and maps indicating areas of treatment. The audit team observed the use of feral pig traps during the site inspection.	C

- controlling weeds, feral pests, and access;
- managing bushfires; and
- managing any potential conflicts between rehabilitation works and Aboriginal cultural
- (f) detailed performance and completion criteria for the rehabilitation of the site;
- (g) a detailed description of how the performance of the rehabilitation works would be monitored over time to achieve the stated objectives and against the relevant performance and completion criteria: and
- (h) details of who is responsible for monitoring, reviewing and implementing the plan.

Note: In accordance with condition 11 of schedule 2, the preparation and implementation of Rehabilitation Management Plans is likely to be staged, with each plan covering a defined area (or domain) for rehabilitation. In addition, while mining operations are being carried out, some of the proposed remediation or rehabilitation measures may be included in the detailed management plans that form part of the Extraction Plan. If this is the case, however, then the Proponent will be required to ensure that there is good cross-referencing between the various management plans.

Mine Closure Plan

- The Mine Closure Plan must: 5.5
 - a) define the objectives and criteria for mine closure;
 - b) investigate options for the future use of the site;
 - provide a detailed methodology for decommissioning the site's evaporation/storage ponds and the treatment of any accumulated salt within or around those ponds;
 - d) investigate ways to minimise the adverse socio-economic effects associated with mine closure, including reduction in local and regional employment levels;
 - e) describe the measures that would be implemented to minimise or manage the ongoing environmental effects of the project; and
 - describe how the performance of these measures would be monitored over time.

Offsets

Biodiversity Offset Strategy

- The Proponent shall provide a suitable biodiversity offset strategy to compensate for the 5.6 impacts of Stages 1 and 2 of the project. This offset strategy must:
 - a) be prepared in consultation with OEH;
 - be submitted to the Secretary for approval by 31 December 2010, or as otherwise agreed by the Secretary;
 - provide a detailed assessment of offset proposal/s involving the property/ies (agreed to by OEH) adjoining Mt Kaputar National Park to confirm the ability of either of these property/ies to meet "like for like or better" and "maintain or improve" conservation outcomes:
 - d) include and assess proposals to offset impacts to the Inland Grey Box EEC, Bertya opponens, and foraging habitat for the Superb Parrot;
 - include proposals on offsetting both direct and indirect impacts (ie edge effects) of the project: and
 - determine the best overall combination of lands to provide a suitable offset.
- The Proponent shall make suitable arrangements to provide appropriate long-term security 5.7 for the offset areas by 31 December 2011, or other date agreed by the Secretary, to the satisfaction of the Secretary.

Omeo, Greylands, Rosevale, Kurrajong Park and West Haven Biodiversity Offset Conservation Areas Agreement No VCA0495

Interview with Environmental Superintendent

Biodiversity Offset Strategy, Rev 3, July The Biodiversity Offset Strategy has been prepared in accordance with this condition.

of this condition.

DPIE approval letter dated 25 September 2019

2019

Extraction Plan Appendix F - Mine

Closure Plan 2016

provides for the long-term security of the offset areas was submitted to the Biodiversity Conservation Trust in October 2019. Securement of the offset areas is required by 31 March 2020.

The Biodiversity Offset Conservation Agreement which

The approved Mine closure Plan meets the requirement

С

С

С

SCHEDULE 6 - ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, REPORTING AND AUDITING

Note: This schedule should be read in conjunction with sections 15, 16 and 17 of the revised Statement of Commitments.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Environmental Man

Envir	onmental Management Strategy			
6.1	The Proponent shall revise the Environmental Management Strategy for the Stage 1 project to encompass all proposed mine activities and potential impacts associated with environmental management for the site (Stages 1 and 2) and subsequently implement this revised version of the Environmental Management Strategy to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This strategy must: a) be submitted to the Secretary for approval prior to 30 June 2011; b) provide the strategic context for environmental management of the project; c) identify the statutory requirements that apply to the project; d) describe the role, responsibility, authority and accountability of all key personnel involved in the environmental management of the project e) describe the procedures that would be implemented to:	WHC_PLN_NAR_Environmental Management Strategy, Rev 2, May 2015 DPIE approval letter dated 26 May 2015 Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The current EMS was approved by DPIE on 26 May 2015. The EMS meets the requirements of the condition. The EMS was revised and resubmitted to the Department on 31 May 2019.	Obs C NCO should consider confirming with DPIE if the 2019 revision will be approved.
Mana	gement Plan Requirements			
6.2	The Proponent shall ensure that the management plans required under this approval are prepared in accordance with any relevant guidelines, and include:	Review of management plans	Management plans generally meet this requirement, except as where otherwise identified in this report.	С
	 (a) detailed baseline data; (b) a description of: the relevant statutory requirements (including any relevant approval, licence or lease conditions); any relevant limits or performance measures/criteria; the specific performance indicators that are proposed to be used to judge the performance of, or guide the implementation of, the project or any management measures; (c) a description of the measures that would be implemented to comply with the relevant statutory requirements, limits, or performance measures/criteria; (d) a program to monitor and report on the: impacts and environmental performance of the project; effectiveness of any management measures (see (c) above); a contingency plan to manage any unpredicted impacts and their consequences; (f) a program to investigate and implement ways to improve the environmental performance of the project over time; (g) a protocol for managing and reporting any: incidents; complaints; non-compliances with statutory requirements; and exceedances of the impact assessment criteria and/or performance criteria; and (h) a protocol for periodic review of the plan. 			
Revis	on of Strategies, Plan and Programs			
6.3	Within 3 months of the submission of an: a) audit under condition 7 of schedule 6; b) incident report under condition 4 of schedule 6; and c) annual review under condition 5 of schedule 6; and d) any modification to the conditions of this approval (unless the conditions require otherwise),	NCO Management Plan Revision Register Stage 2 Management Plans AR Submission review	Reviews are undertaken as required and documented.	С

		T.			
	the Proponent shall review, and if necessary revise, the strategies, plans, and programs required under this approval to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent			
	Note: This is to ensure that the strategies, plans and programs are updated on a regular basis, and incorporate any recommended measures to improve the environmental performance of the project.				
REPO	RTING				
Incide	nt				
5.4	The Proponent shall notify the Secretary and any other relevant agencies of any incident associated with the project as soon as practicable after the Proponent becomes aware of the incident. Within 7 days of the date of the incident, the Proponent shall provide the Secretary and any relevant agencies with a detailed report on the incident.	Examples of incident reports	Documents provided indicate reports are provided as required.	С	
Regula	ar				
5.5	The Proponent shall provide regular reporting on the environmental performance of the project on its website, in accordance with the reporting arrangements in any plans or programs approved under the conditions of this approval, and to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Review of NCO website	Monitoring reports are provided on the website.	С	
Annua	I Review				
5.6	By the end of March each year, the Proponent must submit a review of the environmental performance of the project for the previous calendar year to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This review must: a) describe the development (including any rehabilitation) that was carried out in the past year, and the development that is proposed to be carried out over the next year; b) include a comprehensive review of the monitoring results and complaints records of the project over the past year, which includes a comparison of these results against the: • relevant statutory requirements, limits or performance measures/criteria; • monitoring results of previous years; and • relevant predictions in the EA and Extraction Plan; c) identify any non-compliance over the last year, and describe what actions were (or are being) taken to ensure compliance; d) identify any trends in the monitoring data over the life of the project; e) identify any discrepancies between the predicted and actual impacts of the project, and analyse the potential cause of any significant discrepancies; and f) describe what measures will be implemented over the next year to improve the environmental performance of the project. Note: The "Post Approval Requirements for State Significant Developments - Annual Review Guideline 2015, NSW Government, October 2015" (or its latest version) provides a reporting framework to integrate the reporting requirements of the Annual Review required by the Department under the project approval and the Annual Environment Management Report (AEMR) required by DRE under the Mining Lease.	Annual Reviews and records of submission 2016, 2017, 2018	Annual reviews are prepared and submitted as required.	С	
INDEP	ENDENT ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT				
5.7	Prior to 13 September 2010, and every 3 years thereafter, unless the Secretary directs otherwise, the Proponent shall commission and pay the full cost of an Independent Environmental Audit of the project (Stages 1 and 2). This audit must:	Whitehaven Coal IEA, October 2017	Previous audit reported sighted. This audit also satisfies this condition.	С	
	 (a) be conducted by suitably qualified, experienced and independent team of experts whose appointment has been endorsed by the Secretary; (b) include consultation with the relevant agencies (c) assess the environmental performance of the project and assess whether it is complying with the relevant requirements of this approval and any relevant mining lease or EPL (including any strategy, plan or program required under these approvals); (d) review the adequacy of strategies, plans or programs required under these approvals; and, if appropriate, (e) recommend measures or actions to improve the environmental performance of the project, and/or any strategy, plan or program required under these approvals. Note: This audit team must be led by a suitably qualified auditor and include experts in the fields of subsidence, water and noise management (other than for the 2010 audit which is not required to include a subsidence expert in the audit team). 				

5.8	Within 6 weeks of the completing of this audit, or as otherwise agreed by the Secretary, the Proponent shall submit a copy of the audit report to the Secretary, together with its response to any recommendations contained in the audit report.	Whitehaven Coal IEA, October 2017	The previous IEA was provided within the required timescale	С	
СОММ	JNITY CONSUTLATIVE COMMITTEE				
5.9	The Proponent shall maintain a Community Consultative Committee (CCC) for the project to the satisfaction of the Secretary, in general accordance with the <i>Guideline for Establishing</i> and Operating Community Consultative Committees for Mining Projects (Department of Planning, 2007), or its latest version.	Meeting agenda and minutes	CCC meetings are currently held on a quarterly basis. Meeting minutes are distributed and uploaded to the NCO website.	С	
	Note: The CCC is an advisory committee. The Department and other relevant agencies are responsible for ensuring that the Proponent complies with this approval.				
ACCES	S TO INFORMATION				
6.10	The Proponent shall: a) make copies of the following publicly available on its website: • the documents referred to in Condition 2 of Schedule 2; • all current statutory approvals for the project; • all approved strategies, plans and programs required under the conditions of this approval; • a comprehensive summary of the monitoring results of the project, reported in accordance with the specifications in any conditions of this approval, or any approved plans and programs; • a complaints register, updated on a monthly basis; • minutes of CCC meetings; • the annual reviews of the project; • any independent environmental audit of the project, and the Proponent's response to the recommendations in any audit; • any other matter required by the Secretary; and (b) keep this information up-to-date, to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Review of website	All documents available on the website	С	
	DULE 7 - ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES FOR AIR QUALITY AND NOISE MA CATION OF LANDOWNERS	NAGEMENT			
7.1	If the results of the monitoring required in schedule 4 identify that impacts generated by the project are greater than the relevant impact assessment criteria, except where a negotiated agreement has been entered into in relation to that impact, then the Proponent shall, within 2 weeks of obtaining the monitoring results, notify the Secretary, the affected landowners and tenants (including tenants of mine-owned properties) accordingly, and provide quarterly monitoring results to each of these parties until the results show that the project is complying with the criteria in schedule 4.	Notification letters	September 2019 noise exceedance - notification provided to High Range resident by letter on 08/10/19 and followed up by provision of assessment report. The High Range resident receives a copy of the quarterly monitoring report. September 2017 noise exceedance - notification provided to Newhaven property by letter on 15/12/17. March 2018 noise exceedance - notification provided to Ardmona property by letter on 20/4/18.	С	
7.2	If the results of monitoring required in schedule 4 identify that impacts generated by the project are greater than the relevant air quality impact assessment criteria in schedule 4, then the Proponent shall send the relevant landowners and tenants (including tenants of mine-owned properties) a copy of the NSW Health fact sheet entitled "Mine Dust and You" (and associated updates) in conjunction with the notification required in condition 1.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent OEH regional air quality reports Evidence photos of storms and bushfire	Exceedances of PM10 attributed to regional air quality and dust storms. No notification to landowners.	С	
INDEPE	ENDENT REVIEW		·		
7.3	If a landowner considers the project to be exceeding the impact assessment criteria in schedule 4, then he/she may ask the Secretary in writing for an independent review of the impacts of the project on his/her land. If the Secretary is satisfied that an independent review is warranted, the Proponent shall within 2 months of the Secretary's decision:	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	None requested	NT	

(a) consult with the landowner to determine his/her concerns: (b) commission a suitably qualified, experienced and independent person, whose appointment has been approved by the Secretary, to conduct monitoring on the land, to: determine whether the project is complying with the relevant impact assessment criteria in schedule 4; and identify the source(s) and scale of any impact on the land, and the project's contribution to this impact; and (c) give the Secretary and landowner a copy of the independent review. If the independent review determines that the project is complying with the relevant impact Interview with Environmental NT Not triggered assessment criteria in schedule 4, then the Proponent may discontinue the independent Superintendent review with the approval of the Secretary. If the independent review determines that the project is not complying with the relevant impact assessment criteria in schedule 4, and that the project is primarily responsible for this non-compliance, then the Proponent shall: a) take all reasonable and feasible measures, in consultation with the landowner, to ensure that the project complies with the relevant criteria and conduct further monitoring to determine whether these measures ensure compliance; or b) secure a written agreement with the landowner to allow exceedances of the relevant criteria, to the satisfaction of the Secretary. If further monitoring under paragraph (a) determines that the project is complying with the relevant criteria, then the Proponent may discontinue the independent review with the approval of the Secretary. If the independent review determines that the project is not complying with the relevant land acquisition criteria in schedule 4, then the Proponent shall offer to acquire all or part of the landowner's land in accordance with the procedures in conditions 5-7 below, to the satisfaction of the Secretary. LAND ACQUISITION 7.5 Within 3 months of receiving a written request from a landowner with acquisition rights, the Interview with Environmental NCO has acquired properties during the audit period as С Proponent shall make a binding written offer to the landowner based on: Superintendent detailed in 4.2 above. (a) the current market value of the landowner's interest in the property at the date of this written request, as if the property was unaffected by the project the subject of the project application, having regard to the: existing and permissible use of the land, in accordance with the applicable planning instruments at the date of the written request; and presence of improvements on the property and/or any approved building or structure which has been physically commenced at the date of the landowner's written request, and is due to be completed subsequent to that date, but excluding any improvements that have resulted from the implementation of 'reasonable and feasible measures' under schedule 4 or condition 4(a) of this schedule; (b) the reasonable costs associated with: relocating within the Narrabri or Gunnedah local government areas, or to any other local government area determined by the Secretary; obtaining legal advice and expert advice for determining the acquisition price of the land, and the terms upon which it is to be acquired; and (c) reasonable compensation for any disturbance caused by the land acquisition process. However, if following this period, the Proponent and landowner cannot agree on the acquisition price of the land and/or the terms upon which the land is to be acquired, then either party may refer the matter to the Secretary for resolution. Upon receiving such a request, the Secretary shall request the President of the NSW Division of the Australian Property Institute (the API) to appoint a qualified independent (a) consider submissions from both parties: (b) determine a fair and reasonable acquisition price for the land and/or the terms upon which the land is to be acquired, having regard to the matters referred to in paragraphs (a)-(c) (c) prepare a detailed report setting out the reasons for any determination; and (d) provide a copy of the report to both parties and the Secretary.

	However, if either party disputes the independent valuer's determination, then within 14 days of receiving the independent valuer's report, they may refer the matter to the Secretary for review. Any request for a review must be accompanied by a detailed report setting out the reasons why the party disputes the independent valuer's determination. Following consultation with the independent valuer and both parties, the Secretary shall determine a fair and reasonable acquisition price for the land, having regard to the matters referred to in paragraphs (a)-(c) above and the independent valuer's report. Within 14 days of this determination, the Proponent shall make a binding written offer to the landowner to purchase				
	the land at a price not less than the Secretary's determination. If the landowner refuses to accept the Proponent's binding written offer under this condition within 6 months of the offer being made, then the Proponent's obligations to acquire the land				
	shall cease, unless the Secretary determines otherwise.				
7.6	The Proponent shall pay all reasonable costs associated with the land acquisition process described in condition 5 above.	Remittance advice for valuation on the Collins property	NCO pays for the valuation and other reasonable costs of acquisition.	С	
7.7	If the Proponent and landowner agree that only part of the land shall be acquired, then the Proponent shall also pay all reasonable costs associated with obtaining Council approval for any plan of subdivision (where permissible), and registration of the plan at the Office of the Registrar-General.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	None required	NT	

Table A.2: Statement of Commitments

Action No	Action	Timing	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations
1. Gener	al Project Development					
Desired	Outcome: All approved activities are undertaken in the area(s) nominated on the approv	ved plans and figures (unless move	d slightly to avoid industr	ial trees).		
1.1	Survey and mark the boundaries of the areas of disturbance on the ground.	Prior to surface disturbance in nominated areas.	Review of disturbance permits and survey reports.	Areas of planned disturbance are surveyed as part of pre-clearance assessment.	С	
1.2	(If not already surveyed), commission an ecologist and/or archaeologist (along with representatives of the Aboriginal community) to advise of any constrains posed by threatened flora or fauna, or archaeological sites.	Prior to surface disturbance in nominated areas.	Review of disturbance permits and survey reports	Areas of planned disturbance are subject to heritage and ecological survey prior to clearance.	С	
1.3	Relocated or redesign the area of disturbance (if mine safety is not compromised) to avoid sites of ecological or heritage significance.	Prior to surface disturbance in nominated areas.	Review of disturbance permits and survey reports	Areas of planned disturbance are subject to heritage and ecological survey prior to clearance.	С	
1.4	Align access to sites of surface disturbance following advice from ecologist and/or archaeologist.	Prior to surface disturbance in nominated areas.	Review of disturbance permits and survey reports	Areas of planned disturbance are subject to heritage and ecological survey prior to clearance.	С	
1.5	Advise relevant personnel on restrictions placed on activities by identification of sites of ecological or heritage significance and management requirements.	Prior to surface disturbance in nominated areas.	Review of disturbance permits and survey reports	Areas of planned disturbance are subject to heritage and ecological survey prior to clearance.	С	
2. Opera	ting Hours					
Desired	Outcome: Management of site activities in accordance with the approved operating hou	rs.				
2.1	Undertake vegetation clearing/soil removal within the hours of: 7:00am to 10:00pm / 7 days.	Continuous as required.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Team operates on day shift.	С	
2.2	Undertake construction within the Pit Top Area within the hours of: 7:00am to 10:00pm / 7 days.	Continuous.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	No construction for the audit period	NT	
2.3	Undertake construction of the Reject Emplacement Area and Brine Storage Ponds within the hours of: 7:00am to 10:00pm / 7 days.	Continuous.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
2.4	Undertake ventilation shaft construction and gas drainage installation within the hours of: 24 hours / 7 days.	As required.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Site is operational 24 hours / 7 days	С	
2.5	Undertake ventilation and gas drainage operations within the hours of: 24 hours / 7 days.	Continuous.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Site is operational 24 hours / 7 days	С	
2.6	Undertake mining operations within the hours of: 24 hours / 7 days.	Continuous.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Site is operational 24 hours / 7 days	С	
2.7	Undertake coal crushing screening and processing operations within the hours of: 24 hours / 7 days.	Continuous.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Site is operational 24 hours / 7 days	С	
2.8	Undertake CPP reject disposal within the hours of: 7:00am to 10:00pm / 7 days. Contingent hours of operation will be 24 hour / 7 days to account for those periods of elevated reject production.	Continuous.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Specialised Civils Team operates the reject area on day shift, Monday – Friday	С	

2.9	Undertake rail loading and transportation within the hours of: 24 hours / 7 days	Continuous.	Interview with Environmental superintendent	Site is operational 24 hours / 7 days	С	
2.10	Undertake raw materials / supply delivery within the hours: 7:00am to 10:00pm / 7 days	Continuous.	Email to Stores Supervisor confirming approved delivery hours.	Stores delivery hours are set as 7am to 10pm and confirmed by email to the Stores Supervisor. Parking place is provided for trucks to wait for gates to open.	С	
3. Wast	e Management					
Desired	Outcome: Minimisation of the potential risk of environmental impact due to general wast	e creation, storage and/or disposal.				
3.1	Dispose all paper and general waste in suitable waste receptacles.	Ongoing.	Site observations	The audit team observed appropriate receptacles around the site.	С	
3.2	Collect general waste bins as required to eliminate potential for environmental harm and place contents in large, lidded waste storage receptacles or dumpsters to await removal by licenced contractor.	Ongoing.	Site observations Namoi Waste EPL	General waste collected in 3m³ waste bins Open skips for large general waste, steel etc. Waste removed by Namoi Waste which is a licensed contractor.	С	
3.3	Collect industrial waste fortnightly, or more frequently if required.	At least fortnightly.	Namoi Waste reports	Industrial bins collected every 4 days. General waste is collected a number of times per week.	С	
3.4	Install separate containers for the collection of recyclable items and despatch off site at appropriate intervals.	Ongoing.	Site observation Interview with Environmental Superintendent	There is separate collection of cardboard and steel. Pallets are separated on site for recycling Drum crusher is available on site.	С	
3.5	Employ a licensed waste collection contractor for all general waste / garbage at least on a weekly basis.	Ongoing.	Waste contractor licenses	Licensed waste contractors are used.	С	
3.6	Collect waste oils and grease and pump to bulk storage tanks.	As required.	Site observations	Waste oils and grease are collected in bulk tanks in the yard outside the maintenance workshop	С	
3.7	Collect all parts/packaging and transfer to the site workshop for disposal or recycling.	As required.	Site observations	The audit tea observed hydraulic hose bins, industrial waste bins and a cardboard crate.	С	
3.8	Install adequate toilet and ablution facilities within the mine facilities area for the site workforce and visitors.	Initial activities of site establishment phase.	Site observations	Bathhouse facilities are provided.	С	
3.9	Install a self irrigating septic sewage system approved by Narrabri Shire Council.	Initial activities of site establishment phase.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Septic system is in place.	С	
3.10	Service facilities by a licenced sewage collection / disposal contractor.	As required.	Namoi Waste reports	Narrabri septic services contracted by Namoi Waste who services the septic system once per week.	С	
Desired	Outcome: Minimisation of the potential risk of environmental impact due to coal reject st	orage and/or disposal.	1	1	<u> </u>	
3.11	Characterise coal rejects to establish whether any deleterious products would be produced by leachate during emplacement.	Within initial month of production of CPP reject and annual thereafter, if relevant.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
3.12	Dispose of coal rejects within the nominated Reject Emplacement Area, constructed immediately to the west of the Pit Top Area.	Continuous.	Site observations	Verified by observations	С	

3.13	Construct the Reject Emplacement Area as a series of 20m wide, elongated (north-south oriented) cells commencing on the eastern side (with a compacted base with a permeability <1 x 10 ⁻⁹ m/sec if elevated salinity or other deleterious contaminant is identified as likely to be present within the leachate - see Commitment 3. 11).	Continuous.	REA Basal Liner Construction Guidelines, July 2019 Narrabri Mine Rejects Emplacement Area Capping Assessment & Closure Design, November 2019	The basal liner construction guidelines defines base permeability of 1x10-9m/s.	С	
3.14	Construct drainage features for each cell to divert clean water around and capture and store sediment-laden water generated by run-off from the disturbed areas.	Prior to the commencement of each cell.	Narrabri Mine Rejects Emplacement Area Capping Assessment & Closure Design, November 2019	Section 3.1.4 describes the stormwater management and diversion of dirty water to the sediment basins.	С	
3.15	Strip and store topsoil from each cell for future re-spreading over the final landform or re-spread immediately following stripping.	Prior to the commencement of each cell.	Site observations	The audit team observed topsoil stored at the REA.	С	
3.16	Paddock-dump, spread by bulldozer and then compact the coal reject to form typical lifts of about 1.5m thick. The maximum height of the reject emplacement will be restricted to 15m, ie. 10 lifts with final side slopes not exceeding 14°.	Continuous.	Narrabri Mine Rejects Emplacement Area Capping Assessment & Closure Design, November 2019	Section 3.2.3 of the REA Capping and Closure Design describes the landform development in accordance with this commitment.	С	
3.17	Install up to four lysimeters on the downslope side of the Reject Emplacement Area. (If saline leachate is generated by CPP reject).	As the structure is constructed, if required.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Leachate has not been generated	NT	
Minimisa	tion of the potential risk of environmental impact due to saline waste creation, storage a	nd/or disposal.				
3.18	Line each dam or pond designed to hold either raw groundwater or processed brine with a HDPE liner with a permeability of <1 x 10 ⁻¹⁴ m/sec.	Prior to the commencement of water discharge into pond or dam.		Outside audit period	N/A	
3.19	Confirm by QA inspection of the liner that the nominated permeability is achieved.	Prior to the commencement of water discharge.		Outside audit period	N/A	
3.20	Prohibit vehicular access to the walls of the lined dam or pond.	Continuous.	Site observations	The audit team observed that vehicle access is not permitted on the dam walls.	С	
3.21	Remove impermeable liner at completion of mining and dispose of to a facility licenced to accept saline waste.	Following removal of all saline groundwater or brine from the dam/pond.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
3.22	Inspect, sample and analyse ground beneath each dam or pond to confirm no leakage has occurred over the life of the pond.	Prior to final rehabilitation.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
3.23	(should saline contamination be identified), Remove and dispose of saline contaminated material (within the backfilled box cut).	As required and prior to final rehabilitation.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
4. Rehal	pilitation					
Desired	Outcome: Decommission and remove the infrastructure and services no longer required	for ongoing activities on the land of	the Mine Site.			
4.1	Confirm the proposed final land use of the Mine Site lands and identify the infrastructure and services to be retained to support this land use.	As part of the Mine Closure Plan for the mine.	Mine Closure Plan	As per mine closure plan	С	
4.2	Demolish or deconstruct and remove infrastructure and services not required by the confirmed future land use.	Prior to relinquishment of Mining Lease.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
Desired	butcome: The creation of a stable final landform on the Pit Top Area (and surrounding leature conservation.	ong-term disturbance areas, ie, venti	ilation shaft areas, Reject	Emplacement Area and brine storage ponds), availa	able for the propos	ed future uses(s) of agriculture,
	and oblicer valier.					

l.15	Obtain certification from plant supplier / contractor that equipment imported to the Mine Site has been cleaned and is free of soil and vegetation.	Prior to movement of equipment from hardstand of the working areas.	Introduction to Site Surface Fixed Plant Form	Verified via CoA	С
	outcome: Cracking or surface deformation is identified promptly and remediated such t any noxious weed infestation.	· ·	are not compromised. Se	1	
			Eco-Logical Biodiversity Monitoring Annual Reports		
.14	(Unless required for future access to monitor or manage subsidence related impacts), close, cross-rip and respread previously cleared vegetation over access tracks.	Once no longer required for site inspection purposes.	Rehabilitation Management Plan	Access tracks are rehabilitated in accordance with the RMP.	С
.13	Complete periodic inspections of rehabilitated sites to confirm a return to the vegetation of the surrounding landform.	Annually.	Eco-Logical Biodiversity Monitoring Annual Reports	Annual monitoring is conducted of the rehabilitated areas.	С
.12	Respread previously stripped and stockpiled topsoil and vegetation over the backfilled sumps and other cleared areas.	At completion of gas drainage activities.	Annual Reviews	Gas drainage equipment is removed as describes in the RMP and reported in the Annual Review	С
l.11	Allow water retained within the sump(s) to evaporate, excavate any consolidated drill cuttings and fines, remove the plastic liner and backfill each sump.	At completion of gas drainage activities.	Rehabilitation Management Plan	Gas drainage equipment is removed as describes in the RMP and reported in the Annual Review	С
l.10	Remove gas drainage equipment and backfill and cap each remaining bore hole in accordance with the former NSW Department of Primary Industries – Mineral Resources EDG01 guideline "Borehole Sealing Requirements on Land: Coal Exploration".	At completion of gas drainage activities.	Rehabilitation Management Plan Annual Reviews	Gas drainage equipment is removed as describes in the RMP and reported in the Annual Review	С
			Interview with Environmental Superintendent		
.9	Restrict areas of disturbance to the areas identified and marked in accordance with Commitments 1.1 to 1.5.	Ongoing.	Review of disturbance permits and survey reports	Area of disturbance is restricted as far as possible.	С
esired onserva	outcome: The progressive rehabilitation of disturbance associated with the Mining Area ation.	a, ie gas drainage and temporary ven	tilation activities, to creat	te a stable final landform available for the proposed futu	ire use(s) of agricultural, forestry and/or na
4.8	Conduct ongoing rehabilitation monitoring and maintenance throughout and beyond the operation.	Ongoing.	Eco-Logical Biodiversity Monitoring Annual Reports	Annual monitoring is conducted of the rehabilitated areas.	С
1.7	Ensure the most appropriate crop/pasture species are planted in the areas with returned for agricultural use.	As area becomes available.	Rehabilitation Management Plan	As per rehab plan	С
.6	Replace subsoil and topsoil over areas of disturbance in the same order and approximately the same depth as it was removed.	As area becomes available.	Rehabilitation Management Plan	As per rehab plan	С
5	Ensure any areas of disturbance that require profiling meet the requirements of the final landform.	As area becomes available.	Rehabilitation Management Plan	As per rehab plan	С
4	Provide a low maintenance, stable and safe landform that blends with the surrounding topography and which is commensurate with re-established agricultural land uses.	Prior to mine closure.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT
	reduce the visibility of the activities from adjacent properties and the local road network.				

4.16	Undertake campaign weed spraying over the Pit Top Area and areas of surface disturbance of the Mining Area in consultation with the I&I NSW-Agriculture and/or the local Noxious Weeds Inspector.	Prior to the stripping of the topsoil.		Verified via CoA	С	
5. Subs	idence Management					
Desired	Outcome: Identify and remediate surface cracks to minimise impacts on local hydrology	ecology and soils are minimised.				
5.1	Inspect the identified 'cracking zones' above each longwall panel to identify occurrence of cracks.	During and for a period of up to 2 years following mining of each longwall panel.	Ecological reports Piezometer monitoring Extensometer monitoring Cracking observation records including location, length, width, depth and persistence.	A crack of over 2 m wide within the drainage line along the Pine Creek Tributary 2 between LW707 and LW708 observed by the auditor does appears to be significantly wider than those documented in cracking records provided to the auditor.	Obs C	Crack records should be checked to ensure they are properly capturing cracking extent. Crack observation records need to document remedial treatment method.
5.2	Rip the surface over cracks not filled in by natural processes.	Continuous and as required.	Land rehabilitation records Land disturbance permits	There is currently surface cracking of the order of 2 m length within the drainage line along the Pine Creek Tributary 2 between LW107 and LW108 that has not been treated. The area has been drought affected and repair by natural processes has not been possible.	Obs	NCO should consider reviewing the trigger for active treatment where natural processes are not possible.
5.3	(For larger cracks for which surface ripping will not completely fill) fill with subsoil material sourced from stockpiles maintained at nearby gas drainage or ventilation sites, or within the footprint of the Reject Emplacement Area.	Continuous and as required.	Land rehabilitation records		С	
5.4	Undertake a detailed condition assessment of the 3 rd order waterways within the predicted subsidence zone to enable assessment of changes post mining.	Prior to commencing longwall mining.	Ecological reports		С	
5.5	Inspect local drainage lines above the active and completed longwall panels. Monitoring should access any restriction of flows and hence restriction of fish passage to facilitate appropriate restorative measures.	As required.	Ecological reports		С	
5.6	Undertake water quality sampling from watercourses within the subsidence impact zone to determine any impacts on sediment loading and other parameters including salt loads.	During creek flow events.	Water management Plan Water quality testing		С	
5.7	Note the effects of any ponding and commission a hydrologist or ecologist to recommend remedial actions should the area of ponding encroach upon sites of conservation or heritage significance.	During and for a period of up to 2 years following mining of each longwall panel.	Ecological reports		С	
Desired	outcome: Identify and minimise the impacts of the subsidence-induced erosion on the lo	cal environment.				
5.8	Inspect areas of the Mine Site susceptible to landslip or accelerated erosion, e.g. drainage lines and steeply slopped areas of exposed Purlawaugh Formation derived subsoils.	Quarterly following mining activities which may provide subsidence.		Planned for longwalls LW109 onwards when surface topology steepens	С	Noting this will only start from LW109 onwards
5.9	(In the event of large-scale slope instability), undertake appropriate stabilisation works e.g. installation of deep sub-surface drainage trenches or construction of strategic catch drains along slope crests.	Continuous and as required.	No evidence	No evidence of any large-scale instability	NT	
5.10	(In the event of erosion within Mine Site watercourses), stabilise the damaged or eroded banks (in accordance with an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for the Longwall Project).	Continuous and as required.	Land Management Plan reports		NT	
Desired	outcome: Identify and minimise the impacts of valley closure and uplift ('upsidence') indu	uced erosion on the local environme	ent.			
5.11	Establish survey lines along ephemeral drainage gullies and along gully crests and monitor during and after mining of each longwall panel to identify any signs of cracking or 'upsidence'.	Prior to the commencement of mining each longwall panel.	Subsidence lines sighted by the auditor during the site inspection and		С	

			provided in a drawing and in tabulated form			
5.12	Review predictions of 'upsidence' and valley crest movements after each longwall is completed.	Following completion of each longwall.	Upsidence calculations and assessment provided		С	
5.13	In the event that 'upsidence' results in surface cracking or erosion), undertake remedial works identified by <i>Commitments 5.1 to 5.7.</i>	Continuous and as required.	Upsidence calculations and assessment provided		С	
Desired	outcome: Identify and minimise the impacts of ponding on the local environment.					
5.14	Sample ponded water to determine if there is any increase in salinity.	Quarterly for a period of up to 2 years upon identification of subsidence induced ponding.	Ecological reports	Very limited ability to sample due to low rainfall and short ponding duration	С	
5.15	Inspect the water courses over the subsidence zone to identify the location and extent of ponding.	Quarterly for a period of up to 2 years following identified subsidence.	EcoLogic subsidence ponding assessments		С	
5.16	For ponding where there is little or no vegetation of conservation significance monitor the location and extent of ponding. (If ponded area continues to increase in area, encroaches on vegetation of conservation significance or there is an increase in water salinity), excavate a channel to reduce the gradient change over the retained chain pillars. The excavation will be undertaken in accordance with an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan and vegetation clearing procedures.	Continuous and as required.	Assessments of vegetation changes as detected by LiDAR and multi-spectrum imaging. Ponding observations and survey measurements in EcoLogic reports		С	
Desired	outcome: Identify and minimise the impacts of far field displacement on local infrastructu	ure.				
5.17	Monitor surface features (such as culverts) within 800m of the eastern edge and 1.5km of the western edge of the Mining Area.	Prior to mining that may result in subsidence at the relevant structure.		Such surface features that are not owned by Whitehaven Coal lie outside the approved monitoring area	NT	
5.18	(In the event of damage to surface structures such as pipes, culverts, water tanks, dams or other soil or water conservation structures), repair the damaged infrastructure or provide appropriate compensation.	Continuous and as required.		Such surface features that are not owned by Whitehaven Coal lie outside the approved monitoring area	NT	
Desired	outcome: Identify and manage the impacts of subsidence on the local property infrastruction	cture (including residences).				
5.19	Commission a dilapidation survey and inspection of all structures on non-project related land within the Mine Site by a qualified building consultant.	Prior to mining that may result in subsidence at the relevant structure.		Such surface features that are not owned by Whitehaven Coal lie outside the approved monitoring area	NT	
5.20	Use the dilapidation survey and subsequent report in an individual property subsidence management plans (IPSMP) (or similar as required under any Extraction Plan requirements) prepared for each non-project related property to be impacted (to provide fair and reasonable outcomes between the affected property owner and the Proponent).	Prior to mining that may result in subsidence at the relevant structure.		Such surface features that are not owned by Whitehaven Coal lie outside the approved monitoring area	NT	
5.21	 Each IPSMP will address the following issues. Timing and scale of predicted impacts. Monitoring on the affected property during mining. Timing for any remaining disconnection of services. Post-mining inspection and reporting. 	Prior to mining that may result in subsidence at the relevant structure.		Such surface features that are not owned by Whitehaven Coal lie outside the approved monitoring area	NT	

weekly totals from the underground mine and box cut sump. 6.5 Record Volumes of water introduced to the mine for longwall operation and other requirements. Weekly. Spreadsheet flow meter readings PA4 13-6 Weekly. Spreadsheet flow meter readings PA4 13-6 Record the groundwater quality (EC and pH) discharged from the underground water workings and water supply bores. Monthly. Meekly. Weekly records of underground feed, water treatment plant, Namoi bore and river levels. Spreadsheet flow meter readings PA4 Weekly records of underground feed, water treatment plant, Namoi bore and river levels. Weekly records of underground feed, water treatment plant, Namoi bore and river levels.						
baseline surveys of subsidence and strain completed before mine subsidence effects occur. Montitioning Plan Subsidence lane signified by the auditor quality (E.C. and pH) discharged from the underground workings to personal for pumping to surface catechinents.	C C		Monitoring Plan Subsidence Predictions Subsidence lines sighted by the auditor during the site inspection and provided in a drawing Subsidence data provided to the	mining in each longwall panel.	 Extraction Plan requirements) which includes the following elements. A transverse subsidence line across the northern and southern panels. The lines will be installed to at lease the middle of the next adjacent longwall before undermining occurs. A longitudinal line extending in-bye and out-bye from the starting and finishing point of each panel, for a minimum distance equal to the cover depth. A survey line along the riparian management zone of Kurrajong and Pine Creeks and their tributaries over the Mine Site. A minimum of three monitoring pegs space 10 m apart in a line or triangle at any feature of interest, e.g. dam, walls, archaeological sites, to measure subsidence, tilt and strain. 	5.22
Extraction Plan Subsidence Monitoring Plan Land Management Plan Not triggered Not priggered Not pr			Monitoring Plan Subsidence lines sighted by the auditor during the site inspection and provided in a drawing Subsidence data provided to the		baseline surveys of subsidence and strain completed before mine subsidence	5.23
Desired Outcome: Minimise the volume of mine in-flow to the underground workings. 6.1 Seal the mine drifts and ventilation shaft using in strata grouting or hydrophopic sealant. Desired Outcome: Manage mine-in flows to minimise the potential for contamination of surface catchments. 6.2 Divert groundwater accumulating in the underground workings to designated sumps for pumping to surface. 6.3 Discharge groundwater pumped from the underground sumps into Dam A1 only. Desired Outcome: Implement a comprehensive and ongoing groundwater monitoring program. 6.4 Record extraction volumes including weekly totals from all pumping bores, and weekly totals from the underground mine and box cut sump. 6.5 Record Volumes of water introduced to the mine for longwall operation and other requirements. 6.6 Record the groundwater quality (EC and pH) discharged from the underground workings and water supply bores. At time of Mine Closure. Not triggered Soroundwater is collected in sumps as per the MOP Coundwater is collected in sumps as per the MOP Groundwater is diverted to Dam A1 C Extraction volumes are recorded on a monthly basis. NCO reported that it is impractical to do weekly eadings. Not repair and the underground feed, water treatings PA4 13-6 Record Volumes of water introduced to the mine for longwall operation and other requirements. C Weekly. Spreadsheet flow meter readings PA4 13-6 Record the groundwater quality (EC and pH) discharged from the underground workings and water supply bores. C Weekly records of underground feed, water treatment plant, Namoi bore and river levels. Spreadsheet flow meter readings PA4 treatment plant, Namoi bore and river levels. The sumps of the underground feed, water treatment plant,	С		 Extraction Plan Subsidence Monitoring Plan Land Management 			5.24
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Spreadsheet data up to October 2019.	atment plant, Namoi bore and river levels.	treatment plant, Namoi bore and river		Monthly.		6.6

6.7	Sample and analyse water from all pumping bores and underground pumping stations.	Monthly.	Spreadsheet flow meter readings PA4 13-6	Weekly records of underground feed, water treatment plant, Namoi bore and river levels. Spreadsheet data up to October 2019.	С	
6.8	Record (by manual monitoring, or continuous automated monitoring) the standing water levels of piezometers P1 to P27 and WB1 to WB8 (and others as constructed).	Monthly initially and hence quarterly when stable flow established.	Annual Groundwater Reviews Groundwater monitoring	Standing water levels are recorded for all piezometers and bores.	С	
			spreadsheet			
6.9	Monitor the flow rate and water quality of the spring discharge from "Mayfield Spring".	Monthly initially and hence quarterly when stable flow established.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Water not utilised – no flow	NT	
6.10	Install additional multi-level vibrating wire piezometers over LW1 to LW3 to obtain detailed data as to the impact of mine subsidence on the groundwater of the various strata above the underground workings.	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.	Water Management Plan	Multi-level vibrating wire piezometers have been installed prior to longwall mining.	С	
			Annual Groundwater Reviews			
6.11	Collect data from the vibrating wire piezometers and compare against initial groundwater and subsidence modelling.	Data collected continuously and downloaded and analysed quarterly.	Water Management Plan	Data is analysed on an ongoing basis.	С	
			Annual Groundwater Reviews			
6.12	Commission an experienced hydrogeologist to collate and review the monitoring data collected annually in order to assess the impacts of the project on the groundwater environment, and to compare any observed impacts with those predicted from groundwater modelling (see also Commitment 16.11).	Annually.	Annual Groundwater Reviews	Annual reports are prepared by Groundwater Exploration Services Pty Ltd	С	
6.13	Develop the groundwater monitoring program in consultation with the Proponent's consultant hydrogeologist, the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water - Office of Water and those groundwater users potentially affected by the Longwall Project. (see also Commitment 16. 12).	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.	Water Management Plan	The groundwater monitoring program is detailed in the Water Management Plan.	С	
6.14	Complete an initial audit of the groundwater model predictions against monitoring data.	6 months after the commencement of longwall mining.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
6.15	Recalibrate the groundwater model based on groundwater model audit and generate confirmatory forward impact predictions made. Include in all forward impact predictions the impact of brine re-injection at the conclusion of mine operations and check against initial predictions. (also required for Mine Closure Plan).	6 months after the commencement of longwall mining, every 5 years thereafter, and at least 12 to 18 months prior to cessation of mining.		Verified via CoA	С	
6.16	Carry out regular reviews of the groundwater model predictions against monitoring data.	Every 5 years (or more frequently if in-flows deviate significantly from predictions).		Verified via CoA	С	
6.17	Should the recalibrated model show groundwater inflows beyond those cases described in the EA, a separate detailed impact assessment will be conducted and mitigating measures determined.	Every 5 years (or more frequently if in-flows deviate significantly from predictions).		Verified via CoA	С	
Desired	Outcome: Preparation of a contingency plan in the event that the availability or quality of	f groundwater is reduced for local gr	roundwater users.		ı	
6.18	Undertake remedial action if groundwater drawdown attributable to the mine reduces the saturated thickness of any non-project related bore by 15% or more. In the event that an existing water supply is deemed (by the hydrogeologist) to be adversely affected by the Longwall Project, the Proponent will mitigate, or compensate for this impact through the provision of a replacement water supply.	As required.		Not triggered	NT	

6.19	Undertake remedial action if the water quality of the dewatering discharge indicates an inflow salinity of more than 20% above that predicted by Aquaterra (2009).	As required.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
6.20	Ensure all monitoring bores are licenced with the NSW Office of Water. All Form A's associated with the bores will be submitted to NOW at the time drilling is undertaken.	At time of drilling.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
6.21	Ensure the project is appropriately licensed for all groundwater make and use in accordance with required licensing arrangements through the NOW.	As required.	Water management Plan	Water access licenses and works approvals are in place.	С	
7. Surfa	ace Water					
Desired	Outcome: Minimisation of changes to existing drainage patterns of the Mine Site.					
7.1	Retain selected surface water structures such as the farm dams and diversion swales to allow for continued water management across the Pit Top Area.	During construction period.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
Desired	Outcome: Prevention of discharge of sediment-laden water from the Pit Top Area.					
7.2	Direct runoff collected within potentially contaminated catchments of the coal processing area and Reject Emplacement Area to storage basins (SB1, SB2 and SB3).	Ongoing.	Water Management Plan	Runoff collection is descried in the WMP.	С	
			Site observations			
7.3	Dewater storage basins SB1, B82 and SB3 and discharge the water to Dam A 1 (or Dams C or D) to ensure no discharge or overflow.	Ongoing.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not required	NT	
7.4	Design and construct the storage basins to provide the capacity nominated by WRM (2009).	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.	Water Management Plan	As described in the WMP	С	
7.5	Design and construct the sediment dams to provide sufficient water settlement and sediment storage zones to contain the 5 day 90%ile storm event.	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.	Water Management Plan	Water Management Plan	С	
7.6	Dewater sediment dams within 5 days of significant rainfall event.	With 5 days.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Dewatering has not been required.	NT	
7.7	Direct all water from wash-down areas and workshops to oil/water separators and containment systems. The oily fraction will be placed in a containment system for removal, as necessary.	Ongoing.	Site observations	Oil/water separators were observed in the yard servicing the wash-down facilities, refuelling and waste oil storage areas.	С	
7.8	Ensure all storage tanks are either self-bunded tanks or bunded with an impermeable surface and have a capacity to contain a minimum 110% of the largest storage tank capacity.	Ongoing.	Site observations	Storage tanks were observed to be adequately bunded.	С	
7.9	Restrict refuelling, oiling and greasing of designated areas, away from drainage and where spill kits are readily available.	Ongoing.	Site observations	Oil/water separators were observed in the yard servicing the wash-down facilities, refuelling and waste oil storage areas. Spill kits were available	С	
7.10	Discharge all groundwater into Dam A1, and either use without processing in selected areas on site or process through the Water Conditioning Plant to produce fresh water raffinate and concentrated brine.	Ongoing.	Water Management Plan	All groundwater pumped from underground is collected in Dam A1 which the main feed for the conditioning plant.	С	
7.11	Construct storages for saline groundwater (Dam A 1) and brine (Dams A2, A3, B2 and BR1 to BR5 [as required]) using in-situ material which have an average depth of 5m and batter slopes of ~1:3 (V:H).	Dams A2, A3 and B2 Prior to commencement of mine dewatering and BR1 to BR5 as required.	Dam Safety Committee D1 Forms Dam Operation and Maintenance Manual	Dams are constructed as required.	С	
7.12	Line all dams to be used to store groundwater or brine with HDPE liner (permeability <1 x 10^{14} m/sec).	Prior to commencement of mine dewatering.	Dam Operation and Maintenance Manual	Dams are constructed as required.	С	
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7.13	Maintain at least 0.5m freeboard in each brine storage (sufficient to cater for design 1 in 100 year ARI event).	Ongoing.	Dam Operation and Maintenance Manual	Dams are constructed as required.	С	
7.14	Commence construction of brine storage ponds from 12 months prior to the anticipated requirement to accept brine discharge.	As required.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
7.15	Ensure all storages used for the storageof treated raffinate are constructed using a compacted clay lining, to an average depth of 5m and with batter slopes of ~1:3 (V:H).	Prior to commencement of use for raffinate storage.	Dam Operation and Maintenance Manual	Dams are constructed as required.	С	
7.16	Maintain discharge water quality from the Water Conditioning Plant at the 100%ile limit of 350mg/LTDS.	During discharge events to the Namoi River.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No water has been discharged	NT	
7.17	Develop, in consultation with the DECCW, a routine discharge quality and continuous discharge volume monitoring program and incorporate these requirements into a revised Site Water Management Plan.	At least 6 months prior to initial discharge.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No water has been discharged	NT	
7.18	Maintain the pH level of water discharged beyond ML1609 within the range 6.5-8.0.	During discharge events.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No water has been discharged	NT	
Desired	Outcome: Prevention of discharge of dirty, contaminated or saline water from the progre	essive disturbance areas of the Mini	ng Area.			
7.19	Prepare and implement a general Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) (in accordance with the requirements of Landcom, 2004) to manage surface water flows within each gas drainage or ventilation shaft area. The ESCP will provide for the following management.	Prior to the commencement of gas drainage or ventilation shaft construction.	Water Management Plan	Verified via CoA	С	
	 Prior to disturbance, the area will be marked out and 'no-go' zones identified. 					
	 If located on or adjacent to a natural drainage line, a diversion bank will be constructed up-slope of the area to be disturbed. 					
	 the requirement for a sediment basin will be determined, using the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE). 					
	 If a sediment basin is required, i.e. soil loss >200Uha/year, the sediment basin design capacity willbe calculated. 					
	 Soil will stockpiled away from natural drainage lines. 					
	 Sediment fencing will be installed along the down-slope boundaries of the disturbed areas. 					
	 All sediment control structures will be regularly inspected and repaired. 					
7.20	Store potential contaminants, e.g. drilling fluid, hydrocarbons, within bunded areas away from natural drainage lines.	Ongoing.	Site observations	Potential contaminates were observed to be stored in bunded areas away from surface drains.	С	
7.21	Ensure all contaminated liquids are contained in lined sumps at each drill site.	Ongoing.	Memo to tech services manager Brad Elvy 14/11/19	Drill sumps are not lined – drill sumps will have to be lined or unlined sumps will be decommissioned and rehabilitated and replaced by aboveground tanks. No drilling over the last month.	С	
7.22	Discharge any groundwater to a lined sump, with this water immediately directed to Dam A1 within the Pit Top Area.	Ongoing.	Water Management Plan	Groundwater is discharged to a lined sump and then to Dam A1.	С	
Desired	outcome: Minimisation of impact from dirty water contamination event.	1	1			1
7.23	Sample water discharging from licensed discharge points and analyse the water for suspended solids, turbidity, electrical conductivity, oil and grease, and pH.	With 24 hours of discharge.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No water has been discharged	NT	

			Monitoring reports			
7.24	In the event monitoring confirms pollution has occurred, one or more of the following measures will be adopted.	Within 7 days.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
	 The DECCW will be advised. Salient preceding weather information will also be provided. 					
	 Additional flocculants will be used to expedite settlement of sediments. 					
	 Plans will be set for the subject sediment dam will be enlarged or an additional sediment dam will be constructed downstream which will become the new site discharge point and monitoring location. 					
Desired	Outcome: Minimisation of impact from hydrocarbon contaminated water event.					
7.25	Undertake the following actions (in the event of a major hydrocarbon spill).	As required.	Interview with environmental	No spills have been reported during the audit period	NT	
	 Collect the contaminated soil at the site of the spill and transport to an approved waste depot or designated 'land farming' area of the Mine Site. 		Superintendent			
	 Construct pits around the spill with sufficient hydraulic gradient to capture seepage water and contaminated material. 					
	 Pump out water captured in pits. 					
	Monitor the local groundwater for signs of contamination.					
Desired	Outcome: Minimisation of impact from saline contamination event.					
7.26	Prepare a formal contingency plan for a saline contamination event. The plan may include one or a combination of the following measures.	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.		Refer SoC 17.2		
	 Dewatering from the underground workings will be transferred to an intact and lined storage structure (or ceased) along with any water remaining in the breached pond. 					
	 The breached pond or pipe will be repaired immediately and inspected by a suitably qualified person prior to re-integration into the saline water management system. 					
	 The water cart will be used to transfer non-saline water to the area of the spill to flush and dilute the water discharged. As far as practical, at least 4 times the 					
	 Volume of the spilled water will be used to flush the downstream environment. 					
	 Downstream vegetation will be monitored for any impacts of increased salinity and treated appropriately. 					
Desired	Outcome: Minimisation of erosion and sedimentation.					
7.27	Maintain a ground cover of vegetation at 70% or better over areas disturbed but no longer required by the project.	Ongoing.	Annual Monitoring Report 2018	Ground cover is measured and reported in the annual monitoring reports.	С	
7.28	Armour the banks of the rail loop with ballast in flood zone (larger diameter competent rock).	Ongoing.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
7.29	Inspect the banks of the rail loop and remediate erosion damage within Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1.	Following flood events.	Not triggered	Not triggered	NT	
Desired	Outcome: Ensure no additional salt load is added to the Namoi River catchment as a co	nsequence of the Longwall Project.			-1	
7.30	Participate in, as required, the development of a salt accounting protocol with the DoP, DECCW and NOW.	Prior to any discharge to the Namoi River.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No discharge has taken place during the audit period.	NT	

Personant includes the control includes that before its a substitute in the include the personant in the MCCP control includes the manufacture in						
Service Clifford program in consultation with NDV and DECCV. Name of River. Environmental period. Environmenta	7.31	Pipe the Bores' Program to ensure that there is a sufficient salt 'credit' for the Proponent to offset all planned salt discharges over the life of the mine. (Any agreement that NCOPL enters in relation to this matter will include the opportunity to 'trade' or otherwise dispose of salt credit in excess of that		Environmental		NT
Table Tabl	7.32			Environmental		NT
the technical and economic viability of alternative methods of deposal (or use) of brine and raffinite produced by the on-site Water conditioning plant appearance every 5 years and proposed every 6 years and pr	Desired	Outcome: Identification of alternative methods of disposal/use of brine.	,			
Monitor surface water quality for pH, EC, TDS, TSS, Total Organic Carbon at locations upstream and downstream of the Pit Top Area on Nursiging and Prior Orleans and the rivolutions. Monitor the quality of the volume and quality (pH, EC, TDS, TSS, Total Organic Carbon) of water extracted and discharged to the Named River. Quarterly during surface flow weeks. Monitor the quality of water within the Brine Storage Ponds. Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Surface water and west weeks and west weeks and well weeks. Quarterly. Water Management TARP contained in WMP C Permit to disturb procedure has aqualic checks if there is potential aquatic fauran or semical weeks and well weeks and weeks and well weeks and well weeks and well weeks and weeks and well weeks and well weeks and weeks an	7.33	the technical and economic viability of alternative methods of disposal (or	within 3 years of project approval, with a revised report prepared every 5 years		Verified via CoA	С
events. Record the volume and quality (pH, EC, TDS, TSS, Total Organic Carbon) of water extracted and quality (pH, EC, TDS, TSS, Total Organic Carbon) of water extracted and discharged to the Namol River. Another the quality of water within the Brine Storage Ponds. Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Water Management Plan TARP contained in WMP C C Construction of drainage line crossings will be undertaken in accordance with the productive or gradient of the NSW. "Why do fish need to cross the road?" Persisted Outcome: Manage disturbance within the Pit Top Area to minimise disturbance to flora and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance disturbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance of editurbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance disturbance within the Pit Top Area and projects of editurbance of editor of editing occurs occurs occurs of editing to ecurior occurs	Desired	Outcome: Implement a comprehensive and ongoing surface water monitoring program.				
Nonitor the quality of water within the Brine Storage Ponds. Quarterly. Surface water and wet weather monitoring report ALS reports ALS	7.34	locations upstream and downstream of the Pit Top Area on Kurrajong and	, ,		No discharge during the audit period	NT
wet weather monitoring report ALS reports 7.37 Prepare and implement contingency plans in the event elevated levels of heavy metals are recorded. Pesired Outcome: Avoidance of structures in drainage lines to prevent fish passage. 7.38 Construction of drainage line crossings will be undertaken in accordance with the policy and guideline document of the I&I NSW "Why do fish need to cross the road?" 8. Construction of drainage line crossings will be undertaken in accordance with the policy and guideline document of the I&I NSW "Why do fish need to cross the road?" 8. Ecology 8. Ecology 8. Construction of drainage line crossings will be undertaken in accordance with the policy and guideline document of the I&I NSW "Why do fish need to cross the road?" 8. Ecology 8. Ecology 8. Ecology 8. As required. 8. Clearly identify the boundaries of disturbance within the Pit Top Area and progressive disturbance associated with ventilation and gas drainage infrastructure. Ensure no clearing occurs outside these boundaries. 8. Avoid disturbance to elearing occurs outside these boundaries. 8. Avoid disturbance to the vegetation of Community 3 along Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1. 8. Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide holds. Increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8. Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. 8. Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of ongoing. 8. Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of ongoing. 8. Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of untirents and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles.	7.35		Weekly.		No discharge during the audit period	NT
Desired Outcome: Avoidance of structures in drainage lines to prevent fish passage. 7.38 Construction of drainage line crossings will be undertaken in accordance with the policy and puldeline document of the I&I NSW "Why do fish need to cross the road?" 8. Ecology Desired Outcome: Manage disturbance within the Pit Top Area to minimise disturbance to flora and fauna of conservation significance. 8.1 Clearly identify the boundaries of disturbance within the Pit Top Area and progressive disturbance associated with ventilation and gas drainage infrastructure. Ensure no clearing occurs outside these boundaries. 8.2 Avoidance to the vegetation of Community 3 along Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1. 8.3 Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the posoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockplies. 8.5 Ongoing. 8.6 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockplies.	7.36	Monitor the quality of water within the Brine Storage Ponds.	Quarterly.	wet weather monitoring report	Monitoring is conducted monthly	С
Construction of drainage line crossings will be undertaken in accordance with the policy and guideline document of the I&I NSW "Why do fish need to cross the road?" As required. Surface Disturbance Form Permit to disturb procedure has aquatic checks if there is potential aquatic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment works must include fish passage **Recology** Desired Outcome: Manage disturbance within the Pit Top Area to minimise disturbance to flora and fauna of conservation significance. 8.1 Clearly identify the boundaries of disturbance within the Pit Top Area and progressive disturbance associated with ventilation and gas drainage infrastructure. Ensure no clearing occurs outside these boundaries. 8.2 Avoid disturbance to the vegetation of Community 3 along Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1. 8.3 Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. As required. Surface Disturbance in the is potential aquatic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there is potential aquatic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment where is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment where is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment where is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment where is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment where is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment where is potential adjustic fauna or semi-permanent pools. Where there are aquatic environment and enviro	7.37		Quarterly.		TARP contained in WMP	С
S. Ecology Desired Outcome: Manage disturbance within the Pit Top Area to minimise disturbance to flora and fauna of conservation significance. 8.1 Clearly identify the boundaries of disturbance within the Pit Top Area and progressive disturbance associated with ventilation and gas drainage infrastructure. Ensure no clearing occurs outside these boundaries. 8.2 Avoid disturbance to the vegetation of Community 3 along Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1. 8.3 Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposess. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. 8.5 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles.	Desired	Outcome: Avoidance of structures in drainage lines to prevent fish passage.				
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8.1 Clearly identify the boundaries of disturbance within the Pit Top Area and progressive disturbance associated with ventilation and gas drainage infrastructure. Ensure no clearing occurs outside these boundaries. 8.2 Avoid disturbance to the vegetation of Community 3 along Kurrajong Creek 8.3 Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. 8.5 Prior to clearing (see also Commitments 1.1 and 1.2). 8.6 Prior to clearing (see also Commitments 1.1 and 1.2). 8.7 Interview with Environmental Superintendent 8.8 Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles.	8. Ecol	ogy				
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Environmental Superintendent 8.3 Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. 8.5 Environmental Superintendent Site observations The audit team observed the use of cleared vegetation as habitat and mulch C stripped topsoil was observed during the site inspection.	8.1	progressive disturbance associated with ventilation and gas drainage		Mine Operations Plan	As per MOP	С
habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes. 8.4 Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles. Ongoing. Site observations Stripped topsoil was observed during the site inspection.	8.2		During clearing.	Environmental	Not triggered	NT
nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles.	8.3	habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling	Ongoing.	Site observations		С
Desired Outcome: Manage progressive disturbance over the Mine Site to minimise disturbance to flora and fauna of conversation significance.	8.4		Ongoing.	Site observations		С
	Desired	Outcome: Manage progressive disturbance over the Mine Site to minimise disturbance	to flora and fauna of conversation s	significance.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

8.5	Clearly identify the boundaries of proposed disturbance. As far as practicable avoid disturbance to the vegetation of Community 3 along watercourses of the Mine Site.	Prior to clearing the nominated area(s).	Surface Disturbance Form	The Audit team sighted examples of pre- clearance forms confirming boundaries of propose clearance.	С	
8.6	Commission a qualified ecologist to complete a pre-clearance survey of nominated areas of disturbance (to identify whether any threatened species, population or community or their habitat is present).	Prior to clearing the nominated area(s).	Surface Disturbance Form Eco-logical pre- clearance surveys	Requirement for an ecology survey is included in the permit to disturb form and undertaken as required. The audit team sighted examples of pre-clearing surveys conducted by Eco-logical.	С	
			•			
8.7	Include an assessment of whether aquatic or fish habitat is present within the drainage features to be traversed by the access road and/or power line corridors.	Prior to clearing the nominated area(s).	Surface Disturbance Form	Permit to disturb and pre-clearing surveys	С	
	The location of access tracks will be determined in conjunction with an ecologist after inspecting each proposed route and determining the path with least impact on environmental values.					
8.8	(In the event that an EEC or threatened species or population is identified), relocate or reorientate proposed disturbance, if practicable.	Prior to clearing the nominated area(s).	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The audit team was advised that disturbance tries to avoid habitat trees	С	
8.9	If the relocation or re-orientation of the area to be disturbed is not practicable (for reasons of mine I operational safety), the consultant ecologist will relocate any fauna species residing within the area to be cleared.		Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The audit team was advised that relocation is undertaken only if required during pre-clearing survey	С	
8.10	Retain all substantial habitat trees, wherever possible.	During construction.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
8.11	Undertake any tree-felling in accordance with a Tree Felling Protocol. The Tree Felling Protocol will be developed by a qualified ecologist and will include, but not necessarily be limited to a description of:	During construction.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	N/A	
	 the best time of the year for felling; 					
	 pre-felling mapping of habitat trees; 					
	 inspections of trees on the day of felling; 					
	 procedures for the safe removal of fauna species; 					
	 a relocation/release protocol; and 					
	 a protocol for the assessment and salvaging of tree hollows. 					
8.12	Disperse and spread cleared native vegetation around disturbed areas to provide habitat, increase the seed bank and to provide a mulch material for nutrient cycling and water retention purposes.	Following clearing if areas available, otherwise when revegetation area available.	Site observations	The audit team observed the use of cleared vegetation as habitat and mulch	С	
8.13	Strip all groundcover vegetation with the topsoil to ensure maximum retention of nutrients and native seeds to facilitate rapid vegetation of the soil stockpiles.	Ongoing.	Site observations	Stripped topsoil was observed during the site inspection.	С	
8.14	Re-site all hollows from hollow-bearing trees removed where practicable.	Ongoing.	Eco-logical pre- clearance surveys	The audit team sighted examples of pre- clearance surveys where tree hollows had been re-sited.	С	
Desired	Outcome: Minimise long term impact on flora and fauna on and around the Mine Site.	1				
8.15	Implement a weed management strategy, in consultation with the Livestock Heath and Pest Authority and the Narrabri Shire Council weeds officer, for the retained or rehabilitate natural vegetation within the Mine Site.	To be developed in the Landscape Management Plan for the Project in accordance with the Stage 1 conditional requirement.		Verified via CoA	С	
8.16	Implement a feral animal management program to lower the predator impact upon small terrestrial native species.	In accordance with Landscape Management Plan.		Verified via CoA	С	
8.17	Inspect the sediment dams, evaporation ponds and brine storage ponds for fauna during the course of regular maintenance and operational inspections.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	

8.18	Undertake regular reviews of the revegetation program to ensure it remains relevant.	Annually.	Annual Monitoring Reports Annual Reviews	Rehabilitation monitoring reports are prepared annually Reviewed in the MOP and annual review.	С
8.19	Time clearing within woodland communities, where practicable, to avoid fauna breeding seasons.	Ongoing.	Eco-logical pre- clearance surveys	Clearing is undertaken to avoid breeding seasons	С
8.20	Undertake progressive and final rehabilitation across the Project Site to recreate a final land use of agriculture and native vegetation.	Ongoing.	Rehabilitation Management Plan	Rehabilitation objectives are set out in the RMP.	С
Desired	l Outcome: Ensure the biodiversity value of the Mine Site and surrounding areas is mainta	ained or improved.			
8.21	Establish and implement a Biodiversity Offset Management Plan to the satisfaction of the DoP (and in consultation with the DECCW), to account for the area disturbed by the Longwall Project and in particular regard for Bertya Opponens, the Superb Parrot and Inland Grey Box EEC.	Within 9 months of Project Approval.		Outside audit period	N/A
9. Indiç	genous Heritage				
Desired	l Outcome: Employees and contractors who are sensitive to, and respectful of, the Aborig	ginal heritage on the Mine Site.			
9.1	Involve all site employees and contractors in an awareness program re: Aboriginal Heritage Issues.	At Site Induction (and reinduction).	WHC generic induction sighted	Aboriginal heritage issues are included in the Whitehaven Coal and Narrabri surface inductions.	С
				All employees and contractors are required to complete both inductions.	
				New training matrix has been developed which includes project approvals including heritage basics – all employees to be rolled out in the next few months.	
				Heritage Advanced training is identified for surface civil team and environment officers.	
Desired	d Outcome: Ensure protection of Aboriginal sites and artefacts of scientific significance (A	boriginal Sites 10, 19, 38 and 39).			
9.2	Identify the boundaries of Aboriginal Sites 10, 19 38 and 39, design surface disturbing activities such as gas drainage operation, ventilation and access road construction to provide a buffer of at least 10m from the site fencing.	Prior to any surface disturbance within 100 m of the nominated sites.		Verified via CoA	С
9.3	Erect a sign on the fencing identifying an "Environmental Protection Zone".	Prior to any surface disturbance within 100 m of the nominated sites.	Site observations	The audit team observed appropriate fencing	С
9.4	Prohibit access to these sites by locating all surface disturbance (including roads) at least 10 m from these fence off areas.	Prior to any surface disturbance within 100 m of the nominated sites.	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan	10m buffer is described in the ACHMP	С
9.5	Remove the fencing (erected as nominated in Commitment 9.3) to allow the return of grazing to reduce the potential grass-fire hazard.	Following the completion of surface disturbance in the vicinity of the protected site.	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan	Fencing is removed as required.	С
Desired	Outcome: Manage identified Aboriginal sites and artefacts (of Panels 1 to 7) in accordar	nce with agreed management princi	ples.		1
9.6	For Aboriginal Sites 10, 19, 38, 39, design surface disturbing activities such as gas drainage operation, ventilation and access road construction to provide a buffer of at least 10 m from the site fencing.	Prior to any surface disturbance.	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan	10m buffer is described in the ACHMP	С
9.7	For all other Aboriginal sites, design surface disturbing activities such as gas drainage operations, ventilation and access road construction to avoid wherever possible the identified Aboriginal sites.	Prior to any surface disturbance within 100 m of any other Aboriginal site.	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan	As above	С

9.8	In the event that one of the Aboriginal sites (other than Aboriginal Sites 10, 19, 38 and 39) cannot be avoided, commission an archaeologist and invite representatives of registered Aboriginal stakeholder (Gomeroi and Narrabri LALC) to salvage the artefacts identified at the affected site ("the Salvage Area").	Prior to salvage.	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan Interview with Environmental Superintendent	No salvaging has been required	NT				
9.9	Undertake a full analysis of the material salvaged from within the Salvage Area by allowing the archaeologist to take the artefacts for further analysis.	Following salvage and prior to any surface disturbance.		No salvaging has been required	NT				
9.10	Return the salvaged artefacts to the authorised Aboriginal organisation.	Within 21 days of salvage.		No salvaging has been required	NT				
9.11	Place the salvaged artefacts in the care and control of the Aboriginal organisation agreed to by Narrabri LALC and Gomeroi. (The Proponent (if required) has agreed to provide an interim 'keeping place' in a designated storage facility with the Pit Top Area until such time as a suitable location is identified and agreed to by Narrabri LALC and Gomeroi).	Following salvage.		No salvaging has been required	NT				
9.12	Commission the preparation of a report ("Salvage Report") including full descriptions of the salvaged material, and an interpretation of the archaeological record within the Salvage Area.	Following salvage.		No salvaging has been required	NT				
9.13	Provide copies of the Salvage Report to Narrabri LALC, Gomeroi and the DECCW.	Within 3 months of salvage.		No salvaging has been required	NT				
Desired	Desired Outcome: Manage Aboriginal sites and artefacts (within the remaining Mining Area) in accordance with agreed management principles.								
9.14	As mining approaches the completion of Panels 1 to 7, undertake a further detailed field survey, involving representatives of the registered Aboriginal stakeholders, above the Mining Area to be disturbed over the ensuing 7 years.	At least 12 months prior to completion of mining in Panel 7.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Field surveys are undertaken prior to disturbance in collaboration with RAPs. Aboriginal cultural heritage assessment have been completed as required.	С				
9.15	Identify and protect through fencing and signage, those sites determined to be of high scientific significance as agreed and determined in consultation between the Proponent, the registered Aboriginal stakeholders and the archaeologist.	Prior to surface disturbance associated with Panel 8.	Site observations Surface Disturbance form	The audit team observed appropriate fencing. All surface disturbance is assessed through the Surface Disturbance form and RAPs consulted as appropriate.	С				
9.16	In the event that an identified site cannot be avoided, commission an archaeologist and invite representatives of registered Aboriginal stakeholders (Gomeroi and Narrabri LALC) to salvage the identified artefacts. All salvage is to be undertaken as per <i>Commitments 9.9 to 9.13</i> above.	Prior to surface disturbance.	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan	The procedure is described in the ACHMP and has been implemented as required.	С				
Desired Outcome: Manage Aboriginal heritage values in accordance with agreed management principles.									
9.17	Prepare, in consultation with the registered Aboriginal stakeholders and the DECCW, an updated Aboriginal Heritage Cultural Management Plan (AHCMP). The ACHMP will include: - protocols and procedures to ensure that all commitments (see	Within 6 months of receiving Project Approval.	Outside audit period	Outside audit period	NT				
	Commitments 9. 1 to 9.20) are implemented in full; - consultation and communication framework between the Proponent, registered								
	Aboriginal stakeholders and the DECCW; - the accountabilities and responsibilities of the Proponent and registered Aboriginal stakeholders; and								
	- All legal reporting requirements nominated by the DECCW.								
Desired Outcome: Appropriate protection and/or salvage of Aboriginal sites and artefacts identified beyond the identified beyond the Aboriginal sites defined during previous field surveys.									
9.18	Ensure that if any further Aboriginal artefacts are uncovered at any time during the life of the mine, work in the vicinity of the subject area ceases and the Proponent follows the procedures recorded in the ACHMP.	In the event of an Aboriginal site or artefact being identified.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	None identified during audit period	NT				

9.19	Wherever possible, if a tree is identified as having culturally made scars, it is retained in situ and protected.	In the event of a scarred tree being identified.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	None identified during audit period	NT	
9.20	Ensure that, where it is not possible to retain a scarred tree <i>in-situ</i> , the tree is cut down to preserve the scar, and relocated into a designated protected area. All activity associated with cutting of the tree and preservation of the scar is to be conducted in consultation with the Aboriginal stakeholders and the archaeologist.	In the event of a scarred tree being identified.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	None identified during audit period	NT	
10. Nois	se					
Desired	Outcome: All activities are undertaken in such a manner as to reduce the noise level ger	nerated and minimise impacts on su	urrounding landholders a	nd/or residents.		
10.1	Ensure that the approved hours of operation are adhered to.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.2	Use equipment with lower sound power levels in preference to more noisy equipment.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.3	Regularly service all equipment used on-site to ensure the sound power levels remain at or below the levels used in the modelling to assess generated noise levels and compliance with the criteria.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.4	Maintain a dialogue between the Proponent and surrounding neighbours and the local community to ensure any concerns over construction, operational or transport noise are addressed.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
Desired	outcome: Noise generated by construction activities does not DECCW nominated criteria	a nor significantly impact on neighb	ouring landowners and/o	or residents.		
10.5	Ensure that all equipment emits sound power levels consistent with the schedules in Appendix A of Spectrum Acoustics (2009).	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.6	Restrict the operation of a maximum of two (2) scrapers during construction operations under temperature inversion conditions, to one of the following areas only. • the longwall unit assembly area; • the ROM coal pad area; • the Reject Emplacement Area; or • the Brine Storage Area.	During construction phase.		Outside audit period	N/A	
10.7	Undertake noise monitoring at the private residences most likely to be affected by construction noise.	As required during construction works with real time noise monitoring and attended quarterly monitoring.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.8	In the event that noise monitoring confirms exceedance of noise criteria at privately owned residences, where noise mitigation measures prove ineffective, negotiated agreements will be sought with the affected parties in accordance with the Industrial Noise Policy	As required if exceedances cannot be mitigated.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.9	In accordance with the Noise Management Plan and to account for inversion impacts, develop an operational protocol in consultation with the DECCW to clearly define operational procedures to be adopted during inversion conditions to minimise impact at adjoining privately owned residences.	Within 3 months of approval.		Verified via CoA	С	
Desired	outcome: Noise generated by operational activities does not exceed DECCW nominated	d criteria more significantly impact o	n neighbouring landowne	ers and/or residents.		
10.10	Fully enclose the rotary breaker within a shed (or similar) clad with tilt-up aerated concrete panels, or similar.	Prior to commencement of coal processing.		Verified via CoA	С	
10.11	Enclose the coal processing plant with clad steel sheeting and line 50% of the internal surface with acoustic insulation.	Prior to commencement of coal processing.		Verified via CoA	С	

10.12	Refrain from using the bulldozer on the Reject Emplacement Area in both the morning and evening periods.	During temperature inversion conditions.	Verified via CoA	С
10.13	Limit the number of truck movements to the Reject Emplacement Area to 1 load per 15 minute period.	During temperature inversion conditions.	Verified via CoA	С
10.14	Ensure specific noise attenuation is provided to surface drills when operating over LW1 to LW3 and LW24 to LW26 to achieve a sound power level of 109dB (A).	Prior to surface drilling (under inversion conditions) above the nominated longwall panels.	Verified via CoA	С
10.15	Update the existing Noise Management Plan.	Within 6 months of approval.	Verified via CoA	С
Desired	outcome: Noise generated by transport activities does not exceed DECCW nominated c	riteria nor significantly impact on neighbouring landov	wners and/or residents.	
10.16	Ensure strict adherence to hours of operation, including transport activities.	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
10.17	Instruct all project employees and contractors to enter and exit the Mine Site in a courteous manner and without causing undue traffic noise.	On inductions (and reinduction).	Verified via CoA	С
10.18	Maintain the on-site road network to limit body noise from empty trucks travelling on internal roads.	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
Desired	outcome: Blasting undertaken that complies with the nominated DECCW criteria.	1		
10.19	Ensure that all blasts are designed by a suitably qualified and experienced blasting engineer or shot-firer and that each blast is designed to ensure compliance with the relevant assessment criteria or conditional requirements.	As required.	No blasting has been conducted	NT
Desired	outcome: Implementation of an appropriate noise monitoring program to ensure continui	ng compliance with the DECCW guideline levels duri	ng longwall mining operations.	
10.20	Undertake attended noise monitoring at the residences most likely to be affected by Longwall Project generated noise.	Quarterly.	Verified via CoA	С
	"Bow Hills" "Belah Park" "Naroo" "Matilda" ¹ "Oakleigh" "Haylin View"			
	"Newhaven" "Merrilong" ¹			
10.21	Increase the frequency of monitoring during the first winter (May to September) of mining operations proposed under this approval. This will also incorporate real time noise monitoring as required under the Stage 1 modification approval.	Monthly.	Outside audit period	N/A
10.22	Review and submit noise monitoring results to the DECCW.	Annually.	Verified via CoA/EPL	С
11. Air (Quality			
Desired	outcome: Site activities are undertaken without exceeding DECCW air quality criteria or	goals.		
11.1	Minimise the extent of clearing across the Mine Site including the campaigns to construct the area for reject emplacement and construct brine storage ponds.	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
11.2	Retain cleared trees and branches on the margins of cleared areas for use in stabilising disturbed areas once they are no longer required.	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
11.3	Undertake soil stripping at times when most appropriate (such as when there is sufficient soil moisture to prevent significant lift-off of dust and at times other than periods of high winds).	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
11.4	Operate water sprays on all continuous miners, the longwall unit and the breaker feeder to minimise dust creation underground.	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
11.5	Apply water to the coal at the feed hopper, crusher and at all conveyor transfer and discharge points.	Ongoing.	Verified via CoA	С
11.6	Fit all surface conveyors with appropriate cleaning and collection devices to minimise the amount of material falling from the return conveyor belts.	Prior to commencement of coal processing.	Verified via CoA	С

11.7	Enclose the rotary breaker (see Commitment 10.10).	Prior to commencement of coal processing.		Verified via CoA	С	
11.8	Partially enclose all surface conveyors to minimise dust lift off.	Prior to commencement of coal processing.		Verified via CoA	С	
11.9	Cease construction of the brine storage ponds when the prevailing winds are from the northwest quadrant.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
11.10	Apply water onto stockpiles and hardstand areas.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
11.11	Progressively rehabilitate areas of disturbance including gas drainage areas.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
11.12	Progressively rehabilitate areas no longer required for operational purposes.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С	
Desired	outcome: Minimise the potential for spontaneous combustion of the coal stored and han	dled on site.	1			
11.13	Minimise the length of time coal is held in stockpiles.	Ongoing.	Spontaneous Combustion in Surface Coal Stockpiles Procedure, DATED 3 June 2013	Coal rotational plan is to be implemented.	С	
11.14	Monitor coal stockpiles for signs of spontaneous combustion.	Ongoing.	Spontaneous Combustion in Surface Coal Stockpiles Procedure, DATED 3 June 2013	Stockpiles are inspected on a mimimum of 24 hour basis. In the event combustion is identified the TARP will be initiated.	С	
11.15	Immediately report incidents to the appropriate authorities.	Ongoing.	Stockpile Heating and Spontaneous Combustion TARP, dated 23 March 2017	If an uncontrolled event is identified, the PIRMP would be activated, requiring Notification to appropriate authorities (i.e. fire authority, EPA etc.)	С	
11.16	Extinguish fire by removal from stockpile, spreading and saturation with water.	In the event of ignition.	Stockpile Heating and Spontaneous Combustion TARP, dated 23 March 2017	Included in procedure – hot coal rolled out and sprayed with water	С	
Desired	outcome: Ensure no employee's health is adversely affected as a result of employment	at the Longwall Project.				
11.17	Install underground ventilation system to provide fresh air to employees.	Ongoing and as required.		Verified by CoA	С	
Desired	outcome: Minimise greenhouse gas, other gas and odour emissions through reduction in	n diesel consumption.				
11.18	Optimise and schedule vehicle operations to minimise vehicle movements.	Ongoing.		Verified by CoA	С	
11.19	Maintain engines according to manufacturer's guidelines and keep tyres at optimum pressure.	Ongoing.		Verified by CoA	С	
11.20	Minimises vehicle idling time.	Ongoing.		Verified by CoA	С	
11.21	Prepare an updated Energy Savings Action Plan (ESAP).	Within 12 months of Project Approval.		Verified by CoA	С	
Desired	outcome: Implementation of an appropriate air quality monitoring program to ensure con	tinuing compliance with DECCW gu	uideline levels.			
11.22	Monitor deposited dust levels at 8 sites (ND1 to ND8).	Monthly.		Verified by CoA	С	
11.23	Monitor PM ₁₀ levels at 2 sites (ND9 to ND10).	1 in 6 days as per DECCW schedule.		Verified by CoA	С	
11.24	Review and submit dust monitoring results to relevant government agency.	Annually.		Verified by CoA/EPL	С	
12. Soils	s and Land Capability					

Desired	outcome: Maintenance of soil value for rehabilitation and minimisation of soil loss through	h erosion.			
12.1	Strip topsoil to a depth of 15 cm and strip subsoil to a depth of 25 cm (where sufficient soil depths are available).	During soil stripping operations.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	There are no stockpiles above longwalls – only at the REA for capping the final landform	С
12.2	Avoid stripping or replacing under wet conditions.	During soil stripping operations.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The audit team was advised that soil stripping is not undertaken during wet conditions	С
12.3	Stockpile topsoil and subsoil separately with topsoil stockpiles not exceeding 2m in height and subsoil stockpiles not exceeding 3m in height.	During stockpiling operations.	Site observations	The audit team observed separate stockpiles at the REA that appeared to be not exceeding 2m for topsoil and 3m for subsoil.	С
12.4	Carefully select soil stockpile locations to avoid subsequent movement, to ensure that the soil structure is not degraded.	During soil stripping operations.	Site observations	All stockpile are within the REA footprint	С
12.5	Position soil stockpiles to prevent surface water runoff coming into contact with the soil stockpiles.	During soil stockpiling operations.	Site observations	Stockpile appeared to be positioned to avoid surface runoff.	С
12.6	Construct soil stockpiles with a 'rough' surface to assist in runoff control and seed retention and germination.	During soil stockpiling operations.	Site observations	Stockpiles were observed to have a rough surface.	С
12.7	Construct up slope water diversion banks to direct overland surface water flow away from soil stockpiles.	During soil stockpiling operations.	Site observations Narrabri Mine Rejects Emplacement Area Capping Assessment & Closure Design, November 2019	Upslope water diversion banks were observed to be in place.	С
12.8	Install protective earthworks such as straw bale or contour bank protection to protect the soil stockpile from overland flow as required.	Following stockpile construction.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The audit team was advised that straw bales or contour banks are used where required.	С
12.9	Install silt-stop fencing or similar protection immediately down slope of stockpiles and retain until such time as they develop a stable cover of vegetation.	Following stockpile construction.	Site observations	Silt fences were observed on site.	С
12.10	Sow soil stockpiles with stabilising groundcover species.	Following stockpile construction.	Site observations	Topsoil stockpile at REA is seeded.	С
12.11	Retain soil conservation structures, or if disturbed, reinstate these structures to maintain pre-mining soil and water management on the Mine Site.	Ongoing.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent Site observations	Re-instatement carried out as required.	С
Desired	outcome: Minimise erosion on the Mine Site as a consequence of subsidence.				
12.12	Inspect drainage lines, predicted surface cracking zones and other areas of the Mine Site susceptible to erosion, ie. soils of the Purlawaugh Formation on slopes >10°.	At least quarterly.		Refer to SoC 5	
12.13	Undertake remedial actions on areas of accelerated erosion, eg. reinstatement or realignment of contour banks, regrading of channels, sowing of cover crops, etc.	Ongoing as required.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	The audit ream was advised that remedial action are undertaken as required.	С
Desired	outcome: Ensure no tunnelling erosion occurs as a consequence of pipeline channel exc	cavation.	I		I
12.14	Replace soil material in the reverse order to that removed, ie. lower subsoil layers, upper subsoil layers then topsoil	When under construction.		Outside audit period	N/A
Desired	outcome: Remediate contaminated soils.				

12.15	Excavate and remove soils contaminated with hydrocarbons or saline water.	Within one month of contamination occurring.	Hydrocarbon management plan 2013 and reviewed Sep 2019	Contaminated soils are removed to the bioremediation pad and then to the rejects area or removed offsite. And initiating the PIRMP No spills in the audit period.	С
12.16	(If the contamination is widespread) Remove contaminated material to facility licensed to accept the nominated contamination.	Within one month of contamination occurring.		Not triggered	NT
12.17	(If the hydrocarbon contamination is limited in area) Remove to a designated 'land farming' location (away from natural drainage) for bio- remediation of hydrocarbon contaminated material.	Within one month of contamination occurring.		Not triggered	NT
13. Tran	sportation				
Desired	Outcome: All motorists travel safely to and from the Mine Site with minimal disruption to	Kamilaroi Highway or Kurrajong Cı	eek Road Traffic.		
13.1	Transport coal entirely by rail.	Ongoing.		Verified by CoA	С
13.2	Erect appropriate road signage.	As required.	Site observations	Appropriate road signage was observed	С
13.3	Ensure all employees and contractors are regularly informed about the safe driving requirements to and from the mine site.	On induction and ongoing.	Monthly Safety Focus, October 2018	Information on safe driving and speeding was included in the monthly safety focus for October 2018	С
13.4	Instruct all employees regarding the possible scenario where the rail crossing is closed at shift change-over and requirement for patience whilst the crossing is closed.	On induction.		In NCO induction	С
13.5	Transport all oversize loads with all necessary permits.	As required.		As required	С
13.6	Manage the maintenance of the Mine Access Road, Kurrajong Creek Road, North Western Branch Railway Crossing.	Ongoing for the life of the mine.	Site observations	The mine access road was observed to be in good condition	С
Desired	outcome: An improved understanding of the cumulative impacts of increased rail traffic o	n all stakeholders impacted by incr	eased rail traffic to Port N	lewcastle.	
13.7	Work co-operatively with the relevant authorities, and as required ARTC, in terms of financial and in kind commitment of resources (to be agreed with the relevant authority and on an equitable basis with other rail users) in a study into the cumulative impacts of increased rail traffic from all sources.	When commissions by the relevant authority.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered	NT
Desired	outcome: An understanding of the implications of the cumulative impacts of increased ra	il traffic, on traffic flow in and about	the township of Gunneda	ah.	'
13.8	Work co-operatively with Gunnedah Shire Council in terms of financial and in-kind commitment of resources (to be agreed with Gunnedah Shire Council and on an equitable basis with other rail uses) in an Integrated Traffic Management Study to be commissioned by Gunnedah Shire Council.	When commissioned by Gunnedah Shire Council.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered	NT
14. Visu	al				
Desired	Outcome: The operation of the Siding Springs Observatory is not affected by project operation	erations.			
14.1	Use soft lighting on the Pit Top Area to minimise impact on surrounding residents while allowing for evening maintenance and deliveries / night train loading activities.	Night-time operations.	Complaints register	Only one complaint has been received related to lighting	С
Desired	Outcome: Restriction of vantage points of project activities from neighbouring residences	s and public roads.			
14.2	Maintain the perimeter amenity bund and vegetate with native grasses, shrubs and trees.	During the site establishment phase.		Outside audit period	N/A
14.3	Construct and vegetate a bund wall around the ventilation shaft areas to restrict the visibility of the activities from neighbouring residences.	During the site establishment phase.		Outside audit period	N/A
14.4	Rehabilitate and revegetate all areas no longer required for site operations to ensure the maximum area of grassed paddock is present.	Ongoing.		Verified via CoA	С

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14.5	Construct / paint the load-out bin above the rail load-out area and site buildings in a grey / green hue to limit their overall visibility.	During the site establishment phase.	Site observations	The load out bin was observed to be of a grey/green hue.	С	
15. Con	nmunity Contributions					
Desired	Outcome: Keep surrounding land owners and land users informed about site activities.					
15.1	Maintain the Community Consultative Committee or similar and include local community representatives.	Ongoing.	CCC meeting minutes	The CCC is maintained and meetings are held on a quarterly basis	С	
15.2	Provide regular newsletters regarding project progress and operations.	Ongoing.	CCC meeting minutes NCO Website	CCC minutes are published on the website News section on the website contains community newsletters	С	
Desired	Outcome: Contribute to the Local Community through appropriate contributions to Community	nunity Enhancement Activities.				
15.3	Provide funding of \$100,000 to the Gunnedah Shire Council Community Enhancement fund. Funding to be spread out equally over 5 annual instalments.	For 5 years.		Outside audit period	N/A	
15.4	Provide funding of \$1,500,000 to the Narrabri Shire Council Community Enhancement Fund. Funding to be provided in two instalments over two years.	2 years.		Outside audit period	N/A	
16. Env	ironmental Monitoring					
Desired	Outcome: Implement a comprehensive and ongoing surface water monitoring program.					
16.1	Monitor surface water quality for: pH, EC, TDS, TSS, Total Organic Carbon at locations upstream and downstream of the Pit Top Area on Kurrajong and Pine Creeks and their tributaries (See also <i>Commitment 7.27</i>).	Quarterly during surface flows.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.2	Record the volume and quality (pH, EC, TDS, TSS, Total Organic Carbon) of water extracted and discharged to the Namoi River (see also <i>Commitment 7.28</i>).	Weekly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.3	Record extraction volumes including weekly totals from all pumping bores and weekly totals from underground and open cut sump (see also <i>Commitment 6.4</i>).	Weekly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.4	Record Volumes of water introduced to the mine for longwall operation and other requirements (see also <i>Commitment 6.5</i>).	Weekly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.5	Record the groundwater quality (EC and pH) discharged from the underground workings and water supply bores (See also <i>Commitment 6.6</i>).	Monthly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.6	 Sample and analyse water from all pumping bores and underground for the following parameters. EC, TDS, TSS and pH. Calcium, magnesium, sodium and potassium. Carbonate, bicarbonate, sulphate and chloride. Aluminium, arsenic, boron, cobalt, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, silver, selenium, zinc. Ammonia, nitrate, phosphorus, reactive phosphorus (see also <i>Commitment 6.7</i>). 	Quarterly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.7	Record (by manual monitoring, or continuous automated monitoring) the standing water levels of piezometers P1 to P27 and WB1 and WB8 (and others as constructed) (see also <i>Commitment 6.8</i>).	Monthly initially and Quarterly after first 12 months.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.8	Monitor the flow rate and water quality of the spring discharge from "Mayfield Spring" (see also <i>Commitment 6.9</i>).	Monthly initially and Quarterly after first 12 months.		Verified via CoA	С	

16.9	Install additional multi-level vibrating wire piezometers over LW1 to LW3 to obtain detailed data as to the impact of mine subsidence on the groundwater of the various strata above the underground workings (see also <i>Commitment 6.10</i>).	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.10	Collect data from the vibrating wire piezometers and compare against initial groundwater and subsidence modelling predictions (see also <i>Commitment 6.11</i>).	Data collected continuously and downloaded and analysed quarterly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.11	Commission an experienced hydrogeologist to collate and review the monitoring data collected annually in order to assess the impacts of the project on the groundwater environment, and to compare any observed impacts with those predicted from groundwater modelling (see also Commitment 6.12).	Annually.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.12	Develop the groundwater monitoring program in consultation with the Proponent's consultant hydrogeologist, the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water – Office of Water and those groundwater users potentially affected by the project (see also <i>Commitment 6.13</i>).	Prior to commencement of longwall mining.		Verified via CoA	С	
Desired	Outcome: Implementation of an appropriate noise monitoring program to ensure continu	ing compliance with DEC guideline	levels.			
16.13	Undertake attended noise monitoring at the residences most likely to be affected by Longwall Project generated noise.	Quarterly.		Verified via CoA	С	
	"Bow Hills" "Belah Park" "Naroo" "Matilda"' "Oakleigh" "Haylin View"' "Newhaven" "Merrilong" (see also Commitment 10.20)					
16.14	Increase the frequency of monitoring during the first winter (May to September) of construction or mining operations. (see also <i>Commitment 10.21</i>) This will also incorporate real time noise monitoring in accordance with requirements under the Stage 1 modification approval.	Monthly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.15	Review and submit noise monitoring results to the DECCW. (see also <i>Commitment 10.22</i>).	Annually.		Verified via CoA/EPL	С	
Desired	Outcome: Implementation of an appropriate air quality monitoring program to ensure co	ntinuing compliance with DEC guide	eline levels.			
16.16	Monitor deposited dust levels at 8 sites (ND1 to ND8). (see also <i>Commitment</i> 11.22).	Monthly.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.17	Monitor PM ₁₀ levels at 2 sites (ND9 toND10). (see also <i>Commitment 11.23</i>).	1 in 6 days as per DECCW schedule.		Verified via CoA	С	
16.18	Review and submit dust monitoring result to relevant government agency. (see also <i>Commitment 11.24</i>).	Annually.		Verified via CoA/EPL	С	
17. Doc	umentation					
Desired	Outcome: A systematic set of documents are in place to guide the planning and implem	entation of all environmental manag	gement strategies.			
17.1	Incorporate the environmental procedures in an on-site management system.	Prior to relevant activity.		A management system is implemented		
17.2	Prepare or update the following management and monitoring plans; Mining Operations Plan Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan Energy Savings Action Plan Waste Management Plan Water Management Plan Landscape Management Plan Greenhouse Gas Minimisation Plan Gas Drainage & Outburst Management Plan	Various and as nominated by project approval.	Management Plans SMS Overview	The majority of the management plans have been developed and implemented and have been verified through the CoA. A standalone Major Hazard Management Plan has not been developed but in accordance with NSW Resources Regulator Code of Practice for Safety Management Systems (SMS) in Mines	ANC	NCO should review the WMP and TARP to confirm that actions for water quality incidents adequately address saline contamination and meets the intent of the original commitment, or request a modification to the approval in relation to saline contamination.

ANNEX A CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL
Compliance with Ministers Conditions of Approval PA 08_0144 MOD 6

	 Major Hazard Management Plan Salinity Contamination Contingency Plan Extraction Management Plan Erosion & Sediment Control Plan Noise Monitoring Program 			major and principal hazards are addressed in the site SMS. Water quality incidents are addressed in the Water Management Plan and the Pollution Incident Response Management plan (PIRMP), including response and notification, however these do not specifically make reference to saline contamination or specific response requirements as outlined in SoC 7.26. Outburst principal hazard management plan 25/11/19 – gas drainage design is covered in the plan		
17.3	Incorporate relevant environmental data and information in Annual Environmental Management Reports.	Annually.	Annual reviews	Environmental data is incorporated into the annual reviews.	С	
18. Gen	eral eral					
Desired	Outcome: All buildings meet necessary building codes and specifications.					
18.1	Construct all buildings with certification by Narrabri Shire Council.	During site establishment phase.		Outside audit period	N/A	
Desired	Outcome: All employees and contractors are trained and assessed as competent to und	ertake those activities influencing th	e environment.			
18.2	Implement a policy encouraging employment of local district personnel, with arrangements for training and certification.	Prior to commencement of project.		Outside audit period	N/A	
18.3	Include environmental issues in the site induction process for new employees and/or contractors.	Prior to commencement of project.		Outside audit period	N/A	
18.4	Develop and incorporate an environmental training program to ensure all employees and contractors are environmentally responsible and follow all relevant site-specific procedures.	Prior to commencement of project.		Outside audit period	N/A	
18.5	Include environmental issues in the agenda for toolbox meetings with employees and/or contractors.	Ongoing.	Toolbox talk on PIRMP Sep 2018 TBT Feb 19 – drilling operations including hours of operation, waste, vehicle movements, clearing Various email comms. on various issues – bushfires, dust etc.	There is no regular agenda item in toolbox talks, items are included as required or if there is an issue.	С	



TABLE B1 EPL
Compliance with Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12789

Document details	
Document title	Table B1 EPL
Document subtitle	Compliance with Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12789
Project No.	0523817
Date	31 January 2020
Version	1.1
Author	Heather Mckay, Peter Gleadhill
Client Name	Whitehaven Coal Limited

www.erm.com Version: 1.1 Project No.: 0523817 Client: Whitehaven Coal Limited 31 January 2020 Page i

Item		Assessment Requireme	nt	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
1 ADM	NISTRATIVE CONDITIONS						
A1 Wha	at the licence authorises and r	egulates					
A1.1	listed in A2. The activities are I classification and the scale of t Unless otherwise further restrict	isted according to their scheduled a he operation.	nent work listed below at the premises activity classification, fee-based activity are scale at which the activity is carried out Scale	Annual Review 2016, 2017, 2018	Annual ROM coal from site for reporting period: 2016- 5.59MT 2017- 6.92MT 2018- 5.28MT 2019 (YTD) – 5.70MT	С	
A2 Pre	mises or plant to which this lie	ence applies					
A2.1		PERATIONS EEK ROAD ED UNDER PROJECT APPROVA ROJECT LAND OF PROJECT API	L 08_0144- INDICATED IN APPENDIX PROVAL 08_0144, DATED 26 JULY	Note	Noted	Note	
A3 Info	rmation supplied to the EPA						
A3.1	application, except as expression this condition the reference (a) the applications for any lice replaces under the Protect 1998; and	·	a reference to:	Note	Noted	Note	

Item		Assess	ment Requirement		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
2 DISCI	HARGES TO AIR A	AND WATER AND APPLICAT	TIONS TO LAND					
P1 Loc	ation of monitorin	g/discharge points and area	s					
P1.1 The following utilisation areas referred to in the table the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any app P1.2 The following utilisation areas referred to in the table are identically and/or the setting of limits for any app P1.3 The following points referred to in the table are identically and/or the setting of limits for discharges of pollutant water and Land			Current Environmental Monitoring Locations, dated 28 February 2017 EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to	Current monitoring points are included in both the EPL Monitoring Reports and the Current Environmental Monitoring Locations map.	С			
		T of	. T of disabases	Landin description	2019			
	EPA ID no.	'''	g Type of discharge point	Location description				
	3	1		Monitoring point located at 'Bow Hills' and labelled ND3 as shown on map titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017 – EPA DOC17/131971				
	23		Gas Drainage Network	Pre-drainage and Goaf Gas drainage network associated with the underground mining operations.				
P1.2					Note	Noted	Note	
P1.3	The following points referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for discharges of pollutants to water from the point.			Current Environmental Monitoring Locations, dated 28 February 2017 EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to	With the exception of Point 24, 25 and 26 current monitoring points are included in the Current Environmental Monitoring Locations map dated 28 February 2018. It is noted that	Obs C	The Current Environmental Monitoring Locations map and future EPL Monitoring Reports	
	EPA ID no.	Type of monitoring point	Type of discharge point	Location description	2019	Points 24 and 25 are outside of the EPL site		should be updated to include the location of Points 24, 25 and 26.
	11	Wet weather discharge Discharge water quality monitoring	Discharge water quality monitoring	Discharge point on northern side of mine boundary labelled as "SD4" on Figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.		boundary and the image of the map. Based on review of the Monitoring Report for 2019, all current monitoring points with the exception of Point 26 are included on the map. ERM observed Point 26 during the site audit, however, documentation should be updated to reflect this.		
	12 (removed 19 January 2017)	Wet weather discharge Discharge water quality monitoring	Discharge water quality monitoring	Discharge point on eastern side of mine boundary labelled as "SD5" on Figure titled "Wet Weather Discharge Monitoring Locations" provided with licence variation application dated 10 February 2009.				
	13	Wet weather discharge Discharge water quality monitoring	Discharge water quality monitoring	Discharge point on south eastern side of mine boundary labelled as "SD2" on Figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
	14	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Upstream of mine discharge point on Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1 labelled as				

	Assess	sment Requirement		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendate
			"KC1US" on Figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971."				
15	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Downstream of mine discharge point on Kurrajong Creek Tributary 1 labelled as "KC1DS" on Figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971."				
16	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Upstream of mine discharge point on Kurrajong Creek Tributary 2 labelled as "KC2US" on Figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
17	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Downstream of mine discharge point on Kurrajong Creek Tributary 2 labelled as "KC2DS" on Figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
18	Wet weather discharge Discharge water quality monitoring		Discharge point on western side of mine boundary labelled as "SD7" on figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
19	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Upstream location of Kurrajong Creek labelled as "KCUS" on figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
20	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Upstream location of Kurrajong Creek labelled as "KCDS" on figure titled ""EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
21	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Northern portion of mining area in Pine Creek labelled as "PCa" on figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
22	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Monitoring point in Pine Creek Tributary 1 labelled as "PC1" on figure titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
24 (added as o 18 June 2019)		Water Quality Monitoring	Discharge point at Namoi River Labelled as NR1 on Map titled				

Item		Assess	sment Requirement		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
				"EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
	25 (added as of 18 June 2019)	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring	Ambient Water Quality Monitoring	Discharge point at Namoi River Labelled as NRUS on Map titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
	26 (added as of 18 June 2019) Ambient Water Quality Monitoring		Ambient Water Quality Monitoring	Ambient Water Quality Ambient Water Quality Discharge point at Namoi River Monitoring Labelled as NRDS on Map titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
	27 (added as of 18 June 2019)	Wet Weather Discharge Discharge water quality monitoring	Wet Weather Discharge Discharge water quality monitoring	Wet Weather Discharge Wet Weather Discharge point at Ventilation Shaft Discharge water quality Discharge water quality Labelled as SD8 on Map titled "EPL monitoring 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017, EPA DOC17/131971.				
P1.4			e for the purpose of monitoring license for the purpose of mon	-	Current Environmental Monitoring Locations, dated 28 February 2017	Observed to be present on monitoring maps provided and in place during site audit.	С	
	EPA ID no.	Type of monitorin	· · ·		EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to 2019 Site walkover			
	W1	Weather analysis		1				
	W2 (added as of June 2019)	Measurement of Inversion condition	Inversion tower identified as "W2" on map titled "EPL 12789 Monitoring Locations" dated 21/02/2017 - EF DOC 17/131971.					
3 LIMIT	CONDITIONS		·					
L1 Poll	ution of Waters							
L1.1		expressly provided in any oth Protection of the Environmen	her condition of this licence, that Operations Act 1997.	e licensee must comply with	Current Environmental Monitoring Locations, dated 28 February 2017	No exceedances, leaks or significant spills were reported during the audit period.	С	
L2 Cor	oncentration Limits			1	1			
L2.1	For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the table/s below (by a point number), the concentration of a pollutant discharged at that point, or applied to that area, must not exceed the concentration limits specified for that pollutant in the table.			EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to 2019 Interviews with Environmental Superintendent	No surface water discharge is understood to have occurred during the audit period for the points listed. Therefore no monitoring or exceedances were reported.	NT		
L2.2	Where a pH qualit specified ranges.	y limit is specified in the table	e, the specified percentage of s	amples must be within the	Note	Noted	Note	

			Assessment	Requirement			Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
3	To avoid any doub those specified in		loes not authorise	the pollution of wa	iters by any polluta	ant other than	Note	Noted	Note	
	Water and/or Land Concentration Limits Points 11, 12, 13, 18, 27 Auditor Note: 12 was removed 19 January 2017						EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to 2019 Interviews with Environmental	No surface water discharge is understood to have occurred during audit period from Points 11, 12, 13, 18, 24 or 27 and as such no	NT	
	Pollutant	Unit of measure	50 percentile concentration limit	90 percentile concentration limit	3DGM concentration limit	100 percentile concentration limit	Superintendent	monitoring of has been undertaken.		
	Oil and grease	Milligrams per litre	-	-	-	10				
	Points 11, 12, 13 Auditor Note: 24 Auditor Note: 12 Pollutant	and 27 were add	January 2017 50 percentile concentration	90 percentile concentration	3DGM concentration	100 percentile concentration				
	pH	pH	limit -	limit -	limit -	6.5-8.5				
	Points 11, 12, 13 Auditor Note: 27 Auditor Note: 12	was added as of								
	Auditor Note: 27	was added as of	January 2017 50 percentile concentration	90 percentile concentration	3DGM concentration	100 percentile concentration				
	Auditor Note: 27 Auditor Note: 12 Pollutant Total suspended	was added as of was removed 19 Unit of	January 2017 50 percentile	1						
	Auditor Note: 27 Auditor Note: 12 Pollutant Total	was added as of was removed 19 Unit of measure Milligrams per litre	50 percentile concentration limit	concentration limit	concentration	concentration limit				
	Auditor Note: 27 Auditor Note: 12 Pollutant Total suspended solids Point 24 Auditor Note: 24	was added as of was removed 19 Unit of measure Milligrams per litre was added as of Unit of	50 percentile concentration limit - 18 June 2019 50 percentile concentration	90 percentile concentration	concentration limit - 3DGM concentration	concentration limit 50 100 percentile concentration				
	Auditor Note: 27 Auditor Note: 12 Pollutant Total suspended solids Point 24 Auditor Note: 24 Pollutant Total dissolved	was added as of was removed 19 Unit of measure Milligrams per litre was added as of Unit of measure Milligrams per litre ded Solids concert	50 percentile concentration limit 18 June 2019 50 percentile concentration limit 250	90 percentile concentration limit	concentration limit - 3DGM concentration limit	100 percentile concentration limit 350	Note	Not triggered	NT	
	Auditor Note: 27 Auditor Note: 12 Pollutant Total suspended solids Point 24 Auditor Note: 24 Pollutant Total dissolved solids The Total Suspen for water discharg a) the disch millimetr all practic	was added as of was removed 19 Unit of measure Milligrams per litre was added as of Unit of measure Milligrams per litre ded Solids concerted provided that: narge occurs sole es over any consecul measures have	50 percentile concentration limit 18 June 2019 50 percentile concentration limit 250 ntration limits specially as a result of ecutive 5 day perice been implemented.	90 percentile concentration limit 90 percentile concentration limit cified for Points 11	3DGM concentration limit 3DGM concentration limit , 13, 18 and 27 mat the premises or to the discharge ediment dams with	concentration limit 50 100 percentile concentration limit 350 ay be exceeded that exceeds 38.4 coccurring; and in 5 days of rainfall		Not triggered	NT	

Item		As	ssessment Requirem	nent		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
L3 Nois	se limits								
L3.1	Noise generated at th	e premises must not	exceed the noise limi	ts in the table below.		EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to	The following exceedances of EPL noise limits	NC	Continue to investigate all
	Locality and location	Day - LAeq (15 minute)	Evening – LAeq (15 minute)	Night – LAeq (15 minute)	Night – LA1 (1 minute)	2019. SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd, Noise Investigation, 1 August 2019	 were recorded during the audit period: 27 June 2017: Point N5, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 37 dB and Night – LA1 (1 minute) 		appropriate noise attenuation measures. (Refer CoA 4.1– duplicate NC).
	All privately owned residences	35	35	35	45	Spectrum Acoustics, Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study, 19 November 2019	of 46 dB. • 29 June 2017: Point N6, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 38 dB.		
							 07 September 2017: Point N6, Night – LAeq (15 minute) of 36 dB. June 2019: Point N6, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 42 dB and Point N9, Day - LAeq (15 minute) of 43 (Note: both recorded during non-compliant weather conditions of wind speed > 3 m/s and as such do not represent a non-compliance with the EPL. 04 September 2019: Point N9, Day - LAeq 		
							(15 minute) of 39 dB. For the exceedance recorded in September 2019, subsequent investigations by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) dated 1 August 2019, exceedances in noise monitoring results were likely attributable to the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan. Subsequently a Vent Fan Noise Reduction Study conducted by Spectrum Acoustics dated 19 November 2019 assessed noise control options based on technical information for the fans and noise measurements taken in 2014 and 2019. Based on outcomes of the Study, ERM understands that NCO is investigating a number of noise attenuation measures including the installation of a 14 m high acoustic barrier at around the Main Exhaust Ventilation Fan which is expected to reduce noise levels at the receiver point 5 km north of the fans to less than the exceedance criteria limits under Condition 43.1. NCO is progressing the validation of noise modelling assumptions to inform the engineering designs, cost and project management aspects required for construction of the noise abatement installation.		
L3.2	The noise limits ident a) identified as reside or b) subject to a private	nces subject to acqu	isition or noise mitigat	ion on request within t	he Project Approval;	Note	Both N6 and N9 are private residences.	Note	
L3.3	For the purpose of the a) Day is define Public Holida b) Evening is d	e table above: ed as the period from ays; efined as the period from the period	n 7am to 6pm Monday	to Saturday and 8am	to 6pm Sundays and Opm to 8am Sundays		Noted	Note	

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
L3.4	Determining compliance To determine compliance: a) with the Leq(15 minute) noise limits in the Noise Limits table, the noise measurement equipment must be located: i) approximately on the property boundary, where any dwelling is situated 30 metres or less from the property boundary closest to the premises; or ii) within 30 metres of a dwelling façade, but not closer than 3m, where any dwelling on the property is. situated more than 30 metres from the property boundary closest to the premises; or, where applicable iii) within approximately 50 metres of the boundary of a National Park or a Nature Reserve. b) with the LA1(1 minute) noise limits in the Noise Limits table, the noise measurement equipment must be located within 1 metre of a dwelling facade. c) with the noise limits in the Noise Limits table, the noise measurement equipment must be located: i) at the most affected point at a location where there is no dwelling at the location; or ii) at the most affected point within an area at a location prescribed by part (a) or part (b) of this condition.	SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd, Noise Investigation, 3 October 2019	Noted to be compliant based on observations made onsite, review of sample Noise Monitoring Reports and the Current Environmental Monitoring Locations, dated 28 February 2017. However, SLR monitoring reports do not clearly outline these requirements in their methodology.	Obs C	Future noise monitoring reports should be updated to clearly confirm the sampling methodology is compliant with Condition L3.4.
L3.5	The noise limits set out in the Noise Limits table apply under all meteorological conditions except for the following: a) Wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or b) Stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or c) Stability category G temperature inversion conditions. For the purposes of this condition: i) Data recorded by the meteorological station identified as EPA Identification Point(s) WW1 must be used to determine meteorological conditions; and ii) Temperature inversion conditions (stability category) are to be determined by direct measurement over a minimum 50m height interval as referred to in Part E2 of Appendix E of the "New South Wales Industrial Noise Policy" dated January 2000 ISBN 0 7313 2715 2. Auditor Note: prior to 19 January 2017, ii) read: Temperature inversion conditions (stability category) are to be determined by the sigma-theta method referred to in Part E4 of Appendix E to the NSW Industrial Noise Policy.	Note	Noted	Note	
L3.6	For the purposes of determining the noise generated at the premises the modification factors in Section 4 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy must be applied, as appropriate, to the noise levels measured by the noise monitoring equipment.	SLR Noise Monitoring Reports	Review of sample SLR noise monitoring reports identify low frequency noise components being evaluated as per the NSW Noise Policy for Industry (2017). Whilst Condition L3.6 states that the NSW Industrial Noise Policy (2000) should apply, justification for the use of NSW Noise Policy for Industry (2017) was provided through reference to Clause 8 under the 'Implementation and transitional arrangements for the Noise Policy for Industry (2017)' prepared by EPA. Clause 8 states "that "The NSW Industrial Noise Policy (2000) will continue to apply where it is referenced in existing statutory instruments (such as consents and licences), except for the NSW Industrial Noise Policy Section 4 modifying factors, which will be transitioned to the Noise Policy for Industry (2017) Fact Sheet C through a NSW Industrial Noise Policy application note. This approach has been taken because the Noise Policy for	С	

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
			Industry (2017) modification factor approach reflects more recent understanding of the impact of tonal and low-frequency noise on the community."		
L4 Blas	sting				
L4.1	The overpressure level from blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 115dB (Lin Peak) for more than five per cent of the total number of blasts over each reporting period. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.2	The overpressure level from blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 120dB (Lin Peak) at any time. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.3	The airblast overpressure level from blasting operations listed in Conditions L4.1 and L4.2 must not be exceeded at any point within 30 metres of any non-project related residential building or other noise sensitive location.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.4	Ground vibration peak particle velocity from the blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 5mm/sec for more than five per cent of the total number of blasts over each reporting period. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.5	Ground vibration peak particle velocity from the blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 10mm/sec at any time. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.6	The ground vibration peak particle velocity limits listed in Conditions L4.5 and L4.4 must not be exceeded at any point within 3.5 metres of any non-project related residential building or other noise sensitive location.	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.7	Blasting operations at the premises may only take place between 10:00am-4:00pm Monday to Friday. (Where compelling safety reasons exist, the Authority may permit a blast to occur outside the abovementioned hours. Prior written (or facsimile) notification of any such blast must be made to the Authority).	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
L4.8	Blasting at the premises is limited to: b) A maximum of two (2) blasts per day; c) Five (5) blasts a week, averaged over a twelve month period;	Interview with Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered – no blasting conducted during audit period.	NT	
	on each day on which blasting is permitted.				
4 Oper	ating Conditions	1			T
01	Activities must be carried out in a competent manner				
O1.1	Licenced activities must be carried out in a competent manner This includes: a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.	ChemAlert SafeWork Notification of Hazardous Chemicals dated 13 February 2015 Waste Contractor Licences EPA, Clean-up Notice, 30 April 2016	EPA issued a Penalty Notice to NCO following review of video footage on 5 January 2019 which showed 'large clouds of black coal dust coming off the pit top working area of the Narrabri Coal Miner. That video showed large volumes of coal dust being generated by the Tripper and by bulldozers operating on the coal stockpiles at the premises'. EPA subsequently	NC	Continue to comply with directions from the EPA in relation to the matter. Implement a procedure and provide information to site personnel on the appropriate disposal of all wastes generated at the site.

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
		EPA, Penalty Notice Advice, 14 July 2019	were of the opinion that NCO contravened EPL Condition O1.1.		
		EPA, Show Cause Letter, 17 October 2019	EPA issued a Show Cause letter to NCO dated 17 October 2019 which refers to an incident at Narrabri Landfill (located offsite) where the disposal of Oxy 6000 rescuer units that are part of breathing apparatus were disposed of as general solid waste by NOCPL between 2 April and 18 April 2019. Based on review of material safety data sheets (MSDS), EPA suspected that the canisters disposed of were hazardous waste and as such should have been disposed as such. NCO responded to the Show Cause on 25 October 2019 providing information on the clean-up activities undertaken to-date. Further meetings between NCO, EPA and Narrabri Shire Council have been held to try to agree a course of action. No further direction from EPA had been received at the time of the audit.		
02	Maintenance of plant and equipment				
02.1	All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity: a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.	As per CoA, Condition 2.15	As per CoA, Condition 2.15	С	
О3	Dust				
O3.1	All operations and activities occurring at the premises must be carried out in a manner that will minimise the emission of dust from the premises.	As per CoA, Condition 4.6	NCO has noted to implemented a trigger action response plan (TARP) as a dust control measure which varies or ceases operations depending on wind speeds and weather conditions. Wetting down of roadways and stockpiles was also observed to occur. As per CoA, a number of dust exceedances of CoA conditions were noted to have occurred in designated monitoring locations. These were reported to have occurred during regional events including dust storm and bushfires. As per Condition O1.1, EPA issued a Penalty Notice in relation to coal dust being generated by the Tripper and bulldozers operating on coal stockpiles at the site. The sites EPL has subsequently been varied (in effect 3 December 2019) requiring a Pollution Reduction Programme (PRP) to investigate the potential use of chemical veneers to suppress dust from coal stockpiles by 31 March 2020 and to engage a suitably qualified person to undertake a quality control audit and report on dust suppression systems (fixed and mobile) in operation at the pit top area by 30 April 2019. Whilst the dust suppression systems at the site are to be reviewed, the auditor notes that there	C	

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
			no other known dust emission events reported with the exception of 11 complaints relating to dust during the audit period (two in 2019). Coal processing was not being undertaken at the time of the audit and as such dust control systems could not be reviewed by the auditor whilst onsite. Given the PRP requirements above, compliance with this condition will need to be assessed further as part of the next IEA.		
04	Other operating conditions Pollution Incident Response Management Plan				
O4.1	The licensee must maintain, and implement as necessary, a current Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP) for the premises. The PIRMP must document systems and procedures to deal with all types of incidents (e.g. spills, explosions, fire) that may occur at the premises or that may be associated with activities that occur at the premises and which are likely to cause harm to the environment.	Pollution Incident Response Management Pan dated September 2019 Test PIRMP Memo, conducted on 6 th September 2019	Review of the PIRMP for the site indicates that it covers legislative requirements and considers the major pollution risks across the facility. The PIRMP has been tested on a 12 month basis.	С	
O4.2	The licensee must keep the PIRMP on the premises at all times.	Observation during site walkover	Observed to be present at reception.	С	
5 Moni	toring and Recording Conditions				
M1	Monitoring records				
M1.1	The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.	Note	Noted	Note	
M1.2	All records required to be kept by this licence must be: a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form; b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.	EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to 2019 Monitoring spreadsheet 2012 to 2019.	Monitoring records were observed to be maintained back to 2012.	С	
M1.3	The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence: a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken; b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected: c) the point at which the sample was taken; and d) the name of the person who collected the sample.	Example sighted for deposited dust and surface water chain of custody documentation SLR Noise Monitoring Reports	Records were observed to be maintained.	С	
M2	Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged				
M2.1	For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the concentration of each pollutant specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, and sample at the frequency, specified opposite in the other columns:	ALS Current Best Method Documentation, dated 7 June 2019	The ALS Current Best Method Documentation describes the particulates sampling procedure as per Australian Standard 3580.10.1:2003 as required under Sampling Method AM-19.	С	
M2.2	Air monitoring requirements Point 3 Pollutant Units of measure Frequency Sampling method Particulates – deposited Grams per square matter Grams per month 4 weeks) AM-19		Sampling of particulates is conducted on a monthly basis. The maximum recorded concentration for monitoring was February 2017, 7.3 g/m².month	С	
M2.3	Water and/or Land Monitoring Requirements Point 11, 12, 13, 18, 27	EPL Monitoring Reports 2016 to 2019	Monitoring conducted during discharge events from Discharge Points 15, 16, 19, 21 and 22 in	С	

Item		Assessmer	nt Requirement		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
	Auditor Note: 27 added a Auditor Note: 12 was ren					March and June 2017. No discharge events have occurred since this period and as such no further monitoring has been conducted.		
	Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling method		No surface water discharge is understood to		
	Conductivity	Microsiemens per litre	Special Frequency 1	In Situ		have occurred during audit period from Points		
	Oil and Grease	Milligrams per litre	Special Frequency 1	Grab sample		11, 12, 13, 18, 24 or 27 and as such no		
	рН	pH	Special Frequency 1	In Situ		monitoring of has been undertaken.		
	Total organic carbon	Milligrams per litre	Special Frequency 1	Grab sample		The Auditor observed that the discharge points		
	Total suspended soilds	Milligrams per litre	Special Frequency 1	Grab sample		listed were dry at the time of the Audit.		
	pH	pH	Special Frequency 2	In Situ				
	Point 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 2	_	Te	10				
	Pollutant pH	Units of measure	Frequency Special Frequency 2	Sampling method In Situ				
	рн	pН	Special Frequency 2	in Situ				
	Point 24, 25, 26 Auditor Note: 24, 25 and 26 added as of 18 June 2019							
	Pollutant Units of measure Frequency Sampling method							
	pH	pH	Special Frequency 3	In Situ				
	Total dissolved solids	Milligrams per litre	Special Frequency 3	Grab sample				
M2.4			uency 1 means the collectio any case not more than 12		Note	Noted	Note	
M2.5	the event of flow during th	e quarter) at a time when bints 11, 12, 13,18 or 27 conences. June 2019	uency 2 means the collectio there is flow and as soon as ommences and in any case	practicable after each wet	Note	Noted	Note	
M2.6	Note: Groundwater monitor required to undertake grou Environment approved "Si	oring has not been formally undwater monitoring in acctage 2 Water Management of the Stage 2 project.	y included in the licence. Ho cordance with the Departme t Plan" required under Sche The results of this monitorin	nt of Planning and dule 4, condition 18 of the	Water Management Plan, Issue 4, March 2013	Groundwater monitoring is conducted in accordance with the Water Management Plan and is reported in Annual Reviews.	С	
M2.7			uency 3 means the collectio oint NR1 and in any case no		Note	Noted	Note	
M3 Tes	ting Methods - Concentra	ation Limits						
M3.1	 any methodology which is required by or under the Act to be used for the testing of the concentration of the pollutant; or b) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act, any methodology which a condition of this licence requires to be used for that testing; or c) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act or by a condition of this licence, any methodology approved in writing by the EPA for the purposes of that testing prior to the testing taking place. 				ALS Current Best Method Documentation, dated 7 June 2019	The ALS Current Best Method Documentation describes the sampling procedure as per Australian Standard 3580.10.1:2003 as required under Sampling Method AM-19.	С	
M3.2		=	nis licence, monitoring for the tion area must be done in ac		ALS Current Best Method Documentation, dated 7 June 2019	Air quality monitoring is being conducted using approved methods.	С	

Item		As	sessment Require	ement		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
	tests are conducted. Note: The Protection	of the Environment Oucted in accordance w	Operations (Clean Ai		PA in writing before any puires testing for certain ion "Approved Methods	Note: no sampling of waters has been conducted during the audit period.			
M4 We	ather Monitoring								
M4.1	obtaining results by a method, units of mea columns:	point specified below analysis) the paramete	er specified in Colum	, the licensee must mor nn 1. The licensee must frequency, specified op	use the sampling	Sentinex Weather Station Calibration Report, dated 7 February 2019	The weather station was observed to monitor required parameters via unit of method and averaging period in real-time. According to the Sentinex Weather Station Calibration reports, the weather stations are calibrated to AS3580.14-2011: Methods for	С	
	Point W1: Parameter	Units of Measure	Frequency	Averaging Period	Sampling Method		sampling and analysis of ambient air, Part 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications.		
	Rainfall	mm	Continuous	1 hour	AM-4				
	Wind speed @ 10 metres	m/s	Continuous	15 minute	AM-2 & AM-4				
	Wind direction @ 10 metres	0	Continuous	15 minute	AM-2 & AM-4				
	Temperature @ 2 metres	°C	Continuous	15 minute	AM-4				
	Temperature @ 10 metres	°C	Continuous	15 minute	AM-4				
	Sigma theta @ 10 metres	0	Continuous	15 minute	AM-2 & AM-4				
	Solar radiation	W/m2	Continuous	15 minute	AM-4				
	Additional requirements - siting				AM-1 & AM-4 AM-2 & AM-4				
	- measure ment								
I5 Red	cording of pollution c	omplaints						1	
15.1	The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.					Complaint Register 2017, 2018 and 2019	Noted to comply.	С	
M5.2	The record must include details of the following: a) the date and time of the complaint; b) the method by which the complaint was made; c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect; d) the nature of the complaint;					Complaint Register 2017, 2018 and 2019	Noted to comply.	С	

Item		As	ssessment Requirement		Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
	complainant; and		on to the complaint, including ne reasons why no action was	any follow-up contact with the taken.				
M5.3	The record of a cor	nplaint must be kept for	at least 4 years after the cor	nplaint was made.	Complaint Register 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019	Noted to comply.	С	
M5.4	The record must be	produced to any autho	orised officer of the EPA who	asks to see them.	Note	Noted	Note	
M6 Tel	ephone complaints	line						
M6.1	receiving any comp	laints from members of	ating hours a telephone comp the public in relation to activ rwise specified in the licence.	ties conducted at the premises or	Via website: http://www.whitehavencoal.com.au/ sustainability/environmental- management/narrabri-mine/	Complaints number is available on company website, 0447 934 755. All complaints go directly to the site Environment Superintendent.	С	
M6.2			complaints line telephone num nunity knows how to make a c		Via website: http://www.whitehavencoal.com.au/ sustainability/environmental- management/narrabri-mine/	Complaints number is available on company website, 0447 934 755. All complaints go directly to the site Environment Superintendent.	С	
M6.3	The preceding two	conditions do not apply	until 3 months after: the date	of the issue of this licence.	Note	Noted	Note	
M7 No	ise monitoring							
M7.1	specified in Column frequency, specified POINTS: N5, N6, N	1. The Licensee must d opposite in the other of	use the sampling method, ur columns.	ne noise or vibration parameter its of measure, and sample at the	Monitoring Reports 2016, 2017 and 2018SLR	Monitoring was conducted on a quarterly basis for Points N5, N6, N7, N8 and N9 during the audit period. It is noted that quarterly monitoring at Point N8 commenced in September 2019 as	С	
	Parameter	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling method		prior to this, surface activities had not been conducted in the eastern end of the southern		
	Ambient noise	LAeq (15 minute) LAmax LA1 LA10 LA90 LAmin	Quarterly monitoring as details in the most recently approved "Noise Management Plan" for the premises.	As detailed in the most recently approved "Noise Management Plan" for the premises.		longwall panels.		
M7.2	POINT: N10				N	N	Note	
IVI <i>I</i> .∠	Parameter	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling method	Note	Noted	INOLE	
	Ambient noise	LAeq (15 minute) LAmax LA1 LA10 LA90 LAmin	Continuous real time noise monitoring as detailed in the most recently approved "Noise Management Plan" for the premises.	As detailed in the most recently approved "Noise Management Plan" for the premises.				
M7.3	For the purposes of conditions M7.1 and M7.2 the monitoring locations are described as:				Note	Noted	Note	
	EPA ID no.		Description of	ocation				
	N5		Within 30 metre "Oakleigh"	s of the residence on the property				
	N6		Within 30 metre "Newhaven"	s of the residence on the property				

Item	Assessment	Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
	N8	Within 30 metres of the residence on the property "Haylin View"				
	N10	Portable Monitor				
	N9	Within 30 metres of the residence on the property "High Range"				
	Note: Monitoring at N8 to commence when surface at longwall panels.	ctivities approach the eastern end of the southern				
	Note: N10 is a portable monitor enabling the monitor The licensee is responsible to ensure that it is located	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
M7.4	To assess compliance with the noise limits presented must be undertaken in accordance with the condition a) at each one of the monitoring locations b) occur Quarterly in a reporting period; c) occur during each day, evening and ni Policy for a minimum of: i) 1.5 hours during the day; ii) 30 minutes during the evening; and iii) 1 hour during the night. d) occur for three consecutive operating day	titled Determining Compliance, outlined above, and: s N5, N6, N8 and N9; ght period as defined in the NSW Industrial Noise	EPL Monitoring Reports for 2016 to 2019 Global Acoustics and SLR Noise Monitoring Reports, 2017 to 2019	Quarterly monitoring reports were available for review dated between May 2017 and October 2019. The scope of these assessments were noted to align with the requirements outlined in Condition M7.1.	С	
6 Repo	orting Conditions					
R1.1	The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA a 1. a Statement of Compliance,	n Annual Return in the approved form comprising:	Annual Returns for 2016-2017, 2017-2018 and 2018-2019.	Noted to be compliant.	С	
	a Monitoring and Complaints Summary,					
	a Statement of Compliance - Licence Condit	ions,				
	a Statement of Compliance - Load based Fe	e,				
	 a Statement of Compliance - Requirement to Plan, 	Prepare Pollution Incident Response Management				
	6. a Statement of Compliance - Requirement to	Publish Pollution Monitoring Data; and				
	7. a Statement of Compliance - Environmental	Management Systems and Practices.				
	At the end of each reporting period, the EPA will proviously completed and returned to the EPA.	ide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be				
R1.2	An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each	h reporting period, except as provided below.	Annual Returns for 2016-2017, 2017-2018 and 2018-2019.	Noted to be compliant.	С	
R1.3	Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to	a new licensee:	Note	Not triggered	NT	
	a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual F the reporting period and ending on the date the applic licensee is granted; and					
	b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending of					

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
R1.4	 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on: a) in relation to the surrender of a licence - the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or b) in relation to the revocation of the licence - the date from which notice revoking the licence operates. 	Note	Not triggered	NT	
R1.5	The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA via eConnect EPA or by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').	2018-2019 Annual Return	The reporting period under the EPL is 20 February to 19 February each year, given this, the Annual Return for the 2018-19 reporting period was required to be submitted to EPA on 21 April 2019. NOCPL submitted the Annual Return on the 7 May 2019. NOCPL received an Official Caution letter from the EPA dated 24 October 2019.	ANC	No action required, the Annual Return has been submitted to EPA.
R1.6	The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.	Annual Returns for 2015-2016, 2016-2017, 2017-2018 and 2018-2019.	Not to be compliant.	С	
R1.7	Within the Annual Return, the Statements of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by: a) the licence holder; or b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.	Annual Returns for 2015-2016, 2016-2017, 2017-2018 and 2018-2019.	Noted to be signed by Company Directors.	С	
	Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.				
	Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.				
R2 Not	dification of environmental harm				
R2.1	Notifications must be made by telephoning the Environment Line service on 131 555.	NCO, email to EPA dated 2 October 2019	Notification under Condition R2.1 was made to EPA in relation to the noise exceedance that occurred on 4 September 2019 during attended noise monitoring conducted by SLR. The Noise Monitoring Report was received on 30 September 2019 and Notification was made to EPA (reference number EPA103920) on 30 September 2019.	С	
R2.2	The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred. Note: The licensee or its employees must notify all relevant authorities of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment immediately after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.	NCO, email to EPA dated 8 October 2019	Evidence provided indicates that notifications are provided within the required timeframes.	С	
R3 Wri	tten Report			1	
R3.1	Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that: a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence, and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.	EPA, Clean-up Letter 1578807 dated 30 April 2019 EPA, Clean-up Letter 1580984 dated 13 June 2019 EPA, Show Cause Letter 1584348 dated 17 October 2019 EPA, Notice to Provide Information and/or Records 1586941 dated 16 October 2019	The Auditor understands that no requests have been made by an authorised officer of the EPA under this Condition. A number of requests were made from the EPA under relevant sections of the POEO Act 1997 via other mechanisms (Clean-up Letters and Show Cause Letters).	NT	

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
R3.2	The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.	Note	Noted	NT	
R3.3	The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:	Note	Noted	NT	
	a) the cause, time and duration of the event;				
	b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;				
	c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event:				
	d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;				
	e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;				
	f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and				
	g) any other relevant matters.				
R3.4	The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.	Note	Noted	NT	
R4 Oth	ner reporting conditions				
R4.1	A noise compliance assessment report must be submitted to the EPA within thirty (30) days of the completion of the quarterly noise monitoring. The assessment must be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced acoustical consultant and include: a) an assessment of compliance with noise limits detailed in the limit conditions of this licence; and	SLR Noise Monitoring Report dated 3 rd October 2019 NCO email to EPA dated 8 th October 2019	Report was submitted to the EPA on the 8 th October 2019 following receipt on 3 rd October 2019.	С	
	b) an outline of any management actions taken within the monitoring period to address any exceedances of the limits detailed in the limit conditions of this licence.				
7 Gene	eral Conditions				
G1.1	Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant G1.1 A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.	Observed onsite	A hard copy of the licence is kept with the Environmental Superintendent.	С	
G1.2	The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.	Note	Noted	Note	
G1.3	The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.	Note	Noted	Note	
8 Spec	ial Conditions				
E 1	Quality Assurance and Verification Report				
	Prior to the commissioning of the Brine Storage Ponds (approved per Stage 2 Development Consent 08_0144), the licensee must provide the EPA Armidale office with an "as constructed" report, produced by an experienced and qualified engineer. The report must include detailed design plans for the ponds and illustrate the use of low permeability layers to manage mine waters generated by the project. The report also must include a detailed Quality Assurance/Quality Control program that was used throughout the construction of the ponds.	Note	Not triggered.	NT	

Item	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance	Recommendations
E2	Noise Impacts				
	Noise impacts where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground must be addressed by: a) documenting noise complaints received to identify any higher level of impacts or wind patterns; where levels of noise complaints indicated a higher level of impact then actions to quantify and ameliorate any enhanced impacts where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground should be developed and implemented.	Complaints Register 2016 to 2019	NCO advised that wind speed is checked when complaints are received to determine whether actions are required to quantify and ameliorate any enhanced actions where wind speed exceeds 3 metres per second at 10 metres above the ground. However, the complaints register reviewed did not make reference to wind speed data at the time of complaints. In addition, there is no process or procedure that requires the wind speed to be documented when a complaint is made nor for additional actions to be raised in accordance with this conditions.	NC	A process or procedure should be developed to ensure that wind speed is recorded on the complaints register at the time of the complaint and appropriate action taken.





TABLE C1 – MINING LEASE
Compliance Assessment – Mining Lease 1609

Document details	
Document title	Table C1 – Mining Lease
Document subtitle	Compliance Assessment – Mining Lease 1609
Project No.	0532817
Date	31 January 2020
Version	1.1
Author	Heather Mckay, Peter Gleadhill
Client Name	Whitehaven Coal Limited

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No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations				
Notic	Notice to Landholders								
1	Within a period of three months from the date or grant/renewal of this lease or within such further time as the Minister may allow, the lease holder must serve on each landholder of the land a notice in writing indicating that this lease has been granted/renewed and whether the lease includes the surface. An adequate plan and description of the lease area must accompany the notice.	Note	Not triggered during this audit period, last amendment to the Mining Lease took effect on 1 July 2014.	NT					
	If there are ten or more landholders affected, the lease holder may serve the notice by publication in a newspaper circulating in the region where the lease area is situated. The notice must indicate that this lease has been granted/renewed; state whether the lease includes the surface and must contain an adequate plan and description of the lease area.								
Envi	ronmental Harm								
2	The proponent shall implement all practicable measures to prevent and/or minimise any harm to the environment that may result from the construction, operation or rehabilitation of the development.		There were no recorded discharges of mine affected water from the site during the audit period. The Auditor notes that a number of non-compliances have been raised against Exploration Lease, however, this is outside of the Audit scope.	С					
Mini	ng Operations Plan								
3a	Mining operations must not be carried out otherwise than in accordance with a Mining Operations Plan (MOP) which has been approved by the Director-General of the Department of Primary Industries.	2018 Annual Review	The Annual Review 2018 refers to a non-compliance with this condition due to NCOPL being required under the MOP to complete additional testing of the Reject Emplacement Area (REA) by 28 November 2018. The Annual Review notes that additional testing had commenced but had not been completed within the specified timeframe. A Direction Notice issued by the Resources Regulator required the additional sampling to be completed by 31 July 2019. The report was prepared by ATC Williams and submitted to the Resources Regulator on 31 July 2019.	ANC	No action required, additional testing has been completed.				
3b	The MOP must: (i) identify areas that will be disturbed by mining operations: (ii) detail the staging of specific mining operations; (iii) identify how the mine will be managed to allow mine closure; (iv) identify how mining operations will be carried out on site in order to prevent and or minimise harm to the environment; (v) reflect the conditions of approval under: • the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 • the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 • and any other approvals relevant to the development including the conditions of this lease; and (vi) have regard to any relevant guidelines adopted by the Director-General.	Mining Operations Plan (MOP) dated 6 November 2017 Narrabri Coal Mine MOP Approval Letter dated 28 November 2017	The approved MOP adequately addresses the requirements of this condition.	С					
3c	The titleholder may apply to the Director-General to amend an approved MOP at any time.	Mining Operations Plan (MOP) dated 9 October 2019 Narrabri Coal Mine MOP Amendment A_Approval Letter dated 28 November 2019	Noted, the MOP was last amended on 9 October 2019 and was approved by the Department of Planning, Industry & Environment on 28 November 2019.	С					

No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations
3d	It is not a breach of this condition if: (i) the operations constituting the breach were necessary to comply with a lawful order or direction given under the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> , the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 or the Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000; and (ii) the Director-General had been notified in writing of the terms of the order or direction prior to the operations constituting the breach being carried out.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No breaches reported during audit period.	С	
3e	A MOP ceases to have affect 7 years after date of approval or other such period as identified by the Director-General. An approved amendment to the MOP under condition 5 does not constitute an approval for the purpose of this paragraph unless otherwise identified by the Director General.	Narrabri Coal Mine MOP Amendment A_ Approval Letter dated 28 November 2019	The MOP is approved by the Department until 30 November 2020.	С	
Envi	ronment Management Reporting				
4	The lease holder must lodge Environmental Management Reports (EMR) with the Director-General annually or at dates otherwise directed by the Director-General.	2016 Annual Review 2017 Annual Review 2018 Annual Review	Annual Reviews have been prepared and submitted as required by the Project Approval during the audit period. Note the Annual Review for 2019 is to be submitted in Q1 2020.	С	
5	a) report against compliance with the MOP;b) report on progress in respect of rehabilitation completion criteria;c) report on the extent of compliance with regulatory requirements; andd) have regard to any relevant guidelines adopted by the Director-General;	2016 Annual Review 2017 Annual Review 2018 Annual Review	The Annual Reviews prepared during the audit period adequately address the requirements of this condition.	С	
6	Additional environmental reports may be required on specific surface disturbing operations or environmental incidents from time to time as directed in writing by the Director-General and must be lodged as instructed.	Directions Notice 0847 2018 dated 21 December 2018 NCOPL response to DI 0847 2018 dated 30 July 2019 NCOPL response to DI 0847 2018 dated 29 August 2019	The Resources Regulator issued Directions Notice 0847 2018 in accordance with Section 240(1)(C) to NCOPL dated 21 December 2018. NCOPL were noted to respond to all directions within the Notice within the required timeframes but are yet to receive a response from the Resources Regulator.	С	
Reha	abilitation				
7	Disturbed land must be rehabilitated to a sustainable/agreed end land use to the satisfaction of the Director-General.	2016 Annual Review 2017 Annual Review 2018 Annual Review	Refer to CoA, Condition 5, progressive rehabilitation was undertaken during the audit period and examples sighted by the auditor. Rehabilitation performance against goals is reported in the Annual Reviews.	С	
Subs	sidence Management				
8	 (a) The lease holder shall prepare a Subsidence Management Plan prior to commencing any underground mining operations which will potentially lead to subsidence of the land surface. (b) Underground mining operations which will potentially lead to subsidence include secondary extraction panels such as longwalls or miniwalls, associated first workings (gateroads, installation roads and associated main headings, etc.), and pillar extractions. and are otherwise defined by the <i>Applications for Subsidence Management Approvals guidelines</i> (EDG17) (c) The lease holder must not commence or undertake underground mining operations that will potentially lead to subsidence other than in accordance with a Subsidence Management Plan approved by the Director-General, an approval under the Mine Health & Safety Act 2004, or the document New Subsidence Management Plan Approval Process - Transitional Provisions (EDP09). 	Subsidence Management Plan	The SMP was approved by the DG on 13 April 2012	С	

No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations	
	(d) Subsidence Management Plans are to be prepared in accordance with the Guideline for Applications for Subsidence	Evidence		Status		
	Management Approvals.					
	(e) Subsidence Management Plans as approved shall form part of the Mining Operations Plan required under Condition 2 and will be subject to the Annual Environmental Management Report process as set out under Condition 3. The SMP is also subject to the requirements for subsidence monitoring and reporting set out in the document New Approval Process for Management of Coal Mining Subsidence - Policy.					
Work	ing Requirement					
9	The lease holder must: (a) ensure that at least 212 competent people are efficiently employed on the ease area on each week day except	CCC Meeting Minutes, June 2018 and	Sample CCC meeting minutes for June 2018 and September 2019 confirm that direct	С		
	Sunday or any week day that is a public holiday, OR	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	Interview – excess Environmental over 2 Superintendent NCOP	employment numbers at NCO were in excess of 240 with an additional workforce of over 200 contractors. NCOPL also confirmed that monthly expenditure exceeds \$3.7m.		
	(b) expend on operations carried out in the course of prospecting or mining the lease area, an amount of not less than \$3,710,00 per annum whilst the lease is in force.					
	The Minister may at any time or times, by instrument in writing served on the lease holder, increase or decrease the expenditure required or the number of people to be employed.		experiancie execus politini.			
Cont	ol of Operations					
10	(a) If an Environmental Officer of the Department believes that the lease holder is not complying with any provision of the Act or any condition of this lease relating to the working of the lease, he may direct the lease holder to:-	Note	Noted	Note		
	(i) cease working the lease; or					
	(ii) cease that part of the operation not complying with the Act or conditions; until in the opinion of the Environmental Officer the situation is rectified.					
	(b) The lease holder must comply with any direction given. The Director-General may confirm, vary or revoke any such direction.					
	(c) A direction referred to in this condition may be served on the Mine Manager.					
Repo	rts					
11	The lease holder must provide an exploration report, within a period of twenty-eight days after each anniversary of the date this lease has effect or at such other date as the Director-General may stipulate, of each year. The report must be to the satisfaction of the Director-General and contain the following;	Annual Exploratory Reports 2017, 2018, 2019	Annual exploratory reports reviewed for the audit period adequately meet the requirements of this condition.	С		
	(a) Full particulars, including results, interpretation and conclusions, of all exploration conducted during the twelve months period;					
	(b) Details of expenditure incurred in conducting that exploration;					
	(c) A summary of all geological findings acquired through mining or development evaluation activities;					
	(d) Particulars of exploration proposed to be conducted in the next twelve months period;					
	(e) All plans, maps, sections and other data necessary to satisfactorily interpret the report.					

No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations			
Licen	Licence to Use Reports							
12	(a) The lease holder grants to the Minister, by way of a non-exclusive licence, the right in copyright to publish, print, adapt and reproduce all exploration reports lodged in any form and for the full duration of copyright.	Note	Noted	Note				
	(b) The non-exclusive licence will operate as a consent for the purposes of section 365 of the Mining Act 1992.							
Confi	dentiality							
13	(a) All exploration reports submitted in accordance with the conditions of this lease will be kept confidential while the lease is in force, except in cases where:	Note	Noted	Note				
	(i) the lease holder has agreed that specified reports may be made non-confidential.							
	(ii) reports deal with exploration conducted exclusively on areas that have ceased to be part of the lease.							
	(b) Confidentiality will be continued beyond the termination of a lease where an application for a flow-on title was lodged during the currency of the lease. The confidentiality will last until that flow-on title or any subsequent flow-on title, has terminated.							
	(c) The Director-General may extend the period of confidentiality.							
Term	s of the non-exclusive licence							
14	The terms of the non-exclusive copyright licence granted under condition 12 are:	Note	Noted	Note				
	(a) the Minister may sub-licence others to publish, print, adapt and reproduce but not on-licence reports.							
	(b) the Minister and any sub-licensee will acknowledge the lease holder's and any identifiable consultant's ownership of copyright in any reproduction of the reports, including storage of reports onto an electronic database.							
	(c) the lease holder does not warrant ownership of all copyright works in any report and, the lease holder will use best endeavours to identify those parts of the report for which the lease holder owns the copyright.							
	(d) there is no royalty payable by the Minister for the licence.							
	(e) if the lease holder has reasonable grounds to believe that the Minister has exercised his rights under the non-exclusive copyright licence in a manner which adversely affects the operations of the lease holder, that licence is revocable on the giving of a period of not less than three months' notice.							
Blasti	ng							
15a	Ground Vibration	Interview –	No blasting took place during the audit	NT				
	The lease holder must ensure that the ground vibration peak particle velocity generated by any blasting within the lease area does not exceed 10 mm/second and does not exceed 5 mm/second in more than 5% of the total number of blasts over a period of 12 months at any dwelling or occupied premises as the case may be, unless determined otherwise by the Department of Environment and Climate Change.	Environment Superintendent	period.					
15b	Blast Overpressure	Interview –	No blasting took place during the audit	NT				
	The lease holder must ensure that the blast overpressure noise level generated by any blasting within the lease area does not exceed 120 dB (linear) and does not exceed 115 dB (linear) in more than 5% of the total number of blasts over a period of 12 months, at any dwelling or occupied premises, as the case may be, unless determined otherwise by the Department of Environment and Climate Change.	Environment Superintendent	period.					
Safet								
16	Operations must be carried out in a manner that ensures the safety of persons or stock in the vicinity of the operations. All drill holes shafts and excavations must be appropriately protected, to the satisfaction of the Director-General, to ensure that access to them by persons and stock is restricted. Abandoned shafts and excavations opened up or used by the lease holder must be filled in or otherwise rendered safe to a standard acceptable to tl1e Director-General.		Safety not subject of IEA	Note				
Explo	ratory Drilling							

No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations
17 (1)	At least twenty eight days prior to commencement of drilling operations the lease holder must notify the relevant Department of Climate Change and Environment regional hydrogeologist of the intention to drill exploratory drill holes together with information on the location of the proposed holes.	Notification emails	A total of four notifications were submitted to the Department of Resources & Energy prior to exploratory drilling during the audit period as summarised below: 14 October 2016 for drilling conducted in 2017 25 October 2016 for drilling conducted in 2017 9 July 2018 for drilling conducted in 2019 23 July 2018 for drilling conducted in 2019	С	
17 (2)	If the lease holder drills exploratory drill holes he must satisfy the Director-General that: a) all cored holes are accurately surveyed and permanently marked in accordance with Departmental guidelines so that their location can be easily established; b) all holes cored or otherwise are sealed to prevent the collapse of the surrounding surface; c) all drill holes are permanently sealed with cement plugs to prevent surface discharge of groundwaters; d) if any drill hole meets natural or noxious gases it is plugged or sealed to prevent their escape; e) if any drill hole meets an artesian or sub-artesian flow it is effectively sealed to prevent contamination of aquifers. f) once any drill hole ceases to be used the hole must be sealed in accordance with Departmental guidelines. Alternatively, the hole must be sealed as instructed by the Director-General. g) once any drill hole ceases to be used the land and its immediate vicinity is left in a clean, tidy and stable condition.	Notification emails Sample cementing records: NC719C, NC 757, NC715	Sample cementing records reviewed for wells NC719C, NC757, NC715.	С	
Prev	ention of Soil Erosion and Pollution				
18	Operations must be carried out in a manner that does not cause or aggravate air pollution, water pollution (including sedimentation) or soil contamination or erosion, unless otherwise authorised by a relevant approval, and in accordance with an accepted Mining Operations Plan. For the purpose of this condition, water shall be taken to include any watercourse, waterbody or groundwaters. The lease holder must observe and perform any instructions given by the Director-General in this regard.	Refer to CoA Condition 4.6. Annual Reviews 2016, 2017, 2018	With the exception of exceedances of dust criteria during dust storm events as discussed under CoA Condition 4.6, no recorded discharges of mine affected water or exceedances of air quality criteria recorded during the reporting period.	С	
Tran	smission lines, Communication lines and Pipelines				
19	Operations must not interfere with or impair the stability or efficiency of any transmission line, communication line, pipeline or any other utility on the tease area without the prior written approval of the Director-General and subject to any conditions he may stipulate.	2016 IEA	Transmission line work was undertaken outside of audit period	NT	
Fenc	es, Gates				
20	(a) Activities on the lease must not interfere with or damage fences without the prior written approval of the owner thereof or the Minister and subject to any conditions the Minister may stipulate.(b) Gates within the lease area must be closed or left open in accordance with the requirements of the landholder.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No fences removed in the mining lease location. NCOPL are the landholders in which the mining lease applies.	NT	
Road	ds and Tracks				
21	(a) Operations must not affect any road unless in accordance with an accepted Mining Operations Plan or with the prior written approval of the Director-General and subject to any conditions he may stipulate.(b) The lease holder must pay to the designated authority in control of the road (generally the local council or the Roads and Traffic Authority) the cost incurred in fixing any damage to roads caused by operations carried out under the lease, less any amount paid or payable from the Mine Subsidence Compensation Fund.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	Not triggered. Greylands Road is under mine ownership. There is no mine related infrastructure on Scratch Road and it is noted to largely be covered under the exploration lease.	NT	
22	Access tracks must be kept to a minimum and be positioned so that they do not cause any unnecessary damage to the land. Temporary access tracks must be ripped, topsoiled and revegetated as soon as possible after they are no longer required for mining operations. The design and construction of access tracks must be in accordance with specifications fixed by the Department of Climate Change and Environment.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	Tracks and drill pads are planned in accordance with disturbance limit. Gravel reused when access tracks are removed and rehabilitated along with other rehabilitation areas.	С	

No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations			
Trees	Trees and Timber							
23	 (a) The lease holder must not fell trees, strip bark or cut limber on the lease without the consent of the landholder who is entitled to the use of the timber, or if such a landholder refuses consent or attaches unreasonable conditions to the consent, without the approval of a warden. (b) The lease holder must not cut, destroy, ringbark or remove any timber or other vegetative cover on the lease area except such as directly obstructs or prevents the carrying on of operations. Any clearing not authorised under the Mining Act 1992 must comply with the provisions of the Native Vegetation Act 2003. (c) The lease holder must obtain all necessary approvals or licences before using timber from any Crown land within the lease area. 	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	NCOPL is the landholder of the Mining Lease area. State forest is mostly on Exploration Lease area. No timber removed from Crown land at Scratch Road.	С				
Resc	urce Recovery							
25a	Notwithstanding any description of mining methods and their sequence or of proposed resource recovery contained within the Mining Operations Plan, if at any time the Director- General is of the opinion that minerals which the lease entitles the lease holder to mine and which are economically recoverable the time are not being recovered from the lease area, or that any such minerals which are being recovered are not being recovered to the extent which should be economically possible or which for environmental reasons are necessary to be recovered, he may give notice in writing to the lease holder requiring the holder to recover such minerals.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No such requests have been made.	NT				
25b	The notice shall specify the minerals to be recovered and the extent to which they are to be recovered, or the objectives in regard to resource recovery, but shall not specify the processes the lease holder shall use to achieve the specified recovery.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No such requests have been made.	NT				
25c	The lease holder must, when requested by the Director-General, provide such information as the Director-General may specify about the recovery of the mineral resources of the lease area.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No such requests have been made.	NT				
25d	The Director-General shall issue no such notice unless the matter has firstly been thoroughly discussed with and a report to the Director-General has incorporated the views of the lease holder.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No such requests have been made.	NT				
25e	The lease holder may object to the requirements of any notice issued under this condition and on receipt of such an objection the Minister shall refer it to a Warden for inquiry and report under Section 334 of the Mining Act, 1992.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No such requests have been made.	NT				
25f	After considering the Warden's report the Minister shall decide whether to withdraw, modify or maintain the requirements specified in the original notice and shall give the lease holder written notice of the decision. The lease holder must comply with the requirements of this notice.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No such requests have been made.	NT				
Inde	nnity							
26	The lease holder must indemnify and keep indemnified the Crown from and against all actions, suits, claims and demands of whatsoever nature and all costs, charges and expenses which may be brought against the lease holder or which the lease holder may incur in respect of any accident or injury to any person or property which may arise out of the construction, maintenance or working of any workings now existing or lo be made by the lease holder within the lease area or in connection with any of the operations notwithstanding that all other conditions of this lease shall in all respects have been observed by the lease holder or that any such accident or injury shall arise from any act or thing which the lease holder may be licensed or compelled to do.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	\$25M public liability insurance for any one occurrence dated 30 September 2019 from SRS Broking Pty Limited.	С				
Secu	rity							
27a	A security in the sum of \$100,000 must be given and maintained with the Minister by the lease holder for the purpose of ensuring the fulfilment by the lease holder of obligations under this lease. If the lease holder fails to fulfil any one or more of such obligations the said sum may be applied at the discretion of the Minister towards the cost of fulfilling such obligations. For the purpose of this clause the lease holder shall be deemed to have failed to fulfil the obligations of this lease if the lease holder fails to comply with any condition or provision hereof, any provision of the Act or regulations made thereunder or any condition or direction imposed or given pursuant to a condition or provision hereof or of any provision of the Act or regulations made thereunder.	2016 IEA	Verified in previous IEA	С				

No	Assessment Requirement	Reference/ Evidence	Comments	Compliance Status	Recommendations
27b	The lease holder must provide the security required by sub-clause (a) in one of the following forms: (i) cash, (ii) a security certificate in a form approved by the Minister and issued by an authorised deposit-taking institution.	2016 IEA	Verified in previous IEA	С	
Trigonometrical Stations and Survey Marks					
28	A person must not remove, damage, destroy, displace, obliterate or deface any marks in connection with any trigonometrical station, permanent mark or survey mark unless authorized to do so by the Surveyor-General.	Interview – Environmental Superintendent	No damage or impact to a trigonometrical station, permanent mark or survey mark is understood to have occurred as a result of operations.	NT	

APPENDIX B DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE



Mr Lynden Cini Ground Superintendent - Environment Whitehaven Coal Limited 231 Conadilly St GUNNEDAH NSW 2380 Contact: James Epstein Phone: 02 6670 8650

Email: compliance@planning.nsw.gov.au

Our Ref: PA 08_0144

Dear Mr Cini

Narrabri Coal Project - Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Reference is made to correspondence from Whitehaven Coal Limited (WCL) dated 6 September 2019 seeking approval of the audit team for the upcoming Independent Environmental Audit (IEA) required by Schedule 6 Condition 7 of Project Approval 08_0144 (the Approval) for the Narrabri Coal Project.

The Secretary has considered WCL's request and approves the following audit team for the 2019 IEA:

- Heather McKay Lead Auditor
- Wei-Lin Chen Yi Mei Support Auditor
- Peter Gleadhill Alternate Support Auditor
- Adriaan Benson Subsidence Specialist
- Nathan Lynch Acoustics Engineer
- Wijnand (Vey) Germson Hydrogeologist
- Oliver Moore Technical Review

The IEA is to be conducted in accordance with the conditions of the approval, and the Department's *Independent Audit Guideline* (October 2015).

Further, in accordance with Schedule 6, Condition 7 of the Approval, the Secretary requires that in undertaking the IEA, the Auditor:

- Consult with the following agencies prior to the IEA site inspection, with all matters raised to be clearly tabulated and addressed in the IEA report:
 - Department of Planning and Environment;
 - Department of Planning and Environment Resources Regulator Division of Resources and Geoscience;
 - Environmental Protection Authority;
 - Department of Industry Crown Lands and Water;
 - Office of Environment and Heritage;



- Narrabri Shire Council; and
- Narrabri Coal Mine Community Consultative Committee.
- Only use the compliance status descriptors "compliant", "non-compliant" or "not triggered". The terms "partial compliance", "partial non-compliance", "not verified" or other similar terms <u>are not</u> to be used; and
- Recommends actions to address each non-compliance identified and any additional opportunities for improvement.

Further, Schedule 6 Condition 8 of the Approval requires that the IEA, along with any Responses to Recommendations (RAR), be submitted to the Secretary within 6 weeks of completing the Audit.

It is noted that the IEA site inspection is proposed to be undertaken in early December 2019 making submission due in mid-January. In this instance, due to the timing of a two-week shutdown, an extension to the submission, of the IEA report and RAR (which is to include target dates for the completion of proposed actions in DDMMYYYY format) is permitted.

The IEA and RAR shall be submitted to compliance@planning.nsw.gov.au by **7 February 2020**, or as otherwise agreed by the Secretary.

Should you need to discuss the above, please contact James Epstein on (02) 6670 8650.

Yours sincerely,

Leah Cook

Team Leader ComplianceAs nominee of the Secretary

2 6/9/19



Mr Lynden Cini Ground Superintendent - Environment Whitehaven Coal Limited 231 Conadilly St GUNNEDAH NSW 2380 Contact: James Epstein Phone: 02 6575 3419

Email: compliance@planning.nsw.gov.au

Our Ref: PA 08_0144

Dear Mr Cini

Narrabri Coal Project – Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Reference is made to correspondence from Whitehaven Coal Limited (WCL) dated 25 October 2019 seeking endorsement for an alternative subsidence expert for upcoming Independent Environmental Audit (IEA) required by Schedule 6 Condition 7 of Project Approval 08 0144 (the Approval) for the Narrabri Coal Project.

The Secretary has considered WCL's request and endorses Mr Gareth Swarbrick in lieu of the previously endorsed subsidence expert.

The IEA is to be conducted in accordance with previous correspondence from the Department dated 6 September 2019.

As previously noted, the IEA and RAR shall be submitted to compliance@planning.nsw.gov.au by **7 February 2020**, or as otherwise agreed by the Secretary.

Should you need to discuss the above, please contact James Epstein on the contact details above.

Yours sincerely,

Watter 25/10/19

Heidi Watters

A/Team Leader Compliance

As nominee of the Secretary

From: Resources Regulator Heather McKay To:

Subject: AREQ0004947 | Narrabri Colliery | Enquiry | Other Enquiry | 07 Nov 2019 18:33:12

Date: Friday, 15 November 2019 10:44:26 AM

NSW Gov Logo 7k.jpg ERM Narrabri 2019.pdf Attachments:

Dear Heather McKay,

In response to your email dated 7 November 2019, please find attached a letter outlining the Regulator's requirements for an independent audit of the Narrabri Mine.

Regards,

Jennifer Ehmsen

Principal Compliance Auditor Compliance Coordination | Resources Regulator T 4063 6443 M 0438 735 010



Ref:MSG0124827_Y87f8xJ75w3h7aWXMnq9

From: Michelle Henry
To: Heather McKay

Cc: <u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>; <u>BrentBaker@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>; <u>Oliver Moore</u>; <u>Peter Gleadhill</u>

Subject: FW: Whitehaven Coal Narrabri Mine Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Date: Wednesday, 13 November 2019 12:58:47 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.jpg</u>

Image001.jpg Council Response to ERM Environmental Audit 2019 Whitehaven.pdf

Good afternoon Heather,

Further to your email correspondence below, please see attached Council's response as requested.

Should you have any questions, or require further information, please contact Council's Executive Manager Planning and Environment, Mr Daniel Boyce, on (02) 6799 6866.

Kind Regards,

Michelle Henry

Assistant Town Planner
Narrabri Shire Council
02 6799 6866
michelleh@narrabri.nsw.gov.au





From: Heather McKay < <u>Heather.McKay@erm.com</u>>

Sent: Thursday, 7 November 2019 6:19 PM

To: council@narrabri.nsw.gov.au

Cc: Lynden Cini (<u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>) < <u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>>; Brent Baker < <u>BrentBaker@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>>; Oliver Moore < <u>Oliver.Moore@erm.com</u>>; Peter Gleadhill

<<u>Peter.Gleadhill@erm.com</u>>

Subject: Whitehaven Coal Narrabri Mine Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Attn: Bileen Mell

Hi,

I am currently completing the Independent Environmental Audit (IEA) on the Conditions of Approval issued to Whitehaven Coal Narrabri Mine, PA 08_0144.

One of the requirements of the audit is that it is to be undertaken in consultation with relevant agencies. To that end, this email invites you to raise any questions or concerns regarding this project from an environmental management aspect.

The attached Terms of Reference outlines the audit process, and also introduces the approved team of suitably qualified, experienced and independent experts who will be undertaking the audit. The site inspection will be completed over the period 2-4 December 2019, therefore it would be appreciated if there are any concerns, areas of focus etc., they are raised by 21 November 2019.

I can be contacted at the details outlined below to discuss further.

Kind regards, Heather

Heather McKay Senior Environmental and Social Governance Consultant

ERM

Level 4, 201 Leichhardt St¦Spring Hill ¦QLD 4000 PO Box 1400\Spring Hill | QLD 4004 T +61 (0)7 3007 8486 M +61 (0)420 532 113 E Heather.McKay@erm.com\W www.erm.com

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 From:
 Heidi Watters

 To:
 Heather McKay

 Cc:
 James Epstein

Subject: RE: Whitehaven Coal Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Date: Friday, 15 November 2019 11:08:18 AM

Attachments: image002.ipg

image003.jpg

Hi Heather

Thanks for your email regarding agency consulation for the upcoming Narrabri Coal Mine IEA.

Areas of interest for DPIE Planning Compliance are:

- Adequacy of actions to address recommendations of the 2016 IEA, and the status of all
 actions.
- Noise management and adequacy of responses to real time noise alarms, responses to noise complaints, and any recommendations for improvement to these processes.
- Appropriateness of monitoring locations (air, noise and blast) are the locations representative of the current neighbouring private residences and are monitors sited in accordance with the relevant standards?
- Predicted (EA) air quality and noise impact compared to actual monitoring results.
- Predicted (EA) mining footprint and rehabilitation compared to actual (current) mine footprint and rehabilitation.
- Adequacy of visual screening.
- Complaints management, particularly adequacy of responses to complaints during the IEA period and actions taken by Narrabri Coal/Whitehaven to reduce the number of repeat complainants.

Please call if you require any clarification of the above.

Regards

Heidi Watters Team Leader Compliance

Planning & Assessment | Department of Planning, Industry and Environment **T** 02 6575 3401 | **M** 0472 820 374 | **E** heidi.watters@planning.nsw.gov.au PO Box 3145 | Singleton NSW 2330

Please direct all email correspondence to compliance@planning.nsw.gov.au

www.dpie.nsw.gov.au

cid:image002.jpg@01D52FF8.8D0E30D0

The Department of Planning, Industry and Environment acknowledges that it stands on Aboriginal land. We acknowledge the traditional custodians of the land and we show our respect for elders past, present and emerging through thoughtful and collaborative approaches to our work, seeking to demonstrate our ongoing commitment to providing places in which Aboriginal people are included socially, culturally and economically.

From: Joel Curran < Joel. Curran@planning.nsw.gov.au > On Behalf Of DPE PSVC Compliance

Mailbox

Sent: Friday, 8 November 2019 7:27 AM

To: Heidi Watters < Heidi. Watters @ Planning.nsw.gov.au>

Subject: FW: Whitehaven Coal Independent Environmental Audit 2019

From: Heather McKay < <u>Heather.McKay@erm.com</u>>

Sent: Thursday, 7 November 2019 6:18 PM

To: James Epstein < <u>James.Epstein@planning.nsw.gov.au</u>>; DPE PSVC Compliance Mailbox

<compliance@planning.nsw.gov.au>

Cc: Lynden Cini (<u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>) <<u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>>; Brent Baker <<u>BrentBaker@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>>; Oliver Moore <<u>Oliver.Moore@erm.com</u>>; Peter Gleadhill <<u>Peter.Gleadhill@erm.com</u>>

Subject: Whitehaven Coal Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Hi,

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One of the requirements of the audit is that it is to be undertaken in consultation with relevant agencies. To that end, this email invites you to raise any questions or concerns regarding this project from an environmental management aspect.

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I can be contacted at the details outlined below to discuss further.

Kind regards, Heather

Heather McKay Senior Environmental and Social Governance Consultant

ERM

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From: Simon Lund

To: Heather McKay

Subject: RE: Whitehaven Coal Narrabri Mine Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Date: Friday, 29 November 2019 8:51:31 AM

Attachments: <u>image001.jpg</u>

image002.jpg

Heather,

We have had ongoing environmental issues with this mine over the last 24 months that have led to regulatory action being taken against mine, some of which are very serious in nature and are part of an ongoing major investigation (which we cannot provide comment on).

The issues we are currently addressing include, Waste management, dust, and noise.

We are in the process of placing condition in relation to environmental studies for dust and an algal bloom outbreaks in the brine dam on the EPL. We are also placing a PRP on the EPL requiring a detailed QC/AC study into dust management of coal stockpiles.

Regards

Simon Lund

Senior Operations Officer

North Branch, NSW Environment Protection Authority +61 2 6773 7003 +61 407 102 784

simon.lund@epa.nsw.gov.au www.epa.nsw.gov.au @EPA NSW

Report pollution and environmental incidents 131 555 (NSW only) or +61 2 9995 5555



From: Heather McKay < Heather. McKay@erm.com>

Sent: Thursday, 28 November 2019 7:21 PM **To:** Simon Lund <Simon.Lund@epa.nsw.gov.au>

Subject: RE: Whitehaven Coal Narrabri Mine Independent Environmental Audit 2019

Hi,

I wanted to provide a reminder about my email below. If you could provide a response no later than 2 December 2019 that would be appreciated.

Regards,

Heather McKay Senior Environmental and Social Governance Consultant

ERM

Level 4, 201 Leichhardt St¦Spring Hill ¦QLD 4000 PO Box 1400\Spring Hill | QLD 4004 **T** +61 (0)7 3007 8486 **M** +61 (0)420 532 113 **E** Heather.McKay@erm.com\W www.erm.com



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From: Heather McKay

Sent: Thursday, November 7, 2019 5:19 PM

To: simon.lund@epa.nsw.gov.au

Cc: Lynden Cini (<u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>) <<u>LCini@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>>; Brent Baker <<u>BrentBaker@whitehavencoal.com.au</u>>; Oliver Moore <<u>Oliver.Moore@erm.com</u>>; Peter Gleadhill <<u>Peter.Gleadhill@erm.com</u>>

Subject: Whitehaven Coal Narrabri Mine Independent Environmental Audit 2019

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Kind regards, Heather

Heather McKay Senior Environmental and Social Governance Consultant

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Level 4, 201 Leichhardt St¦Spring Hill ¦QLD 4000 PO Box 1400¦Spring Hill ¦ QLD 4004 **T** +61 (0)7 3007 8486 **M** +61 (0)420 532 113 **E** Heather.McKay@erm.com!**W** www.erm.com

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